

# PETLINE TERMINAL DANGEROUS GOODS HANDLING GUIDE



PREPARATION DATE: 13.06.2023 (Refer to the Revised Revised Page)

Facility Manager TURHAN GÜREFEOĞLU Dangerous Goods Safety Advisor Erdi YILMAZ

## **REVISION PAGE**

Ser.	Revision Nu	Revision Contents	Revision	Revision Author		
Nu		Revision Contents	Date	Name Surname	Signature	
1	Rev.1	Publication of the Directive 22.04.2022	17.05.2022	TURHAN GÜREFEOĞLU		
	Rev.2	1.1Facility Information Form	05.07.2022	Esin ÖZLER		
		The 'IBC Code' content has been changed to 'Marpol Annex 1 Attachment 1(Oil and Petroleum products)'	05.07.2022	Esin ÖZLER		
		9.3 Confined Space Access clearance measures and procedures	05.07.2022	Esin ÖZLER		
		10.10.2 MFAG	05.07.2022	Esin ÖZLER		
		11.3 Emergency Contact Points and Contact Information	05.07.2022	Esin ÖZLER		
		11.8 Emergency Assembly Plan	05.07.2022	Esin ÖZLER		
2	Rev 3	9.3 Closed Space Entry Permit Procedures	17.08.2022	Esin ÖZLER		
		10.10.2 MFAG Update	17.08.2022	Esin ÖZLER		
		11.21 ISGOTT "Ship/Coast Guard Checklist"	17.08.2022	Esin ÖZLER Turhan GÜREFEOĞLU		
		11.22 Line, Tank and Pump Cleaning Procedure	17.08.2022	Esin ÖZLER Turhan GÜREFEOĞLU		
		11.8 Emergency Assembly Places Plan	17.08.2022	Esin ÖZLER Turhan GÜREFEOĞLU		
		11.1 General Layout and Fire Plan of the coastal facility	17.08.2022	Esin ÖZLER Turhan GÜREFEOĞLU		
3	Rev.4	1.1General information of the port facility, Dangerous Goods Safety Advisor Change	29.09.2022	Turhan GÜREFEOĞLU		

## **INDEX**

1	ENT	RY	1-1
	1.2	General information of the port facility (Restricted)	1-4
	1.3	Procedures for safe handling of liquid bulk dangerous cargoes	
	1.3.1		
	1.3.2		
	1.3.3	•	
	1.3.4	1 0 0	
	1.3.8	1	
	1.3.9	· ·	
	1.3.1		
2	RES	PONSIBILITIES	2-11
	2.1	Responsibilities of the relevant person of the goods	
	2.2	Responsibilities of the port facility operator	
	2.3	Responsibilities of the ship's master	
	2.4	Responsibilities of the Dangerous Goods Safety Consultant	
	2.5	Responsibilities of 3rd party, cargo / ship broker etc. operating in	
	port fa	cility	
2	-	ICIES/APPLIED RULES AND MEASURES TO BE FOLLOWED BY	
3			
r/		Y	
	3.1	Berthing	
	3.2	Supervision	
	3.3	Safe handling and segregation	
	3.4	Emergency procedures	
	3.5	Emergency information	
	3.6	Fire precautions	
	3.7	Fire fighting	
	3.8	Environmental precautions	
	3.9	Pollution combating	
	3.10	Reporting of incidents	
	3.11	Inspections	
	3.12	Hot work and other repair or maintenance work	
	3.13	Contaminated wastes	
	3.14	Alcohol and drug abuse	
	3.15	Weather conditions	
	3.16	Lighting	
	3.17	Handling equipment	
	3.18	Protective equipment	
	3.19	Communications	
	3.20	Areas	
	3.20	. 0 0	
	3.20.	1	
	3.21	Training	
4	CLA	SSIFICATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS, HANDLING, LOADING ,	/
U	NLOAD	ING, HANDLING, SEPARATION, STACKING AND STORING	4-1
	4.1	Classification of Dangerous Goods	4-1
	4.2	Dangerous Goods Packing and Packages	4-1
	4.3	Dangerous Goods Marking, Labels, Placards	
	4.4	Packaging and Approval Marking.	4-2
	4.5	Segregation and Separation	4-2
	4.6	Dangerous Goods Documentation	

5	HANDBOOK OF DANGEROUS GOODS	5-1
6	PROCEDURES FOR THE OPERATION	6-1
	6.1 Prosedure of ships carrying dangerous goods safely Berthing, loading	
	unloading, shelter or anchorage during the day and at night	
	6.2 Procedure of according to the seasonal conditions additional measu	
	that Loading/Unloading, limbo operation of dangerous goods should be tak	
	by port facilties	
	6.3 Procedures on keeping any inflammable, combustible and explosive	
	materials away from operations which cause or are likely to cause sparking	
	abstaining from operating any tools, apparatus or device which cause or are likely to cause sparking in areas where hazardous materials are handled,	e
	stowed and stored	6-2
	6.4 Procedures on fumigation, gas measurement and degasification	
_		
7	·	/-3
	7.1 Procedures regarding to all necessary documents, information and certification relating to dangerous substances and their procurement and	
	control by the relevant persons	7-3
	7.2 Procedures of keeping a regular and accurate current list of all	/ -3
	hazardous substances in the coastal facility area and other relevant	
	information.	7-3
	7.3 Procedures regarding to appropriate identification of hazardous	
	substances delivered to the facility, correct use of shipping names of danger	
	cargo, certification, packaging, labeling and declaration, inspection on load	ing
	and transport of dangerous goods in the certified and proper package,	
	container or cargo unit in a safety way and reporting of inspection results	
	7.4 Procedures related to procurement of the Hazardous materials safe	-
	information sheets (SDS)	
_		
8	•	NSE
	<ul><li>8-1</li><li>8.1 Response procedures for hazardous substances that are dangerous in the substances of the substance of th</li></ul>	for
	life, property and/or environment and hazardous situations involving	101
	hazardous materials	8-1
	8.1.1 Decision making;	
	8.1.2 Protective Actions and Response	
	8.1.3 Evacute	
	8.1.4 Shelter In-Place	8-2
		8-2
	8.2 Information on resource, capability and capacity of the coastal facili	8-2 <b>ties</b>
	8.2 Information on resource, capability and capacity of the coastal facili regarding to respond to emergencies	8-2 ties <b>8-3</b>
	<ul> <li>8.2 Information on resource, capability and capacity of the coastal facili regarding to respond to emergencies.</li> <li>8.3 Regulations related to the the first aid for accidents involving dange</li> </ul>	8-2 ties 8-3 rous
	<ul> <li>8.2 Information on resource, capability and capacity of the coastal facili regarding to respond to emergencies.</li> <li>8.3 Regulations related to the first aid for accidents involving dange substances (first aid procedures, first aid resources and capabilities and so</li> </ul>	8-2 ties 8-3 rous
	<ul> <li>8.2 Information on resource, capability and capacity of the coastal facili regarding to respond to emergencies.</li> <li>8.3 Regulations related to the the first aid for accidents involving dange substances (first aid procedures, first aid resources and capabilities and so 8-3</li> </ul>	8-2 ties 8-3 rous
	<ul> <li>8.2 Information on resource, capability and capacity of the coastal facili regarding to respond to emergencies.</li> <li>8.3 Regulations related to the first aid for accidents involving dange substances (first aid procedures, first aid resources and capabilities and so 8-3</li> <li>8.4 On-site and off site Notifications required to be made in case of</li> </ul>	8-2 ties 8-3 rous on.).
	<ul> <li>8.2 Information on resource, capability and capacity of the coastal facili regarding to respond to emergencies.</li> <li>8.3 Regulations related to the the first aid for accidents involving dange substances (first aid procedures, first aid resources and capabilities and so 8-3</li> <li>8.4 On-site and off site Notifications required to be made in case of emergency.</li> </ul>	8-2 ties 8-3 rous on.).
	<ul> <li>8.2 Information on resource, capability and capacity of the coastal facili regarding to respond to emergencies.</li> <li>8.3 Regulations related to the the first aid for accidents involving dange substances (first aid procedures, first aid resources and capabilities and so 8-3</li> <li>8.4 On-site and off site Notifications required to be made in case of emergency.</li> <li>8.5 The procedures for reporting accidents.</li> </ul>	8-2 ties 8-3 rous on.).
	<ul> <li>8.2 Information on resource, capability and capacity of the coastal facili regarding to respond to emergencies.</li> <li>8.3 Regulations related to the the first aid for accidents involving dange substances (first aid procedures, first aid resources and capabilities and so 8-3</li> <li>8.4 On-site and off site Notifications required to be made in case of emergency.</li> <li>8.5 The procedures for reporting accidents.</li> </ul>	8-2 ties 8-3 rous on.). 8-3 8-4
	<ul> <li>8.2 Information on resource, capability and capacity of the coastal facili regarding to respond to emergencies.</li> <li>8.3 Regulations related to the the first aid for accidents involving dange substances (first aid procedures, first aid resources and capabilities and so 8-3</li> <li>8.4 On-site and off site Notifications required to be made in case of emergency.</li> <li>8.5 The procedures for reporting accidents.</li> <li>8.6 Coordination, support and cooperation method with authorities.</li> <li>8.7 Emergency evacuation plan for the evacuation of the ship and vessel from the coastal facility in case of emergency.</li> </ul>	8-2 ties8-3 rous on.)8-38-48-5 s
	<ul> <li>8.2 Information on resource, capability and capacity of the coastal facility regarding to respond to emergencies.</li> <li>8.3 Regulations related to the the first aid for accidents involving dange substances (first aid procedures, first aid resources and capabilities and so 8-3</li> <li>8.4 On-site and off site Notifications required to be made in case of emergency.</li> <li>8.5 The procedures for reporting accidents.</li> <li>8.6 Coordination, support and cooperation method with authorities.</li> <li>8.7 Emergency evacuation plan for the evacuation of the ship and vessel from the coastal facility in case of emergency.</li> <li>8.7.1 Preparation for Emergency Seperation System</li> </ul>	8-2 ties8-3 rous on.)8-38-48-5 s8-5
	<ul> <li>8.2 Information on resource, capability and capacity of the coastal facility regarding to respond to emergencies.</li> <li>8.3 Regulations related to the the first aid for accidents involving dange substances (first aid procedures, first aid resources and capabilities and so 8-3</li> <li>8.4 On-site and off site Notifications required to be made in case of emergency.</li> <li>8.5 The procedures for reporting accidents.</li> <li>8.6 Coordination, support and cooperation method with authorities.</li> <li>8.7 Emergency evacuation plan for the evacuation of the ship and vessel from the coastal facility in case of emergency.</li> <li>8.7.1 Preparation for Emergency Seperation System.</li> <li>8.7.2 Realization of Emergency Separation.</li> </ul>	8-2 ties8-3 rous on.)8-38-5 s8-58-5
	<ul> <li>8.2 Information on resource, capability and capacity of the coastal facility regarding to respond to emergencies.</li> <li>8.3 Regulations related to the the first aid for accidents involving dange substances (first aid procedures, first aid resources and capabilities and so 8-3</li> <li>8.4 On-site and off site Notifications required to be made in case of emergency.</li> <li>8.5 The procedures for reporting accidents.</li> <li>8.6 Coordination, support and cooperation method with authorities.</li> <li>8.7 Emergency evacuation plan for the evacuation of the ship and vessel from the coastal facility in case of emergency.</li> <li>8.7.1 Preparation for Emergency Seperation System</li> </ul>	8-2 ties8-3 rous on.)8-38-48-5 s8-5 ods

	8.8.1	Waste Collecting and Handling	8-1
	8.8.2	Waste disposal	8-1
	8.8.3	Contaminated Packages;	8-1
	8.9.3	Emergency Practices which will be performed within the facility;.	8-2
8		nformation on fire protection systems	
		rocedures for approval, inspection, testing, maintenance and	
a		ity of the fire protection system	
	8.11.1	Fire-Protection Water Tanks and Fire-Protection Water	
	8.11.2	Fire-Protection Water Pumps	
	8.11.3	Sprinkler System	
	8.11.4	Fire Protection Hydrant Installation	
	8.11.5	Portable Extinguishers	
	8.11.6	Protection against freezing	
		he measures to be taken in case of failure on fire protection sy	stems8-
6	6		
9	SAFET	TY AND HEALTH AT WORK MEASURES	9-1
		ccupational health and safety measures	
_	9.1.1	Risk assessment	
		Emergencies	
		Workers' education and informing them	
Ç		iformation about the personal protective clothes and procedu	
	hem 9		
		D DOLLIE	40.4
		R POINT	
		alidity of the Hazardous Substances Compliance Certificate	
		esponsibilities of the Dangerous Goods Safety Consultant	10-1
	100 11		
		atters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leavi	ing
C	coastal fa	atters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leavi acility by land (matters on required documents that must be a	ing
i	coastal fa n the ro	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leavi acility by land (matters on required documents that must be a ad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area,	ng vailable
i e	coastal fands on the roequipme	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leavincility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port	ng vailable
i e	coastal fand the roequipments.). 1	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leaving acility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port 0-1	ng vailable
i e	coastal fanthe ro equipme etc.). 1 10.3.1	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leaving acility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port 0-1  Package with cleared shelves and heavy pallets (liquid or solid	ng vailable t area
i e	coastal fan the ro equipme etc.). 1 10.3.1 packag	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leaving acility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port 0-1  Package with cleared shelves and heavy pallets (liquid or solid ging):	ing vailable t area 10-1
i e	coastal fan the ro equipme etc.). 1 10.3.1 packag 10.3.2	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leaving acility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port 0-1  Package with cleared shelves and heavy pallets (liquid or solid sing):	ing vailable t area 10-1
i e e	coastal fanthe ro equipme etc.). 1 10.3.1 packag 10.3.2 10.3.3	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leaving acility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port 0-1  Package with cleared shelves and heavy pallets (liquid or solid sing):	ing vailable t area 10-1 10-2
i e e	coastal fan the ro equipments.). 1 10.3.1 package 10.3.2 10.3.3	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leaving acility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port 0-1  Package with cleared shelves and heavy pallets (liquid or solid sing):  Necessary certificates	ing vailable t area 10-1 10-2 ing
11 0	coastal fan the roequipme etc.). 1 10.3.1 packag 10.3.2 10.4 Mccoastal fa	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leaving acility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port 0-1  Package with cleared shelves and heavy pallets (liquid or solid ling):	ing vailable t area 10-1 10-2 ing ips
11 00	coastal fan the roequipmeetc.). 1 10.3.1 packag 10.3.2 10.3.3 10.4 M coastal facarrying	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leaving acility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port of limits and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port of limits and heavy pallets (liquid or solid limits):  Necessary certificates	t area10-110-2 ing ips n ships
11 00	coastal fan the ro equipments.). 1 10.3.1 packagents. 10.3.2 10.3.3 10.4 Mecoastal factorying	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leaving acility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port 0-1  Package with cleared shelves and heavy pallets (liquid or solid sing):  Necessary certificates	ing vailable t area10-110-2 ing ips n ships10-2
11 00	coastal fan the ro equipments.). 1 10.3.1 package 10.3.2 10.3.3 10.4 M coastal factorying and so on 10.4.1	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leaving acility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port 0-1  Package with cleared shelves and heavy pallets (liquid or solid fing):	ing vailable  t area
control contro	coastal fan the ro equipment of the coastal fands o	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leaving acility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port of the package with cleared shelves and heavy pallets (liquid or solid sing):	ing vailable t area
control of the contro	coastal fan the roequipme etc.). 1 10.3.1 package 10.3.2 10.4 M coastal facarrying and so of 10.4.1 10.4.2 10.5 A	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leavincility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port of the package with cleared shelves and heavy pallets (liquid or solid sing):	ing vailable t area
control of the contro	coastal fanthe ro equipme etc.). 1 10.3.1 packag 10.3.2 10.4 M coastal fa carrying and so on 10.4.1 10.4.2 10.5 A 10.5.1	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leaving acility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port of the port	ing vailable t area
11 00 00 11	coastal fan the ro equipment of the coastal fands and so on 10.4.1 and 10.5.1 and 10.5.2	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leaving acility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port of the port	ing vailable t area
11 00 00 21	coastal fan the roequipme etc.). 1 10.3.1 package 10.3.2 10.4 M coastal facarrying and so of 10.4.1 10.4.2 10.5 A 10.5.1 10.5.2 10.6 A	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leaving acility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port of this vehicles, speed limits in the port of the package with cleared shelves and heavy pallets (liquid or solid partial)	ing vailable t area
11 cc ca a	coastal fanthe roequipme etc.). 1 10.3.1 package 10.3.2 10.4 M coastal facarrying and so of 10.4.1 10.4.2 10.5 A 10.5.1 10.5.2 10.6 A 10.7 H	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leaving decility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, int and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port of the part of the port facility of the speed limit in Port Facility	ing vailable t area
11 cc ca a	coastal fanthe ro equipme etc.). 1 10.3.1 packag 10.3.2 10.4 M coastal fa carrying and so on 10.4.1 10.4.2 10.5 A 10.5.1 10.5.2 10.6 A 10.7 H 10.8 R	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leaving acility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port of the port of this vehicles, speed limits in the port of the package with cleared shelves and heavy pallets (liquid or solid sing):  Necessary certificates Speed Limit in Port Facility  latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leaving acility by sea (matters on day/night signals to be shown by shith hazardous goods and vessels, cold and hot work procedures in.)  Arrival by Sea Departure by Sea Departure by Sea  ditional points will be added by the port facility.  Training Training content  ccident Prevention Policy  ot Work Procedure  esponsibilities of Personnel in Operation	ing vailable t area
11 cc ca a	coastal fan the roequipme etc.). 1 10.3.1 package 10.3.2 10.4 M coastal facarrying and so of 10.4.1 10.5.1 10.5.2 10.6 A 10.7 H 10.8 R 10.8.1	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leavincility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, int and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port of this vehicles, speed limits in the port of this vehicles, speed limits in the port of the package with cleared shelves and heavy pallets (liquid or solid sing):  Necessary certificates	ing vailable t area
11 cc ca a	coastal fan the roequipment of the coastal fan 10.3.1 package 10.3.2 10.4 M coastal factorying and so of 10.4.1 10.5.2 10.5 A 10.5.1 10.5.2 10.6 A 10.8.1 10.8.2	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leavincility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, int and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port of this vehicles, speed limits in the port of this vehicles, speed limits in the port of the package with cleared shelves and heavy pallets (liquid or solid sing):	ing vailable t area
11 cc ca a	coastal fanthe roequipmeetc.). 1 10.3.1 package 10.3.2 10.3.3 10.4 M coastal factorying and so or 10.4.1 10.4.2 10.5 A 10.5.1 10.5.2 10.6 A 10.8.1 10.8.2 10.8.4	latters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leavincility by land (matters on required documents that must be a lad vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, int and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port of this vehicles, speed limits in the port of this vehicles, speed limits in the port of the package with cleared shelves and heavy pallets (liquid or solid sing):  Necessary certificates	ing vailable t area

10.10 Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods) and MFAG First Aid Guide)	•
11 . APPENDIX	
11.1 General Layout Plan of the Coastal Facility	10-24
11.2 General View Photos of the Coastal Facility	10-25
11.3 Emergency Contact Points and Contact Information	10-26
11.4 General Layout Plan of Areas Handling Dangerous Goods	10-27
11.5 Fire Plan of Dangerous Goods Handling Areas	10-28
11.6 General Fire Plan of the Facility	10-29
11.7 Emergency Plan	10-29,31
11.8 Emergency Response Organization Chart	10-31
11.9 Emergency Management Chart	10-32
11.10 Dangerous Goods Handbook	10-33,35
11.11Leak Areas and Equipment for CTU and Packages, Entry/Exit Drawi	-
11-12 Inventory of Port Service Ships	10-35
11.13 Maritime coordinates of the administrative borders of the Port	
anchorage areas and the pilot's disembarkation/embarkation points	10-36
11.14 Emergency Response Equipment Against Marine Pollution i	
Facility (PDF)	10-37
11.15 Personal protective equipment (PPE) usage map	10-37
11.16 Hazardous Substance Incidents Notification Form	10-38
11.17 Control Results Notification Form for Dangerous Goods Trans	
(CTUs) The form containing the CTU control, which is submitted	
presidencies by the administration in quarterly periods, is delivered 11.18 Hot Works Persmissions	10-39 10-40,41
	,
11.19 – Dangerous Goods Handling Guide Additional Cargo Notificat necessary)	10-42
11.20 Dangerous Goods Documents.	10-42
11.21 Ship/Shore Safety Check List	10-44,58
11.22 Pipeline, Tank and Pump Cleaning	10-44,58
12 . ABBREVIATION	<b>10-</b> 39
13 PRESENTATION	10-60
	)-60,61,62

PETLINE

Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.		
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	1-1		
DANCEROUS COODS SAFETY CHIDE						

#### 1 **ENTRY**

- The entry and presence of dangerous cargoes in port areas and any consequential handling should be controlled to ensure the general safety and security of the area, the containment of the cargoes, the safety of all persons in or near the port area, and the protection of the environment.
- The safety of life at sea and the safety and security of a ship, its cargo and its crew in a port area are directly related to the care which is taken with dangerous cargoes prior to loading or unloading, and during their handling.
- 1.3. These Recommendations are confined to dangerous cargoes which are in a port area as part of the transport chain. These Recommendations do not apply to dangerous substances which are used in a port area or are for general storage in the port area, but Governments may wish to control such use and storage by national legal requirements. Should a substance covered of these exclusions subsequently be shipped, Recommendations should then be applied, even though the substance is already in the port area.
- An essential pre-requisite for the safe transport and handling of dangerous cargoes is their proper identification, containment, packaging, packing, securing, marking, labelling, placarding and documentation. This applies whether the operation takes place in a port area or at premises away from a port area.
- Whilst the total transport chain includes inland, port and marine elements, it is essential that every care is taken by those responsible for the matters in 1.4 and that all relevant information is passed to those involved in the transport chain and to the final consignee. Attention should be paid to the possible differing requirements for different modes of transport.
- The safe transport and handling of dangerous cargoes is based on correct and accurate application of regulations for transport and handling of such cargoes and depends on appreciation by all persons concerned of the risks involved and on the full and detailed understanding of the regulations. This can only be achieved by properly planned and carried out training and retraining of persons concerned.
- The codes and guides are under continuous review and are regularly revised. It is essential that only the most up-to-date editions are used. The contents of these codes and guides have been repeated in these Recommendations only to the extent necessary.
- In preparing this guide IMDG CODE, ERG 2012 and IMO 1216 CR. documents have been applied to and the informations are used.

PETLINE

Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.		
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	1-2		
DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE						

## **FACILITY INFORMATION FORM**

1	Facility operator name/title	Petline Petrol Ürünleri Ticaret A.Ş			
2	Contact information of the facility operator (address, phone, fax, e-mail and web page)	Güney Mh. Nizam Sk. No:15 Körfez/KOCAELİ Tel: 0533 696 0572 turhan.gurefeoglu@petline.com.tr			
3	Facility name	Petline Platform and Pipeline			
4	City where the facility is located	Kocaeli			
5	Contact information of the facility (address, telephone, fax, e-mail and web page)	Güney Mh. Nizam Sk. No:15 Körfez/KOCAELİ Tel: 0262 527 7592 Fax: 0262 527 7593			
6	Geographical region of the facility	Marmara			
7	Port Authority and contact details of the facility	Kocaeli Regional Port Authority Tel: 0262 528 3754			
8	Mayor's Office and contact details of the facility	Korfez Municipality Tel: 0262 528 2302			
9	Name of the Free Zone or Organized Industrial Zone where the facility is located	N/A			
10	Validity date of Coastal Facility Operation Permit/Temporary Operation Permit	Temporary Operating Permit Effective Date 11.07.2023			
11	The operating status of the facility	Own load and additional 3rd party (X) own burden 3rd comparty (X)			
12	Name and surname of the facility manager, contact details (phone, fax, e-mail)	Turhan Gürefeoğlu Güney Mh. Nizam Sk. No:15 Körfez/KOCAELİ Tel: 0533 696 05 72 turhan.gurefeoglu@petline.com.tr			
13	Name and surname, contact details (phone, fax, e-mail) of the dangerous goods operations officer of the facility	Turhan GÜREFEOĞLU Güney Mh. Nizam Sk. No:15 Körfez/KOCAELİ Tel: 0533 696 05 72 turhan.gurefeoglu@petline.com.tr			
14	Name and surname of the Dangerous Goods Safety Advisor of the facility, contact details (phone, fax, e-mail)	Erdi YILMAZ erdi.yilmaz@tehlikeler.com 0216 5325503			
15	Marine coordinates of the facility	N 40°44'28''-E 28°46'34''			
16	Types of dangerous goods handled at the facility (Loads within the scope of MARPOL Annex-I, IMDG Code, IBC Code, IGC Code, IMSBC Code, Grain Code, TDC Code, asphalt/bitumen and scrap loads)	MARPOL Annex I Attachment 1 (Petroleum/Petroleum Products)			
17	Dangerous goods handled at the facility (loads other than the IMDG Code, among the cargo types in Article 16, will be written separately.  The additional cargo request will be submitted to the Affiliated Port Authority with the Annex-1 form and will be added to TYER when deemed appropriate.	Gasoline Diesel			



Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.			
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	1-3			
DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE							
or handled cargo subject	to IMDG Class	s III					

- Distriction	Charles Charles Charles		DANC	JEROUS	GOODS SA	reli Guid	
18	Classes for Code	handled ca	rgo subject	to IMDG	Class III		
19	Groups in thandled sul				N/A		
20	Types of Vessels that can approach the facility				Fuel and Chemical Tankers		
21	Distance of the facility to the main road (kilometers)				1 km		
22	The distance of the facility to the railway (kilometers) or the railway connection (None)				0,5 km		
23	Name of the from the fa			s distance	Sabiha Gökçei	n Airport, 60 km	1
24	Load handl (Ton/Year;				200.000 Ton/	Year	
25	Whether sc	rap handlin	g is done at	the facility	No		
26	Is there a b	order gate?	(No)	-	No		
27	Is there a b	onded area	? (Yes No)		Yes		
28	Cargo hand	lling equipr	nent and ca	pacities		can handle loads	up to 1800 kg
29	Storage tan	k capacity	(m3)		19.801,94 m3		
30	Open stora	ge area (m2	()		N/A		
31	Semi-close	d storage ar	rea (m2)		N/A		
32	Closed stor		-		N/A		
33	Identified f area (m2)	umigation a	and/or de-fu	imigation	N/A		
34	Name/title tugboat ser			age and	<b>MARİN</b> Tugl Tel: <u>(0212) 24</u>	ooat and <b>ANKA</b> 3 38 83	Ş Pilotage A.Ş.
35	Has a Secu	rity Plan be	en created?	(Yes No)	Yes		
	Waste Rece (This section	eption Facil	ity capacity	7	<u> </u>		Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> )
36	according t facility)				No		
37	Dock/pier	etc. propert	ies of fields	3	•		
Dock / Pier No Height (meter) Width (meter)			n water depth netre)	Minimum water depth (metre)	The largest ship tonnage and length to berth (DWT or GRT - meters)		
	ng dolphin	12	8	10			20.000 DWT
Tying pcs)	g dolphin (2	4	4	10			
		ı	1	•		•	•
Pipeli	ine name (if a	vailable or	site)		umber	Length	Diameter of
_					piece)	(metre)	(inç)
PETDZBH01 / PETDZBH02			2		2.874 x 2	6 and 8	

PETLINE

Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.		
20.04.2022 4 27.09.2022 1-4						
DANCEROUS COODS SAFETY CUIDE						

#### 1.2 General information of the port facility (Restricted)

1.2 Loading/unloading, handling and storage procedures for dangerous cargoes handled and temporarily stored at the port facility

#### 1.2.1 General

- A Liquid cargoes (Petroleum and Petroleum Products) within the scope of IBC code (Diesel (UN 1202), unleaded gasoline (UN 1203) is being handled at the port facility within the scope of IBC code.
- B Fulfillment of the conditions specified below is provided as regards handling the dangerous cargoes coming to the port facility, keeping them temporarily at the port facility, making their stowage and segregation and storage for safety of the port facility, employees and ships at the port facility.
- C A coordination meeting is being held at least 1 day prior to the acceptance out of routine dangerous cargoes to the port facility and Supply Directorate, Terminal, HSE, TMGD and other related persons participate to the meeting is provided. (The resolution to hold such meeting can be given through the Supply Directorate, Terminal, HSE, TMGD departments regarding the dangerous cargoes handled routinely which are accepted to the port)
- **D** Following issues will be discussed during the coordination meeting with regard to the dangerous cargo (es) to be accepted to the port:
- 1. Risk arising from dangerous cargo
- 2. Interaction with dangerous cargoes existing at the port facility,
- 3. Interaction with cargoes planned to be accepted to the port facility in the near future.
- 4. Conditions for stowage
- 5. Conditions for segregation
- 6. Requirement of materials and equipment with respect to emergency response
- 7. Sufficiency of emergency response equipments
- 8. Interaction with the neighboring area (s)

The issues mentioned herein above are discussed within the scope of current IMDG CODE documents and a management decision for accepting/rejecting are taken.

- **E** If a decision is taken at the meeting in favor of accepting the dangerous cargo, management, operation, storage, safety and emergency response departments is notified and the necessary preparations and acceptance process is commenced.
- If it is required to notify the Port authority, the situation is notified to the Port authority in writing by specifying the reasons.



## 1.3 Procedures for safe handling of liquid bulk dangerous cargoes

#### 1.3.1 Application

Liquid bulk dangerous cargoes are handled at platform within our port facility.

The equipment, number of shifts, team and port are determined during the operations meeting held one day before. SDS of the cargo in ship notification is provided to facility authority or HSE unit by the agency 3 days before.

After the ship is safely tied to the port by the help of pilot and warp, safety investigation is carried out on the ship. If any unsafe situations are observed, notifications are made to the persons responsible for the ship and measures are taken accordingly. Unloading equipment and appropriate pipe selection are made by the person responsible with operations. International Safety Guide for Oil Tankers and Terminals (ISGOTT) Ship/Port Safety Control List is undersigned mutually. A communication network is built between the ship and the port facility.

Employees wait beside the flexible hoses which connected to the ship. They work in cooperation with the ship personnel for the connection of liquid cargo to entry/exit manifolds of the ship.

Appropriate pressure adjustment is made with the ship. Overflow of tanks are avoided and the ship personnel are provided with required information and the line is cut under dangerous situations.

#### 1.3.2 Requirements

Gas detectors which will detect gas leakages to occur at the port facility is kept ready after being calibrated and made ready to use.

The vehicles coming to the loading or unloading platform at the port facility are eliminated from static electricity, flame arrestor apparatus are placed at their exhausts and their earthing shall be made during the loading or unloading at the port facility. Flame arrestor apparatus is provided by the Ground Tanker Operations Unit. Ground tankers which don't have flame arrestors are not taken to the port facility. This is not required for tankers having ADR standards.

Required notices and warning signs are placed around the area where handling is done. Related personnel wear personal protective clothing and outfit in accordance with work health and safety requirements at dangerous places and under dangerous conditions. Personnel who don't have protective clothing and adequate equipment in line with their job descriptions and their working areas is not employed.

Periodic repair/maintenance and calibration works of devices to be used are made and certificates, journals or ledgers of records are kept updated.

First aid equipments to be used during intervention are placed at a place known by the personnel which is easily accessible in case of emergency or accidents.

Communication equipments which can be used safely during loading or unloading operations of liquid bulk dangerous cargoes in flammable or explosive environments are used at the port facility.



Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.		
	27.09.2022	1-6				
DANCEDOUS COODS SAFETY CHIDE						

Flexible hoses used in loading or unloading of liquid bulk dangerous cargoes is controlled a certificate specifying the approval of type as well as pipe type, maximum working pressure of the pipe and production month and year of the pipe. Repair and maintenance works and testing of the said pipes are carried out as per the criteria stated in ISGOTT and relevant records shall be kept. Hoses to be used in loading or unloading operations which are not in service are kept according to the criteria specified by ISGOTT.

Adequate number of electrical insulation flanges for the flexible hoses and loading arms used in loading or unloading operations of liquid bulk dangerous cargoes.

Liquid bulk dangerous cargoes are carried in a manner that prevents any dangerous interaction with incompatible materials in other cargoes.

Shift supervisor of port facility where liquid bulk dangerous cargoes are handled are responsible of notifying issues as regards additional safety and safety measures which have to be taken at port facility.

Operations Officer and Shift Supervisor are responsible from handling of liquid bulk cargoes at our port facility and their duties are specified in quality management system and they act in accordance with the said quality management system.

The master of a ship and the Operations Officer, within their respective areas of responsibility, should have immediately make available the following information with respect to each liquid bulk cargo transported in cargo operations and emergency cases to the port authority and other involved parties:

#### **1.3.2.1.1** Information to be provided by the ship master;

- 1.3.2.1.1.1The product name of the dangerous cargo, the UN number (where available) and a description of the relevant physical and chemical properties (including reactivity).
- 1.3.2.1.1.2 Procedures for cargo transfer, slop transfer, gas-freeing, inerting, ballasting, de-ballasting and tank cleaning.
- 1.3.2.1.1.3 Information to be provided by Operations Officer;
- 1.3.2.1.1.4Information as to specific equipment required for safe handling and loading or unloading of certain cargoes and emergency response procedures including the following issues:
- 1.3.2.1.1.51) Steps to be taken in cases of pouring or leakage as specified in Emergency Plans,
- 1.3.2.1.1.62) Measures to be taken to avoid people from contacting dangerous cargoes accidentally within the scope of Emergency Plan and Work Health and Security,
- 1.3.2.1.1.73) Fire fighting procedures as specified in Emergency Plan and the appropriate communication systems to be used in cases of fire.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.	
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	1-7	
PETLINE	PETLINE DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY CHIDE					

- 1.3.2.1.1.8It is ensured that, before and during handling and loading or unloading operations of liquid bulk dangerous cargoes at any berth on the shore, appropriate warning notices, preferably pictograms, are placed at all entrances and approaches to the berth.
- 1.3.2.1.1.9Continuous communication is ensured during the handling and loading or unloading of dangerous liquid bulk cargos, through Marine Band Channel 16 and from the work channel specified in the protocol and effectiveness of communication is ensured during the cargo operations.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	1-8
PETLINE DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE					

## 1.3.3 Pipe installations used for liquid bulk dangerous cargoes

Flexible hoses:

- **1.3.3.1.1** Flexible hoses is used for cargo by considering the temperature and suitability and not be used for other than these cargoes.
- **1.3.3.1.2** If they are prone to be damaged by impact they are protected accordingly.
- 1.3.3.1.3 Electrically continuous is provided at pipeline, except for the inclusion of an insulating flange or non-conductive spool piece when used for the transfer of a flammable liquid. The pipeline on the seaward side of the insulating section should be electrically continuous to the ship, and that on the landward side should be electrically continuous to the jetty earthing system. The insulating flange is tested in accordance with chapter 17 of ISGOTT.

#### 1.3.4 Operations Officer will do the following:

Taking adequate precautions to prevent a short-circuit of the insulating section

Inspection and testing the insulating and earthing systems at appropriate intervals to ensure their effectiveness

Taking actions in accordance with appropriate checklists in the International Safety Guide for Oil Tankers and Terminals (ISGOTT).

#### 1.3.5 Sources of Ignition

1.3.5.1 The Operations Officer shall ensure that the ship captain is informed of the conditions that may necessitate taking precautions regarding ignition sources such as ship stoves or cooking utensils on board.

#### 1.3.6 Containment of spillage

1.3.6.1 In the event of an accident, all discharge holes and pipes and all kinds of drains at the interface where dangerous liquid bulk cargoes may leak are closed before the start of the loading / unloading operation of dangerous liquid bulk cargoes, and it is ensured that they are kept closed during the operation. In addition, in case of any cargo spillage, appropriate collection and disposal of the spilled cargo by the shore facility is also provided.

ANTHRON.		)	
PI	ΤL	IN	E

Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.		
<b>20.04.2022 4 27.09.2022</b> 1-9						
DANCEPOUS COODS SAFETY CHIDE						

#### 1.3.7 Handling

- 1.3.7.1 Flexible hoses
- 1.3.7.1.1 Ship Captain and Operations Officer within their respective areas of responsibility:
- .1 ensure that a Flexible hose is not used at any operating pressure other than for loads for which it is suitable, or at any operating pressure for which it is unsuitable with respect to the temperature and suitability of such loads.
- .2 It is checked that each type of flexible hose with end fittings has been tested and has a certificate indicating burst pressure.
- .3 Before being placed into service, documentation is checked that each flexible hose has been hydrostatically tested in accordance with Administration requirements.
- .4 Flexible hoses are visually inspected prior to use. Flexible hoses are inspected at frequent intervals during operation.
- .5 Flexible hose, hose type, maximum specified working pressure, and documents showing the month and year of manufacture are kept at the facility.
- .6 It has adequate electrical insulation and the length of the flexible hose is sufficient to operate satisfactorily within the defined operating range without overloading the terminal connections.
- .7 Flexible hose equipped for handling dangerous liquid bulk cargoes is adequately supervised.
- 8 To protect the environment, personal safety, and equipment in the event of an emergency, procedures are adequately implemented for leak-proof separation of flexible hose coupling.

#### 1.3.8 **Preliminary precautions**

The master of a ship and berth operator within their respective areas of responsibility, ensure that cargo handling controls, gauging systems, emergency shutdown and alarm systems, where applicable, have been tested and found to be satisfactory before cargo handling operation begins

The master of a ship and berth operator ensure before liquid bulk dangerous cargoes are pumped into or out of a ship from or into a shore installation agree in writing on the handling procedures including the maximum loading or unloading rates taking into account:

- **1.3.8.1.1** The arrangement, capacity and maximum allowable pressure of the ship's cargo lines and the shore pipelines;
- **1.3.8.1.2** The arrangement and capacity of the vapor venting system;
- **1.3.8.1.3** The possible pressures increase due to emergency shut-down procedures;
- **1.3.8.1.4** The possible accumulation of electrostatic charge; and
- **1.3.8.1.5** The presence of responsible persons during start up operations on board ship and ashore

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.	
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	1-10	
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE					

Complete and sign an appropriate safety check list showing the main safety precautions to be taken before and during such handling operations

Agree in writing the action to be taken and the signals to be used in the event of an emergency during handling operations; and

Ensure appropriate safety equipment and clothing are used.

The berth operator should ensure that starter controls on all bulk liquid transfer pumps are locked in the "off" position, or located at a facility accessible only to authorized personnel

The berth operator ensure that starter controls on all bulk liquid transfer pumps are locked in the "off" position, or located at a facility accessible only to authorized personnel.

"Ship/Shore Safety checklist" in International Safety Guide for Oil Tankers and Terminals (ISGOTT) is completed and signed according to "Guidelines for completing Ship/ Shore Safety checklist".

#### 1.3.9 Pumping

The master of a ship and berth operator within their respective areas of responsibility ensure that:

- **1.3.9.1.1** Frequent checks are made to ensure that the agreed backpressures and loading or unloading rates are not exceeded,
- 1.3.9.1.2 All reasonable care is taken to prevent all relevant pipelines, loading arms, Flexible hoses and associated equipment on board the ship and ashore from developing a leak, and that they are kept under adequate supervision during the handling of liquid bulk dangerous cargoes,
- **1.3.9.1.3** Effective communication between the ship and the shore installations is maintained throughout the handling operations,
  - **1.3.9.1.4** The safety check list is available for inspection throughout the handling operations,

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.	
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	2-11	
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE					

- **1.3.9.1.5** During the handling of liquid bulk dangerous cargoes, arrangements are made for the gauging of ships' tanks to ensure that no tank is overfilled,
- **1.3.9.1.6** Responsible persons are present during operations on board ship and ashore,

#### 1.3.10 Completion of operation

The master of a ship and berth operator within their respective areas of responsibility ensure that after the completion of every transfer of liquid bulk dangerous cargoes the valves of the discharging and receiving cargo spaces and tanks are closed and any residual pressure in the relevant pipelines, loading arms and Flexible hoses is released, They also ensure that:

- **1.3.10.1.1** Prior to the disconnection of the flexible pipelines from the ship it is drained of liquids and the pressure is relieved,
- **1.3.10.1.2** All safety precautions are taken, including the blanking off of the ship manifold connection and the shore pipeline,
- **1.3.10.1.3** Appropriate safety equipment and clothing are used.

#### **2 RESPONSIBILITIES**

All parties within the dangerous goods transportation activities are obliged to take all necessary measures to transport safely, securely and environmentally friendly, to avoid accidents and to reduce the damage as little as possible, if an accident occurs.

#### 2.1 Responsibilities of the relevant person of the goods

- **2.1.1** To prepare all necessary documents, information and certificates relating to dangerous goods and provide availability of these documents with the cargo during the transport activities.
- **2.1.2** Ensure the proper classification, identification, packing, marking and plating of the dangerous goods in accordance with the legislation.
- **2.1.3** Ensure safe loading, stowage, transport and unloading of dangerous goods in approved and proper package, container and cargo units.
- **2.1.4** Ensure the training of all relevant personnel on marine risks of dangerous cargo, safety precautions, safe operation, emergency measures, safety and so on and keep training records.
- **2.1.5** Provide necessary safety measures for improper, unsafe or risk-posing hazardous substances.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	2-1
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE				

- **2.1.6** Provide the necessary support and information to the relevant persons in case of emergency or accident.
- **2.1.7** Inform the administration on dangerous goods accidents occurred in the area of responsibility.
- **2.1.8** Present the requested information and document in the inspections carried out by the Authorities and provide the necessary cooperation.

#### 2.2 Responsibilities of the port facility operator

- **2.2.1** Ensure appropriate, secured, safely land and connection.
- **2.2.2** Ensure proper and safe entrance-exit system between the ship and shore.
- **2.2.3** Provide training for personnel working in loading, unloading and handling operations of the dangerous goods.
- **2.2.4** Ensure proper and safe transport, handling, separation, stowing, temporary stock and inspection of the dangerous goods in the operation field by qualified, trained personnel who has taken the job security measures.
- **2.2.5** Request all necessary documents relating to dangerous goods from the relevant person of the cargo and ensure its availability with the cargo.
- **2.2.6** Keep an updated list of all dangerous goods in the business field.
- **2.2.7** Provide training for all personnel on the risk of handled dangerous goods, safety measures, safe operation, emergency measures, safety and so on and keep training records.
- **2.2.8** Check the documents regarding to appropriate identification of hazardous substances delivered to the facility, correct use of shipping names of dangerous cargo, certification, packaging, labeling and declaration, inspection on loading and transport of dangerous goods in the certified and proper package, container or cargo unit in a safety way and reporting of inspection results.
- **2.2.9** Provide necessary safety measures for improper, unsafe or risk-posing hazardous substances and notify the port authority.
- **2.2.10** Provide emergency arrangements and ensure that all persons informed about these issues.
- **2.2.11** Inform the port authority on the dangerous goods accidents occurring in the area of responsibility.
- **2.2.12** Provide necessary support and cooperation for the inspections made by the authorities.
- **2.2.13** Execute the activities related to hazardous substances in the docks, wharves, warehouses which are established for this purpose.
- **2.2.14** Provide proper installation and equipping for the docks and wharves separated for ships and marine vessels which load and unload petroleum and petroleum products.
- **2.2.15** Provide transportation of the dangerous goods, which are not proper for temporary stay and not allowed, out of the port facility as soon as possible without waiting.
- **2.2.16** Not allow the ships and vessels carrying hazardous goods to edge in with the dock and pier without permission from the port authority.
- **2.2.17** Prepare emergency evacuation plan for the evacuation of the ships and boats from the port facilities in case of emergency.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	2-2
PETLINE	TY GUIDE				

#### 2.3 Responsibilities of the ship's master

- **2.3.1** Ensure that the ship, equipment and devices are in good condition for dangerous good transport.
- **2.3.2** Demand all necessary documents, information and certification relating to dangerous goods and ensure their availability with the goods..
- **2.3.3** Ensure that the safety measures related to loading, stowing, separating, handling, transport and unloading of the dangerous goods in his ship and take necessary inspection and controls.
- **2.3.4** Check the compliance of identification, classification, certification, packaging, marking, declaration, loading and transport of the approved and proper package, container and cargo unit in a safety means.
- **2.3.5** Ensure that the crew is trained and informed on the risks, safety precautions, safe operation, emergency measures and similar issues of the loaded and unloaded dangerous goods.
- **2.3.6** Ensure that the persons, who are qualified and have necessary training on the loading, transport, unloading and handling of the dangerous goods, work by taking job safety measures.
- **2.3.7** Not crossing the boards assigned to himself, not anchoring, not edging with the pier and docking without the consent of the our authority.
- **2.3.8** Apply all rules and measures during sailing, maneuvering, mooring, berthing and leaving for the safe transport of dangerous goods..
- **2.3.9** Ensure safe entry and exit between the ship and the dock..
- **2.3.10** Inform the crew on the applications, security procedures, emergency measures and intervention methods related to dangerous goods in the ship..
- **2.3.11** Possess the updated list of the dangerous goods in the ship and declare them to the authorities.
- **2.3.12** Take the necessary safety measures for illegitimate, improper, unsafe, risk-posing for ship, persons or environment and report the case to the port authority..
- **2.3.13** Report the dangerous goods accident in the ship to the port authority.
- **2.3.14** Provide the necessary support and cooperation for controls made by the authorities.

#### 2.4 Responsibilities of the Dangerous Goods Safety Consultant

Will start working after the date of January 1, 2018.

# 2.5 Responsibilities of 3rd party, cargo / ship broker etc. operating in the port facility

- **2.5.1** Ensure that their personnel participating in the port facility has necessary training specified in the 27.03.2013 dated No. 79462207/315 Circular of the Authority.
- **2.5.2** Comply with the requirements set out in the IMDG Code,
- 2.5.3 Comply with the procedures for Hazardous Goods Guide and Hazardous substances formed by the port facility,
- **2.5.4** Handling, transport and storage of hazardous substances in the port facility and report any violation to the relevant authority,
- **2.5.5** Submit the (SDS) Form, which constitutes an integral part of the operations for the elimination of the Occupational Health and Safety risks that



may occur during the use and storage of dangerous substances and prepared to inform the users accurately and adequately, to the port facility and Port Authority.

# 3 POLICIES/APPLIED RULES AND MEASURES TO BE FOLLOWED BY PORT FACILITY

The rules and measures given in this chapter are elaborated in Chapters 1,4,6,7,8,9 and 10 under Hazardous Material Emergency Plan and Accident Prevention Policy. The requirement for infrastructure is met by our port facilities.

## 3.1 Berthing

- 3.1.1 Adequate and safe mooring facilities are provided; and
- 3.1.2 Adequate safe access is provided between the ship and the shore.

#### 3.2 Supervision

- **3.2.1** The port operator ensure that areas cargo transport units are kept are properly supervised and cargo transport units are regularly inspected for leakage or damage. Any leaking package or cargo transport units should only be handled under the supervision of a responsible person.
- **3.2.2** The person concerned is aware of the possible hazards arising from the presence of the dangerous cargoes.
- **3.2.3** Any equipment which is used for handling and stowing processes and driven with or without power are checked and inspected to ensure that it is manufactured in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and exists in good operating conditions and in compliance with proper standards.

#### 3.3 Safe handling and segregation

**3.3.1** A port operator transporting or handling dangerous cargoes should appoint at least one responsible person who has adequate knowledge of the national or international legal requirements concerning the transport and handling of dangerous cargoes, including the segregation of incompatible cargoes.(01 January 2018)

#### 3.4 Emergency procedures

- **3.4.1** The port operator s ensure that appropriate emergency arrangements are made and brought to the attention of all concerned. These arrangements should include:
- **3.4.1.1** The provision of appropriate emergency alarm operating points;
- **3.4.1.2** Procedures for notification of an incident or emergency to the appropriate emergency services within and outside the port area;
- **3.4.1.3** Procedures for notification of an incident or emergency to the port authority and port area users both on land and water;
- **3.4.1.4** The provision of emergency equipment appropriate to the hazards of the dangerous cargoes to be handled:
- **3.4.1.5** Co-ordinated arrangements for the release of a ship in the case of an emergency; and
- **3.4.1.6** Arrangements to ensure adequate access/egress at all times.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	3-1
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE				

- **3.4.2** The port operator should consider the necessity of arrangements for a safe and quick emergency escape, taking into account the nature of the dangerous cargoes and any special conditions.
- **3.4.3** The "Medical First Aid Guidelines (MFAG)" annexed to IMDG Code shall be used to provide with those persons effected from damages caused by hazardous loads with medical first aid in case of any health issues occurring in consequence of accidents involving such loads.
- **3.4.4** "Emergency Schedules (EmS)" annexed to IMDG Code shall be used for any emergencies involving hazardous loads.
- **3.4.5** In case of any emergencies or accidents, the first aid material to be used for response shall be kept in easily accessible locations known to personnel.

#### 3.5 Emergency information

- **3.5.1** The port operator ensure that a list of all dangerous cargoes in the warehouses, sheds or other areas, including the quantities, and if appropriate Proper Shipping Names, correct technical names (if applicable), UN numbers, classes or, when assigned, the division of the goods, including for class 1, the compatibility group letter, subsidiary hazard classes (if assigned), packing group (where assigned) and exact location is held readily available for the emergency services.
- **3.5.2** The port operator ensure that the responsible person for a warehouse, shed or area, where dangerous cargoes are handled, is as far as possible aware of the status of occupancy with the dangerous cargoes in his area and is available in case of emergencies.
- **3.5.3** The port operator ensure that the person responsible for cargo handling operations involving dangerous cargoes has the necessary information on measures to be taken to deal with incidents involving dangerous cargoes and that it is available for use in emergencies.
- **3.5.4** Electronic or other automated information processing or transmission techniques provided to provide access to information.
- **3.5.5** Data sheets of hazardous materials shall normally be kept by the manufacturers of chemicals. Emergency response information and electronic databases shall be available and used in case of direct access to information.
- **3.5.6** The port operator ensure that the port or berth emergency response procedures and port or port emergency telephone numbers are placed at prominent locations within or at warehouses, sheds or areas where dangerous cargoes are transported or handled.
- **3.5.7** The port operator ensure that fire-fighting and pollution-combating equipment and installations are clearly marked as such and notices drawing attention to them are clearly visible at all appropriate locations.
- **3.5.8** The port operator should inform the master of any ship carrying or handling dangerous cargoes of the emergency procedures in force and the services available at the port.

#### 3.6 Fire precautions

- **3.6.1** The port operator ensure that:
- **3.6.1.1** All parts of the port and any ship moored to it are at all times accessible to emergency services;

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	3-2
PETLINE	DANG	EROUS GOO	DS SAFE	TY GUIDE	

- **3.6.1.2** Audible or visual alarms for emergency use are installed in the area or other means of rapid communication with emergency services are available;
- **3.6.1.3** The handling of dangerous cargoes are kept clean and tidy;
- **3.6.1.4** Before dangerous cargoes are handled, the master of a ship is informed of the location of the nearest means of summoning emergency services; and
- **3.6.1.5** the lighting and other electrical equipment in areas where dangerous cargoes are present on the port is of a type safe for use in a flammable or explosive atmosphere.
- **3.6.1.6** Places where smoking is prohibited are designated; and
- **3.6.1.7** Notices in a pictogram form prohibiting smoking are clearly visible at all locations and at a safe distance from places where smoking would constitute a hazard.
- **3.6.1.8** The port operator ensure that equipment used in an area or space where a flammable or explosive atmosphere may exist or develop, is of a type safe for use in a flammable or explosive atmosphere and used in such a manner that no fire or explosion can be caused.
- **3.6.1.9** The port operator ensure that only portable electrical equipment of a type safe for use in a flammable atmosphere is used in an area or space in which a flammable atmosphere may occur.
- **3.6.1.10** The port operator ensure that electrical equipment on a wandering lead is not used in areas or spaces where a flammable atmosphere may occur.

#### 3.7 Fire fighting

- **3.7.1** The port operator ensure that adequate and properly tested fire-fighting equipment and facilities are provided and readily available in accordance with the requirements of the regulatory authority in areas where dangerous cargoes are transported or handled.
- **3.7.2** The port operator ensure that personnel involved in the handling or transport of dangerous cargoes are trained and practised in the use of fire-fighting equipment in accordance with the requirements of the regulatory authority.

#### 3.8 Environmental precautions

- **3.8.1** The port operator ensure that dangerous cargoes are only handled in areas which comply with the requirements of the regulatory authority.
- **3.8.2** Necessary actions shall be taken so that soil, water or areas of water discharge is/are not contaminated with any hazardous materials handled at onshore facilities. Additionally, these actions shall be applied for the piping line used during the handling of hazardous materials and for areas with conveyor system.
- **3.8.3** The capability to remove any contaminated bilge water, dirty ballast, sludge, slope and load waste from the vessel shall be provided.

DETLINE
PETLINE

Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.	
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	3-3	
DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE					

#### 3.9 Pollution combating

- **3.9.1** The port operator ensure that adequate equipment is available to minimize the damage in case of a spillage of dangerous cargoes.
- **3.9.2** The equipment includes petroleum dispersion preventive fences, condensate lids, absorbing and neutralizing agents as well as cleaning agents and portable collection basins.
- **3.9.3** The port operator ensure that personnel involved in the transport and handling of dangerous cargoes are trained and practised in the use of pollution combating equipment and facilities in accordance with the requirements of the regulatory authority.

#### 3.10 Reporting of incidents

- **3.10.1** The port operator, within his area of responsibility, ensure that, if an incident occurs during the handling of dangerous cargoes which may endanger the safety or security of persons, of ships within the port, of the port or of any other property, or the environment, the person having charge of the handling immediately causes the operation to be stopped, if it is safe to do so, and prevents it being resumed until appropriate safety measures have been taken. The port operator should require every member of his personnel to report, to the person having charge of the operation, any such incident they see to occur during the handling of dangerous cargoes.
- **3.10.2** For the purposes of responding quickly and effectively; the short and proper description of the event should be communicated to the emergency center as soon as possible to treat the injured personnel and mitigate any potential damage.
- **3.10.3** The port operator ensure that any incident involving dangerous cargoes which may endanger the safety or security of persons, or of ships within the port or of the port or of any other property or the environment is reported immediately to the port authority.
- **3.10.4** The port operator ensure that any damaged or leaking package, unit load or cargo transport unit containing dangerous cargoes is reported immediately to the port authority and that suitable remedial action is taken

#### 3.11 Inspections

- **3.11.1** The port operator, where appropriate,:
- **3.11.1.1** Check documents and certificates concerning the safe transport, handling, packing and stowage of dangerous cargoes in the port area at the time of receipt:
- **3.11.1.2** Check, by external examination, the physical condition of each freight container, tank-container, portable tank or vehicle containing dangerous cargoes for obvious damage affecting its strength or packaging integrity and for the presence of any sign of leakage of contents.
- **3.11.2** The port operator make such checks regularly to ensure implementation of the safety precautions in the port area and the safety of transport.

	Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
		Date	No	Date	Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	3-4
PETLINE	DANCEROUS COODS SAFETY CHIDE				

**3.11.3** If any of the checks mentioned above reveal deficiencies which may affect the safe transport or handling of dangerous cargoes the port operator should immediately advise all parties concerned and request them to rectify all deficiencies prior to any further transport or handling of dangerous cargoes.

**3.11.4** The port operator provide that every necessary support will be given to the port authority or any other person or institution entitled to carry out inspections when they intend to carry out an inspection of dangerous cargoes.

#### 3.12 Hot work and other repair or maintenance work

- **3.12.1** The port operator ensure that no repair or maintenance work resulting in non-availability of the emergency/fire equipment required by these Recommendations is carried out at the port without prior permission of the port authority.
- **3.12.2** "Hot works" planned to be carried out on board are not allowed.

#### 3.13 Contaminated wastes

**3.13.1** The port operator should ensure that wastes contaminated with dangerous cargoes are immediately collected and disposed of in accordance with the requirements of the regulatory authority.

#### 3.14 Alcohol and drug abuse

- **3.14.1** The port operator, within his area of responsibility, ensure that no person under the influence of alcohol or drugs is allowed to participate in any operation involving the handling of dangerous cargoes.
- **3.14.2** Any such persons always are kept clear of the immediate areas where dangerous cargoes are being transported or handled.

#### 3.15 Weather conditions

- **3.15.1** The port operator, within his area of responsibility, do not permit dangerous cargoes to be handled in weather conditions which may seriously increase the risk.
- **3.15.2** Any hazardous liquid bulk loads are not carried in rainy weather involving thunderstorms.

#### 3.16 Lighting

**3.16.1** The port operator, within his area of responsibility, ensure that areas where dangerous cargoes are handled or where preparations are being made to handle dangerous cargoes and access to such areas are adequately illuminated.

#### 3.17 Handling equipment

- **3.17.1** The port operator, within his area of responsibility, provide that all equipment used in the handling of dangerous cargoes is suitable for such use and used only by skilled persons.
- **3.17.2** The port operator, within his area of responsibility, provide that all cargo handling equipment is of an approved type where appropriate, properly maintained and tested in accordance with national and international legal requirements.



Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.	
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	3-5	
DANCEDOUS COODS SAFETY CHIDE					

#### 3.18 Protective equipment

**3.18.1** The port operator, within his area of responsibility, ensure, when necessary, that a sufficient quantity of appropriate protective equipment is available to all personnel involved in the handling of dangerous cargoes.

**3.18.2** Such equipment should provide adequate protection against the hazards specific to the dangerous cargoes handled and should be of an approved type or made in conformity with an approved standard.

#### 3.19 Communications

**3.22.1** The port authority ensure that every ship engaged in the transport of dangerous cargoes can maintain effective communications with the port authority. When appropriate and practicable such communications should be carried out by VHF in accordance with the provisions of SOLAS regulation IV/7 and complying with the performance standards set out in IMO Assembly resolution A.609(15) and the requirements of the regulatory authority.

#### 3.20 Areas

#### 3.20.1 Dangerous cargo areas

Dangerous cargo areas should, where possible, be located so that management and/or security personnel may keep them under continuous observation. Otherwise, an alarm system may be provided or the spaces inspected at frequent intervals.

The spaces should enable an adequate segregation of dangerous cargoes in accordance with the legal requirements of the regulatory authority.

The areas where hazardous materials are handled shall be provided with facilities of entrance to and exit from the same to allow for response to emergencies or the access roads to those units carrying loads that contain hazardous materials shall be kept open, if any hazardous materials are stowed or stored on the entire site and the site shall be furnished with systems that are capable of providing emergency facilities for rapid response.

#### 3.20.2 Reception facilities

Exempt from accepting activities as Slope, bilge, sludge, waste oil, sewage, trash

#### 3.21 Training

**3.21.1** The personnel who are in charge of actions and operations for the loading/unloading of hazardous materials at the onshore facility shall be provided with training on emergencies (fire, explosion, leakage etc.) and response, occupational health and safety, ISPS code security awareness and safety in line with their job descriptions and fields of work.



Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.		
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	4-1		
DANGEROUS COORS SAFETY CHIRE						

4 CLASSIFICATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS, HANDLING, LOADING / UNLOADING, HANDLING, SEPARATION, STACKING AND STORING

4.1 Classification of Dangerous Goods

NAME OF THE PRODUCT	UN CODE	CLASS
Diesel	UN 1202	3
Unlead Gasoline	UN 1203	3

#### 4.2 Dangerous Goods Packing and Packages

We handle hazardous material as liquied bulk cargo in our facility.

## 4.3 Dangerous Goods Marking, Labels, Placards.

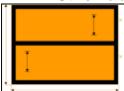
#### Class 3 - Flammable Liquids





Symbol – flame in black and white color Background – red color Text – Flammable Liquid (optional) Number 3 – in the bottom corner

#### Other labels



Orange-colored plates, with hazard-identification number and UN Number

#### **Placards for Marine Pollutants**



Packages and cargo transport units containing dangerous substances which are classified by the IMDG Code as "marine pollutants", must have the markings shown here, which must be durable. They must be placed close to the risk labels or risk placards of the goods. The dimensions of the marine pollutant markings must be a minimum of 10 cm per side for packages and 25 cm per side for cargo transport units.



Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.	
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	4-2	
DANGEBOUG GOODG GAEERW GUIDE					

4.4 Packaging and Approval Marking.

	UN CODE		Marking	Packing Group
Diesel	UN 1202	3	<b>*</b>	PG III
Unlead Gasoline	UN 1203	3	<b>*</b>	PG II

#### 4.5 Segregation and Separation

Only Class 3 products are handled. Segregation and Separation are not applied.

#### 4.6 Dangerous Goods Documentation

Information which must be included in the Dangerous Goods Transportation Document:

The shipping name or correct technical name (no commercial names will be accepted)

The Class and Division when applicable. The Class or Division can be included in the risk class number. The compatibility group will also be indicated in goods from class 1; and in the case of gases involving secondary risks, information will be extended to indicate such risks

The United Nations number preceded by the letters UN

The packing group when assigned

The number and types of bundles, as well as the total quantity of dangerous goods per volume or mass

The flashpoint for materials having a flashpoint the same or lower than 610 C

The subsidiary risks not indicated in the shipping name

When applicable, the goods shall be identified as "Marine Pollutant"

Empty means of containment, which contain the residue of dangerous goods shall be described as such, for example, by placing the words "Empty", "Uncleaned" or "Residue Last Contained" before or after the proper shipping name

For dangerous goods in limited quantities, the phrase "Dangerous Goods in Limited Quantity" shall be included

A statement signed in the name of the consignor, saying that the goods are correctly described, classified, packed, marked and labeled and that its conditions are appropriate for transport

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.	
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	6-1	
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE					

#### 5 HANDBOOK OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Dangerous cargo shipment / discharge with handling and port facilities in the temporary storage activities in order to contribute to the fulfillment of these activities in a safe manner;

- Dangerous Goods classes,
- Packages of dangerous substances,
- Packaging,
- Labels.
- Signs and packaging group,
- Ship and port seperation table according to the class of dangerous goods,
- Warehouse / port separation distance of dangerous goods storage,
- Seperation terms,
- Dangerous cargo documentation,
- Loads containing dangerous emergency action flowchart issues,

Prepared as Hazardous Material Handbook in the size of a pocketbook and given as annexed hereto

#### 6 PROCEDURES FOR THE OPERATION

- 6.1 Prosedure of ships carrying dangerous goods safely Berthing, loading / unloading, shelter or anchorage during the day and at night
- **6.1.1** Direct when and where a ship, having any dangerous cargoes on board, should anchor, moor, berth or remain within the port area, taking into consideration relevant matters such as the quantity and nature of the dangerous cargoes involved, the environment, the population, the weather conditions;
- **6.1.2** Direct, in an emergency, a ship having any dangerous cargoes on board to be moved within the port area, or to be removed from the port area having due regard to the safety of the ship and its crew; and
- **6.1.3** Attach such requirements to any such directions as are appropriate to local circumstances and the quantity and nature of the dangerous cargoes involved.

#### **6.1.4** The port operator ensure that:

- **6.1.4.1** adequate and safe mooring facilities are provided; and
- **6.1.4.2** adequate safe access is provided between the ship and the shore.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.	
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	6-2	
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE					

- 6.2 Procedure of according to the seasonal conditions additional measures that Loading/Unloading, limbo operation of dangerous goods should be taken by port facilties
- **6.2.1** Bulk liquid cargos are not made in open storages where they will react dangerously when raining, in the event of stormy weather or contact with water.
  - 6.3 Procedures on keeping any inflammable, combustible and explosive materials away from operations which cause or are likely to cause sparking and abstaining from operating any tools, apparatus or device which cause or are likely to cause sparking in areas where hazardous materials are handled, stowed and stored
- **6.3.1** Before starting any hot work, on a port, the responsible person of the company to carry out the hot work shall be in possession of a written authorization to carry out such hot work issued by the port authority. Such authorization should include details of the specific location of the hot work as well as the safety precautions to be followed.
- **6.3.2** In addition to the safety precautions required be the port authority, before starting any hot work, the responsible person of the company to carry out the hot work together with the responsible person(s) of the ship and/or port, should add any additional safety precautions required by the ship and/or port.

#### 6.3.3 These should include:

- **6.3.3.1** The examination, and frequency of re-examination of local areas and adjacent areas, including tests, carried out by accredited testing establishments, to ensure the areas are free, and continue to be free, of flammable and/or explosive atmospheres and, where appropriate, are not deficient in oxygen;
- **6.3.3.2** The removal of dangerous cargoes and other flammable substances and objects away from the working and adjacent areas. This includes scale, sludge, sediment and other possible flammable material;
- **6.3.3.3** Efficient protection of flammable structural members, e.g. beams, wooden walls, floors, doors, wall and ceiling coverings against accidental ignition; and
- **6.3.3.4** The sealing of open pipes, pipe lead-throughs, valves, joints, gaps and open parts to prevent the transfer of flames, sparks and hot particles from the working areas to adjacent or other areas.
- **6.3.4** A duplicate of the hot work authorization and safety precautions should be posted adjacent to the work area as well as at each entrance to the work area. The authorization and safety precautions should be readily visible to, and clearly understood by, all persons engaged in the hot work.
- **6.3.5** While carrying out hot work it is essential that:
- **6.3.5.1** Checks are carried out to ensure that conditions have not changed; and
- **6.3.5.2** At least one suitable fire extinguisher, or other suitable fire-extinguishing equipment is readily available for immediate use at the location of the hot work.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	7-3
PETLINE DANCEPOUS COODS SAFETY CHIDE					

- **6.3.6** During hot work, on completion and for a sufficient time after completion of such work, an effective fire-watch should be maintained in the area of the hot work as well as adjacent areas where a hazard resulting from the transfer of heat may be created.
- **6.3.7** Additional valuable guidance on hot work procedures may be found In particular, the International Safety Guide for Oil Tankers and Terminals (ISGOTT) and Permission to Work on the facilities and platform in accordance with the Work Permit Procedure are consulted.
- 6.3.8 In addition, Port Facility Occupational Safety Procedures is followed
  - 6.4 Procedures on fumigation, gas measurement and degasification

N/A

- 7 Documentation, Control And Record
- 7.1 Procedures regarding to all necessary documents, information and certification relating to dangerous substances and their procurement and control by the relevant persons
- **7.1.1** The following documents related to hazardous substances are kept up to date.

IMDG Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

MARPOL 73/78 International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships, 1973/78 as amended

S O L A S 74 International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea, 1974 as amended

ISGOTT International Safety Guide for Oil Tankers and Terminals

**7.1.2** The Operational Division for Hazardous Materials handled by our Port arriving at the port,

shipped from the port,

stored at the port, and

stored at the port on a temporary basis

develop all records fully and keep the same for submission upon request regarding any hazardous materials

The records of hazardous materials are limited to the personnel who need to know the same.

- 7.2 Procedures of keeping a regular and accurate current list of all hazardous substances in the coastal facility area and other relevant information.
- **7.2.1** Records of dangerous cargo handled in our port will be kept by the Operations department to include the following information.
- Number.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	7-4
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE				

- PSN name (Proper Shipping Name,
- Class (with lower hazards)
- Marine Pollutant or otherwise
- Receiver.
- Shipper,
- Seal number
- Additional Information (ignition temperature, viscosity, etc.)
- Storage location in the Port Area
- Duration of stay in the Port
- **7.2.2** This information is recorded on computer or in the file layout so that only authorized personnel can access and presented upon request.
  - 7.3 Procedures regarding to appropriate identification of hazardous substances delivered to the facility, correct use of shipping names of dangerous cargo, certification, packaging, labeling and declaration, inspection on loading and transport of dangerous goods in the certified and proper package, container or cargo unit in a safety way and reporting of inspection results.
- **7.3.1** Coordinately with the Operation, Planning checks the accuracy of the following information through the dangerous cargo documents delivered to the Port and organized by the Shipper;
- Number,
- PSN name (Proper Shipping Name,
- Class (with lower hazards)
- Marine Pollutant or otherwise,
- Seal number
- Additional Information (ignition temperature, viscosity, etc.)
- Storage location in the Port Area
- **7.3.2** This information is controlled by Port Facility employee.

# 7.4 Procedures related to procurement of the Hazardous materials safety information sheets (SDS).

- **7.4.1** According to the Laws of our country as of January 1st, 2014, Dangerous Goods Safety Data Sheet (SDS) with the following information must be present with the dangerous goods to be transported through all transport modes (by road, rail, air and marine).
- Number,
- PSN name (Proper Shipping Name,) (required for marine transport)
- Class (with lower hazards)
- Packaging Group (Class 3)
- Marine Pollutants or otherwise,
- Tunnel Restriction Code (required for road transport.
- **7.4.2** It is checked that if this document is available with the Dangerous substance for the all Dangerous goods to be accepted in the port.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	8-1
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE				

#### 7.5 Procedures for records and statistics of dangerous goods.

- **7.5.1** Administration, it is required that a report including the information of dangerous goods handled in our Port Facility will be reported to the Port Authority in by 3-month periods. The report sample issued by the Operation Department are shown below.
- **7.5.2** Statistical evaluation of records of dangerous goods handled in our port is carried out by our Trade, operation departments.
- **7.5.3** Monthly inventory and control reports of Dangerous goods stocked in our Port Area is organized by the operation department and submitted to Administration.
- **7.5.4** Records and reports are archived by department by 5-year period.
- 7.6 Information on Quality Management System...

ISO9001: 2008 Quality Management System is implemented.

- 8 EMERGENCY SITUATION, EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE
- 8.1 Response procedures for hazardous substances that are dangerous for life, property and/or environment and hazardous situations involving hazardous materials

#### 8.1.1 Decision making;

The choice of protective actions for a given situation depends on a number of factors. For some cases, evacuation may be the best option; inothers, sheltering in-place may be the best course. Sometimes, the set woactionS may be used in combination. In any emergency, officials need to quickly give the public instructions. The public will need continuing information andinstructions while being evacuated or sheltered in-place.

Proper evaluation of the factors listed below will determine the effectiveness of evacuation or in-place protection (shelter in-place). The importance of these factors can vary with emergency conditions. In specific emergencies, other factors may need to be identified and considered aswell. This list indicates what kind of information may be needed to make the initial decision.

#### The Dangerous Goods

Degree of health hazard Chemical and physical properties Amount involved Containment/control of release Rate of vapor movement



Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.	
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	8-2	
DANCEDOUS COODS SAFETY CUIDE					

#### The Population Threatened

Location

Number of people

Time available to evacuate or shelter in-place

Ability to control evacuation or shelter in-place

Building types and availability

Special institutions or populations, e.g., nursing homes, hospitals, prisons

#### **Weather Conditions**

Effect on vapor and cloud movement Potential for change Effect on evacuation or shelter in-place

#### **Protective Actions and Response** 8.1.2

Protective Actions are those steps taken to preserve the health and safety of emergency responders and the public during an incident involving releases of dangerous goods and Appendix-5 produced according to specified hazardous substances in the feature act according to the Emergency Response Table. Isolate Hazard Area and Deny Entry means to keep everybody away from the area if they are not directly involved in emergency response operations. Unprotected emergency responders should not be allowed to enter the isolation zone.

#### 8.1.3 **Evacute**

Evacuate means to move all people from athreatened area to a safer place. To perform an evacuation, there must be enough time for people to be warned, to get ready, and to leave an area. If there is enough time, evacuation is the best protective action.

Begin evacuating people near by and those outdoors in direct view of the scene. When additional help arrives, expand the area to be evacuated downwind and crosswind to at least the extent recommended in measures specified in the Emergency Response Table referred to in Annex-5. Even after people move to the distances recommended, they may not be completely safe from harm.

They should not be permitted to congregate at such distances. Send evacuees to a definite place, by aspecific route, far enough away so they will not have to be moved again if the wind shifts.

In the case of an emergency, the areas to which the persons are to be assembled in the Terminal are identified and marked as "Emergency Assemble Points".

#### 8.1.4 **Shelter In-Place**

Shelter In-Place means people should seek shelter inside a building and remain inside until the danger passes. Sheltering in-place isused when evacuating the public would cause greater risk than staying where they are, or when an evacuation cannot be performed. Direct the people inside to close all doors and windows and to shut off all ventilating, heating and cooling systems.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	8-3
PETLINE	DANG	EROUS GOO	DS SAFE	TY GUIDE	

#### In-place protection (shelter in-place) may not be the best option if

- the vapors are flammable;
- if it will take along time for the gas to clear the area; or
- if buildings cannot be closed tightly.

It is vital to maintain communications with competent persons in side the building so that they are advised about changing conditions. Persons protected-in-place should be warned to stay far from windows because of the danger from glass and projected metal fragments in a fire and/or explosion. Every dangerous goods incident is different. Each will have special problems and concerns. Action to protect the public must be selected carefully.

# 8.2 Information on resource, capability and capacity of the coastal facilities regarding to respond to emergencies.

- **8.2.1** The facility features an approved fire plan. Firefighting teams are created for each shift. Demonstrations and exercises, either scheduled or unscheduled, are provided for training purposes within the scope of various scenarios at indefinite times. The firefighting equipment stipulated by the approved plan are made available fully and maintenance, inspection and test activities shall be conducted for the same.
- **8.2.2** The facility has an approved action plan against Environmental and Marine Pollution. For each shift, pollution-fighting teams are created. Demonstrations and exercises shall be provided twice a year within the scope of a scheduled scenario, and the reports and records of the same shall be kept. The equipment relating to Environmental and Marine Pollution shall be stored at the facility with counting and inspections in place. Additionally, the facility have a protocol for materials stored in the area to ensure support in case of circumstances with inadequate means.
- **8.2.3** The response teams are appointed against the spillage of hazardous materials in line with this guideline and pursuant to IMDG Code.
  - 8.3 Regulations related to the first aid for accidents involving dangerous substances (first aid procedures, first aid resources and capabilities and so on.).

The "Medical First Aid Guide (MFAG)" in the IMDG Code appendix and Emergency Plans (EmS) in the IMDG Code appendix are used for emergency situations involving dangerous cargoes.

At the same time, Emergency Response tables are also used in Annex-5 of the Dangerous Goods Emergency Plan.

# 8.4 On-site and off site Notifications required to be made in case of emergency

- a) Time of accident occurrence,
- b) How the accident occurs and its reason, if known,
- c) Place where the accident occurs (onshore facility and/or vessel) and its position and impact area,

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	8-4
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE				

- ç) Details of vessels involved in the accident, if any (name, flag, IMO no, owner, operator, cargo and its content, full name of the captain and similar details),
- d) Meteorological conditions,
- e) UN number of hazardous material and description of proper handling (the legislation provided in the description of hazardous materials shall apply) and quantity,
- f) Hazard class and sub-hazard class, if any, of hazardous materials,
- g) Packaging group of hazardous materials,
- ğ) Additional risks posed by hazardous materials, if any, such as marine pollutant,
- h) Marking and labelling details of hazardous materials,
- i) Properties and number of packing, cargo handling unit and container by which hazardous materials are carried, if any,
- i) Manufacturer, shipper, transporter and recipient of hazardous materials,
- j) Extent of resulting damage/pollution,
- k) Number of casualties, injuries and loss, if any,
- I) Emergency response practices performed at the onshore facility regarding the accident.

#### 8.5 The procedures for reporting accidents.

Dangerous cargo accidents will definitely be reported to the Port Authority and related institutions. The report form will completely contain the following information about the accident which formed in ANNEX-11.16.

- a) Time of accident occurrence,
- b) How the accident occurs and its reason, if known,
- c) Place where the accident occurs (onshore facility and/or vessel) and its position and impact area,
- ç) Details of vessels involved in the accident, if any (name, flag, IMO no, owner, operator, cargo and its content, full name of the captain and similar details),
- d) Meteorological conditions,
- e) UN number of hazardous material and description of proper handling (the legislation provided in the description of hazardous materials shall apply) and quantity.
- f) Hazard class and sub-hazard class, if any, of hazardous materials,
- g) Packaging group of hazardous materials,
- ğ) Additional risks posed by hazardous materials, if any, such as marine pollutant,
- h) Marking and labelling details of hazardous materials,
- I) Properties and number of packing, cargo handling unit and container by which hazardous materials are carried, if any,
- i) Manufacturer, shipper, transporter and recipient of hazardous materials.
- j) Extent of resulting damage/pollution,
- k) Number of casualties, injuries and loss, if any,
- I) Emergency response practices performed at the onshore facility regarding the accident.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	8-5
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE				

## 8.6 Coordination, support and cooperation method with authorities.

- **8.6.1** All accidents related to hazardous materials will primarily be coordinated with Port Authority. Aid units of city / County Fire Department, DEMP and adjacent facilities will provide support and cooperation by informing the Port Authority.
- **8.6.2** In case of any signs of explosion, fire or emergency noticed at an adjacent facility;

Measures shall be tightened at the facility in the first place,

Teams shall be caused to get prepared for providing with the adjacent facility with assistance

- **8.6.3** Assistance and support teams shall be assigned for responding to any event in consideration of the urgency of situation and the severity of hazard, if there is no possibility to request help or time.
- **8.6.4** Preparations shall be in place for measures such as unloading and reduction of loads and removal of the vessel to anchorage site in case of any interface vessel in consideration of class, quantity and hazard risk of loads available at hazardous cargo site and on site.

# 8.7 Emergency evacuation plan for the evacuation of the ship and vessels from the coastal facility in case of emergency

#### 8.7.1 Preparation for Emergency Separation System

All emergencies should be reported to the Port Authority. If the emergency separation of ship is decided, the safe places that the ship can be transferred under controlled conditions must be specified by the Port Authority. In case of an emergency situation that requires emergency separation, the ship's captain and port facilities shall initiate the emergency separation by mutual agreement and inform the situation to the Port Authority as as soon as possible. A representative from Port Authority or Port Master, Terminal Manager / Business Officer, Ship Captain, Guide Captain shall come to a mutual agreement on the time and type of the separation before the immediate action where the severity and time of the emergency allow.

The ship's machinery, steering gear and Marine Systems equipment shall be ready for use immediately.

All cargo discharge, ballast discharge process must be stopped and shall be prepared for the separation process.

Salt water system of the ship must be watered and water mist must be used for strategic departments..

If the atmosphere needs vent operation, the engine room staff must be ready, all unnecessary receiver entrance must be closed, all the necessary safety measures relating to the normal operation must be fulfilled and and a warning notice must be published.

If the necessary responds are over the terminal resources for all emergencies, local police or fire department must be reported immediately.

The decision to depart the ship under control is set out on the safety principle and it should cover the following requirements.

- 1. The adequacy of the Trailers
- 2. The ships's ability to depart with its own power
- 3. The availability of a safe place that a ship can or will be taken in an

PETLINE

Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.		
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	8-6		
DANCEDOUS COODS SAFETY CHIDE						

emergency case.

- 4. Fire-fighting competence
- 5. The proximity of other vessels
- 6. Fire Ropes

Fire ropes shall be kept on the top and shoulder of the ships as long as the ship is at Port Facility. The eye of the rope should be wound down to the sea level and the section on the board must be tight with at least five rounds to the bollard. Part of the top board of the rope must be stretched from the bollard. A cord that can carry the rope must be tied right before the eyes of the rope and the eye of the rope must be located in a way that it is three meters above the sea level. The eye of rope must be kept at this level while the ship is at Port Facility.

#### 8.7.2 Realization of Emergency Separation

If all the preparations above examined and deemed appropriate, the ship will be immediately departed.

Emergency separation will be provided by the fulfillment of the following processes in order.

A close coordination and cooperation between Terminal, Ship and Port Authorities is required for each phase.

**8.7.2.3** Emergency Separation Process is as below.

- 1. Activating an alarm
- 2. Inform about the emergency by VHF phone
- 3. Making the first official assessment of the situation between the ship's captain and officer of Port Facility.
- 4. Suspension of operation
- 5. Implementing Port facility and ship emergency plan measures
- 6. Removal of the flexible hose connection.
- 7. The deterioration of the current situation and availability of the aforementioned emergency separation.
- 8. Making the assessment of the situation between the ship's captain, port facility officer, port authority or port master, guide captain
- 9. The decision to the emergency separation
- 10. Inform the adjacent facilities and other vessels
- 11. The deployment of Trailers around the ship for an emergency separation, complement of the preparation and announcement of the situation
- 12. Completing the preparations for the ship by the captain and indicating that it is ready.
- 13. Granting approval for the opening of the release hook by the competent person.

#### **ATTENTION!**

THE IMPLEMENTATION OF EMERGENCY SEPARATION PROCESS MUST BE CONSIDERED AS THE LAST RESORT AND SEPARATION HOOKS MUST NOT BE RELEASED BEFORE TAKING ALL NECESSARY MEASURES AND FULFILLING THE CONDITIONS ABOVE.

	Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
		Date	No	Date	Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	8-1
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE				

#### **Post Emergency Separation**

Declaration of the decision on vessel back up and navigation route after the separation process of vessel.

Transition / mooring of the vessel to designated area in company with towboats or its own machine

Port Facility: Determining possible damages or deficiencies through examining the port facility

Consideration of the time when the vessel and port facility become available for freight handling

Sharing problems, if any, occurred during emergency separation

An agreement is reached by and between pilotage and towage organizations and onshore facility authorities regarding any fire, explosion or similar emergencies which are likely to arise during loading/unloading.

Adequate towing boats having satisfactory towing power as furnished with necessary equipment to fight fire in line with weather and marine conditions shall reach the scene as soon as possible in case of emergencies pursuant to the protocol executed with the authorized company to remove the vessel away from the facility and move it to a safe location.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	8-1
PETLINE	PETLINE DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE				

# 8.8 Procedures for handling and disposal of the damaged hazardous goods and wastes contaminated with hazardous goods.

#### 8.8.1 Waste Collecting and Handling

Consequential waste are collected to waste bins taxonomically and handled to be stored properly. Waste occurred as a result of the maintenance process are handled in that scope.

Additional waste classes, if available, are provided to be integrated into the current waste classes.

#### 8.8.2 Waste disposal

According to the hazardous or non-hazardous properties, the waste collected are isolated from the facility by selling them or using contracted organizations which are in conformity with legal recycling/disposal methods.

Opportunities of all contractors and carriers within the body of waste management in terms of appropriate methods of waste handling and/or disposal are examined.

In case of any contracting service received for handling, selling and/or disposal of the waste, those contracting companies are observed whether they fulfill their legal liabilities or perform recycling or disposal without damaging the environment.

It is an obligation to keep all the records concerning waste disposal.

#### 8.8.3 Contaminated Packages;

These waste are empty barrels. If occurred, should be left to the contaminated package area in the dump site and Environmental Consulting Firm and Environmental Management System Supervisor contact with contracted and licensed company to send those contaminated packages through filling up the National Waste Handling Form within the time specified in the laws and regulation. Relevant documents of National Waste Handling Form and other documents are stored in environment folder.

Contaminated Waste; are used gloves, waste cottons and work uniforms. When occurred, should be collected at the waste barrel which is located at the exit of the production-warehouse department and then moved to the waste area. Within the time specified in the laws and regulation, Environmental Consulting Firm and Environmental Management System Supervisor contact with contracted and licensed company to send those contaminated packages through filling up the National Waste Handling Form. Relevant documents of National Waste Handling Form and other documents are stored in environment folder.

- 8.9 Emergency drills and their records.
- 8.9.1 Implementation of Practices;

	Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
		Date	No	Date	Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	8-2
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE				

Emergency organization personnel should get various trainings to get ready for their duties with the purpose of providing against emergencies within the facility. If necessary, such trainings must be organized through specialized agencies. In that scope, relevant personnel have received trainings on IMDG CODE regarding Hazardous cargos and have been certified. Practices, which shall be performed in an effort to examine the efficiency of Emergency Plans and be prepared for facts, have to be planned in a way that they will be performed considering the worst scenario likelihood within the facility.

8.9.2 Practice Scenarios;

Planning practices needs two anticipations one of which is a single incident that the port experience and the other is the worst scenario with the combination of these single incidents. In accordance with the scenarios prepared, practices are ensured to be performed in the fastest and most efficient way possible.

#### 8.9.3 Emergency Practices which will be performed within the facility;

Have to be indicated within annual training plans.

May be planned as local or general responses,

Safety, Spillage, etc. may be combined in practice scenarios,

Practices can be performed with or without notices.

Practices are based upon different emergency scenarios.

A practice may be actually performed as it can be negotiated as a desk work or a seminary,

Each practice is prepared with scenarios of different hours, days, seasons and incidents.

#### 8.10 Information on fire protection systems.

**8.10.1** Emergency and fire equipment is given as follows:

Fire hydrants, Fire extinguishers, Fire cabinets and Fire hoses, On-site fire alarm detectors, Electrical and diesel fire pumps

The fire inventory is as in the Emergency Plan

## 8.11 Procedures for approval, inspection, testing, maintenance and availability of the fire protection system.

#### 8.11.1 Fire-Protection Water Tanks and Fire-Protection Water

- **8.11.1.1** The storeroom should be cleaned up at least once a year by discharging the content in order to prevent possible hazards from moss and mud built up in the bottom and sides in the event of fire. Inlet valves, check valve and filters are maintained during the discharge process of pondages.
- **8.11.1.2** In case of sudden drawdown on water level, it must be checked for a seep or leakage and repaired if necessary.
- **8.11.1.3** Following the annual check, if necessary, internal and external cleaning and maintenance should be performed in sealed stores.

#### 8.11.2 Fire-Protection Water Pumps

	Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
		Date	No	Date	Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	8-3
PETLINE DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE					

- **8.11.2.1** Points to take into consideration regarding operation of pumps and troubleshooting i addition to scheduled maintenance are specified below.
- **8.11.2.1** Pumps, stuffing boxes, pressure bolts are checked interrelated and it is ensured whether the pump can be turned up manually with ease or not. Water drops from stuffing box during the operation of the pump is typical. In order to prevent such water flow to the ground, the threaded opening under the stuffing box must be connected to the drainage with a tube.
- **8.11.2.2** Fire-protection water pumps must be operated and recorded at least 1 hour a week.
- **8.11.2.3** Pump and suction pipe are ensured to be completely full of water. If it is not, water filling plug and bleed valve must be opened and such parts mentioned must be filled up with water until they overflow and when the water stops at the plug level, the plug must be tightened properly.
- **8.11.2.4** Pump motor will draw excessive current because of the starting current at the early stages of the operation. As a result of the simultaneous operation of all pumps, cutout switches may be tripped or diesel generators may be broken down seriously because of the heavy current. Therefore, limit relays that regulates the transition -from the star located at the shielded switch which drives the pump motors to triangle- must be arranged according to the number of pumps and the amount of pumps to be operated simultaneously and with respect to different and appropriate time intervals and timely initiation of pumps is provided.
- **8.11.2.5** After performing aforesaid preliminaries and checks, pumps are operated by pressing the drive switches. During the operation, electric motor voltage and the ampere driven must be checked from time to time. If the ampere driven is high at normal operation, a troubleshooting is needed. There may be a mechanical breakdown or force at the pump or motor. Substandard voltages may be hazardous for motor.
- **8.11.2.6** Monometers must be checked regularly and one or more pumps must be stopped in case of excess pressure increases.
- **8.11.2.7** Delivery pipes of pumps must be equipped with valves initially and check valves thereon.
- **8.11.2.8** If the check valve of the failed pump on the delivery pipe is blocked by materials such as paper, garbage, pieces, moss, mud and interrupts the proper close of the check valve, a part of the water pumped by the other pumps is pumped to the pool while passing through this failed pumps and suction pipes. This failure blocking the water discharge must be fixed in condition of fire occurrence. If a spinning is detected on some of the couplings of failed pumps during the operation of a part of the pumps, it must be interpreted as a sign for the above mentioned failure.
- **8.11.2.9** It must be ensured that the pump and the engine are at the right direction during the operation. For that reason, return path must be drawn on the coupling and control must be performed accordingly.
- **8.11.2.10** The bearings of the pump and engine must not be hotter than hands can resist. If the heat is high, it may be resulted from an internal mechanical forcing or coupling maladjustment. In such situations pump must be stopped and the failure must be corrected immediately.
- **8.11.2.11** For pumps driven by diesel engine, starting the engine must be carried out in line with the instructions.

	Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
		Date	No	Date	Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	8-4
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE				

**8.11.2.12** In condition that a deficiency or malfunction is detected as a result of control, it is fixed by the responsibles.

#### 8.11.3 Sprinkler System

**8.11.3.1** The most important point and maintenance to do about sprinkler installation is preventing sprinkler head to be congested. To supply this; sprinkler should be worked according to standards/legislations and should be sure that it is working. Sufficient sprinkler head should be keep in every facility and in case of failure, it should be replaced with new ones, broken ones should be towed by repairing.

#### 8.11.4 Fire Protection Hydrant Installation

- **8.11.4.1** Entering rain water into fire-protection hydrant hose closets should be prevented; hoses should be without fracture, solid and constricted enough. At least one of the hoses should be maintained as always connected to fire protection valve.
- **8.11.4.2** Fire-protection valves should be impermeable and working. Broken nozzles, valves and hoses should be replaced immediately and faults should be repaired and towed. Therefore, sufficient hose, nozzle, fire-protection valve, clamp, sleeve and spare materials belong to those should be kept. Waiting the failure is not allowed with any reason at firefighting equipment.
- **8.11.4.3** While determined failures were fixing after drills, running fire-protection hoses shouldn't be put into closet with water in it. Facilities should supply proper hose suspension to drain the water off in hoses and to be dry and facilities shouldn't replace before ensuring that hose is quite dry. If sea water was ejaculated by hoses, firstly inside of them should be washed by fresh water and then they should be dried at a windy place.
- **8.11.4.4** All pipes belong to installation of sprinkler and fire-protection hydrants are has to be controlled in general every three months, rusty parts should be painted, decayed parts should be replaced, valves and retched valves should be controlled and failure should be fixed.
- **8.11.4.5** If any lack or malfunction is determined as a result of all fire-protection hydrants, hoses, and nozzles control it is fixed by related liable.

#### 8.11.5 Portable Extinguishers

- **8.11.5.1** Sufficient quantity of spare device should always be in facility storages for failure, control and maintenance. Instead of extinguishers those were used for purposes above should be replaced with reserves.
- **8.11.5.2** All extinguishers are had visual test monthly and inspected. After control, extinguishers' upper surface is marked. During the control, especially extinguishers with dry powder are turned down and slightly hit the base, so powder in pipe is allowed to move. Otherwise, powder in extinguishers stays at same location for a long time can be hardened by subsiding to base. After the result of control; if any lack or malfunction is determined, it is fixed by related liable.
- **8.11.5.3** Extinguishers are inspected annually in general by firm according to TS ISO 11602-2 Fire Protection: Portable and wheeled extinguisher standard. Extinguishers are tested by related firm in ten years most intervals, chemical powder is inspected at the end of the 4th year.

PETLINE	

Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.			
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	8-5			
DANTO	DANGEROUG GOODG GARREN GUIDE						

#### 8.11.6 Protection against freezing.

- **8.11.6.1** Protection of Generators
- **8.11.6.1.1** By outside temperature's decreasing under +4C, water may start to freeze. Therefore, radiator's generators with water-cooled motor should be ensured with antifreeze.
- **8.11.6.2** Protection fire-protection water pumps.
- **8.11.6.2.1** Fire-protection water pumps and absorption pipes are always full with water. So ambient temperature shouldn't be under +4 C.
- **8.11.6.3** Protecting of fire-protection distribution pipes.
- **8.11.6.3.1** Main pipes and branch pipes are had to be protected against the freezing about hydrant sinks. So, lines are protected against freezing by isolation or being floored underground.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	8-6
PETLINE	DANCEPOUS COODS SAFETY CHIDE				

### 8.12 The measures to be taken in case of failure on fire protection systems.

- **8.12.1** The facility is a system with established alternative competency which backs up firefighting equipment.
- **8.12.2** The support of adjacent facilities, Fire departments and AFAD (Disaster and Emergency Management Directorate) shall be sought in cases where the facility's own fire fighting equipment is inadequate or out of service.
- **8.12.3** Other hazardous and combustible materials / vehicles, which are likely to be affected from fire, shall be removed away from the area, if possible.
- **8.12.4** A necessity may arise to determine under which conditions assistance and support are provided and their scope.
- **8.12.5** The capabilities of towing boats or marine vehicles featuring marine fire extinguishing system available in the area should be taken into consideration.

#### 8.13 Other risk control equipment

PETLINE	

Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.		
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	9-1		
DANCEDOUS COODS SAFETY CHIDE						

#### 9 SAFETY AND HEALTH AT WORK MEASURES

#### 9.1 Occupational health and safety measures.

The main purpose in terms of OHS-E is to make all employees aware of risks and dangers, to increase their awareness, to act in accordance with the measures taken and defined rules for the prevention of accidents and incidents, and to act in accordance with the principles of preventing pollution. Employees are obliged to comply with the defined methods regarding occupational health, safety and environmental management processes and the requirements in the documents created, to supervise compliance, and to warn those who do not comply with the rules in case of noncompliance. The Port Facility Management is obliged to take all necessary measures to prevent the employees from being affected by these substances when working with dangerous chemical substances, to minimize this if it is not possible, and to protect the employees from the dangers of these substances. Harbor Structure Management is obligated to take all necessary measures to prevent employees to be affected of these substances, if this is not possible; minimizing it and to protect employees from the danger of these substances when working with chemical substances.

#### 9.1.1 Risk assessment

- **9.1.1.1** Harbor Structure Management is obligated to do a risk assessment in accordance with 29/12/2012 dated, 28512 numbered Occupational Health and Safety Regulation provisions published at official gazette to determine if there is dangerous chemical substance at Harbor Structure and if there is; determining negative effects in terms of employees' health and safety.
- **9.1.1.2** Following details are specifically considered at risk assessment to be made at studies with chemical substances:
- **9.1.1.2.1** Danger and harms of chemical substance in terms of health and safety.
- **9.1.1.2.2** Turkish material safety verse form (SDS)to be provided from sellers, manufacturers or importers.
- **9.1.1.2.3** Duration, type and level of contagion.
- **9.1.1.2.4** Quantity, conditions of usage and frequency of usage of chemical substance.
- **9.1.1.2.5** Vocational exposition limit values and biological limit values given at annexes of this regulation
- **9.1.1.2.6** . Effect of preventive measures to be taken or taken.
- **9.1.1.2.7** If available, results of last health surveillance.
- **9.1.1.2.8** Each of these substances and their interactions with each other at works that was worked in with more than one chemical substances.
- **9.1.1.3** Harbor Structure Management obtains extra information from supplier or other sources that is necessary for risk assessment. This information also includes special risk assessments involved in current regulations if available intended for users.
- **9.1.1.4** A new activity includes dangerous chemical substance is only started after taking all types of measures those were specified by doing risk assessment.
- **9.1.1.5** Measures to be taken at studying when dangerous chemical substances.
- **9.1.1.5.1** Risks in terms of employees health and safety when studying with dangerous chemical substances are disabled or minimized with following measures:

PETLINE

Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
	Date	No	Date	Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	9-2
DANIC	EDOLIG GOO	DOOLER	WY CHIDE	

- **9.1.1.5.2** Proper regulation and organization of work are done at Harbor Structure.
- **9.1.1.5.3** Studies with dangerous chemical substances are made with minimum number of employees.
- **9.1.1.5.4** Substance quantity and exposition period employees will be exposed is allowed to be at minimum level.
- **9.1.1.5.5** Chemical substance quantity to be used at Harbor Structure is kept at minimum level.
- **9.1.1.5.6** Work place building and extensions are always kept clean and neat.
- **9.1.1.5.7** Proper and sufficient conditions are provided for employees' personnel cleaning.
- **9.1.1.5.8** Necessary regulations are made to store, transport, use and process dangerous chemical substances, waste and residuals properly at Harbor Structure.
- **9.1.1.5.9** Safe or less dangerous chemical substance is used instead of dangerous substance in terms of employees' health by using substitution method. If substitution method can't be used because of specification of the work, according to risk assessment result and with order of precedence, following measures are taken and risk is reduced:
- **9.1.1.5.10** Proper process and engineering control systems are chosen by also considering technological developments at studying with dangerous chemical substances involving maintenance and repair works those can be hazardous in terms of employees' health and safety.
- **9.1.1.5.11** Block protection measures like installing sufficient ventilation system and proper work organization are taken to prevent risk at its source.
- **9.1.1.5.12** In case of taken measures for protecting employees collectively against chemical substances' negative effects are not sufficient, personnel protection methods are adopted with these measures.
- **9.1.1.6** Sufficient control, supervision and inspection is made to allow taken measures to be active and perpetual.
- **9.1.1.7** Harbor Structure Management provides analysis and measurements of chemical substances regularly those could be hazardous for employees health. If any changing is realized at conditions those can effect Harbor Structure employees' exposition to chemical substances, these measurements are repeated. Measurement results are assessed by considering vocational exposition limit values specified in this Regulation annexes.
- **9.1.1.8** Harbor Structure Management, also considers specified measurement results. Every situation vocational exposition limit values are crossed, Harbor Structure Management takes protective and preventive measures to fix this as soon as possible.
- **9.1.1.9** On condition of remaining Regulation Provision about Protecting Employees from Dangers of Explosive Places secret, Harbor Structure Management makes administrative arrangements and takes technical measurements according to following order of precedence in accordance with turnover's specification involving to process, store and transport chemical substances, to prevent interacting chemical substances' touching each other mutually on the purpose of protecting employees from dangers which originate from chemical substances' physical and chemical feature, by basing results of risk assessment and risk avoidance principles:

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	9-3
PETLINE	DANG	EROUS GOO	DS SAFE	TY GUIDE	

- **9.1.1.9.1** For inflammable and explosive substances to reach dangerous concentration and having dangerous quantity of chemically unstable substances are prevented at Harbor Structure. If this is not possible,
- **9.1.1.9.2** Having inflammable sources those can cause fire or explosion at Harbor Structure. Conditions those can cause harmful effect of chemically unstable substances and mixtures are disabled. If this is also not possible,
- **9.1.1.9.3** . Required measures are taken to minimize or prevent employees to be effected by chemically unstable substances' and mixture's harmful effects in case of fire or explosion originate from inflammable or explosive substances.
- **9.1.1.10** Protective systems those were provided for protecting work equipment and employees, are designed, produced and supplied in accordance with legislation in force in terms of health and safety. Harbor Structure Management provides all equipment and protective systems to be used at explosive places, to be in accordance with provisions of Regulation About Equipment an Protective Systems Used at Probable Explosive Places (94/9/AT) published at 26392 4 repeated numbered and 30/12/2006 dated official gazette
- **9.1.1.11** Arrangements to reduce effect of explosion pressure are made.
- **9.1.1.12** Facility, machine and equipment are allowed to be always under control.
- **9.1.1.13** Minimum safety distances are complied with placing storage tanks those have liquid oxygen, liquid nitrogen and liquid argon at work places.

#### 9.1.2 Emergencies

- **9.1.2.1** Especially following details are considered in case of emergencies originate from dangerous chemical substances at Harbor Structure on condition of keeping details specified in Regulation about Emergencies at Workplaces published 28681 numbered and 18/6/2013 dated Official Gazette as a secret:
- **9.1.2.1.1** Preventive measures to reduce negative effects of emergencies are taken immediately and employees are informed about the situation. Necessary studies are done to return emergency to normal and only employees assigned at emergencies to do maintenance, repair and compulsory works and teams came to scene from another place are let to get into effected area
- **9.1.1.1.2** Personal protective equipment and special security equipment is given to the people allowed to enter the affected area and it is being sure that they are using them as long as the emergency situation goes on. People who do not have personal protective equipment and special security equipment are not allowed to enter the affected area.
- **9.1.2.1.3** Information about the Dangerous chemicals and emergency situation intervention and evacuation procedures are all ready for use. Workers employed for the cases of emergency at the Port Facility and the establishments active in first aid, emergency medical attention, saving and firefighting outside the work place should be provided with these information and procedures easily. These information include;

For the workers employed for the cases of emergency at the Port Facility and the establishments active in first aid, emergency medical attention, saving and firefighting outside the work place to be ready beforehand and so they can practice the appropriate attention, the danger resulting from the work done, precautions to take and works to be done,

A special danger or information about the works needed to be done that are likely to happen in an emergency situation,

	Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
		Date	No	Date	Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	9-4
PETLINE	DANG	EROUS GOO	DS SAFE	TY GUIDE	

#### 9.1.3 Workers' education and informing them

- **9.1.3.1** Port Facility Management, provided that the provisions mentioned on the Regulation 15/5/2013 dated 28648 numbered Occupational Health and Safety Education Procedures and Principles remain hidden, ensures the workers' and their representative's training and informing. This training and informing especially include the aspects mentioned below;
- **9.1.3.1.1** Information gained as a result of the risk evaluation.
- **9.1.3.1.2** Information about the dangerous substances that may occur or taking place at the Port Facility and about the recognition of these substances, health and security risks, occupational diseases, occupational exposure level values and other legal regulations.
- **9.1.3.1.3** Necessary precautions and things to do so that the worker's do not danger themselves or the other workers.
- **9.1.3.1.4** Information on the Turkish material safety data sheets supplied from the manufacturer for the dangerous chemical substances.
- **9.1.3.1.5** Information on labelling/locking the parts, covers, pumping system and suchlike instalment where the dangerous chemical substances are according to the regulations
- **9.1.3.2** The training and information to the workers and their representatives on the works with the dangerous substances are a training supported by a verbal or written instruction due to the risk degree resulting from the risk evaluation done and its type. These instructions changes according to the changing conditions.

## 9.2 Information about the personal protective clothes and procedures to use them

#### **9.2.1 Personal Protective Devices of the Response Teams**

#### Level A

Usage area: Situations where the skin, breathing, eyes and etc. need to be protected in a high standard – gas proof

Positive pressured Tube Breathing Apparatus- SCBA

Protective clothing against the chemicals

Gloves which are chemical proof from inside.

Gloves which are chemical proof from outside.

Boots or long boots, chemical proof, with steel heels.

Thermal underwear, long sleeve and cuffed

Hard Cover

Long sleeved

Double sided wireless connection (No spreading sparks)

#### Level B

The minimum level needed for the entry and exit to the scene, rather for the liquids to be spilled or scattered.

Positive pressured Tube Breathing Apparatus— SCBA

Protective clothing against the chemicals

Gloves which are chemical proof from inside.

Gloves which are chemical proof from outside.

Boots or long boots, chemical proof, with steel heels.



Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	9-5
DANO	EDOUG COO	DCCAPE	TV CLIDE	

Hard Cover

Double sided wireless connection (No spreading sparks)

Face mask

#### Level C

Used when the chemicals in environment are known, when the concentration is decided, when it is decided that the skin and eyes will not get harmed. However continuous measure should be done.

- → Full mask, air cleaning filter
- →Protective clothing against the chemicals
- →Gloves which are chemical proof from inside.
- →Gloves which are chemical proof from outside.
- →Boots or long boots, chemical proof, with steel heels.
- →Hard Cover
- →Double sided wireless connection (No spreading sparks)
- →Face mask

#### Level D

Work clothes (emergency intervention team). Requires long sleeved and security shoes/boot. Other Personal protection equipment changes due to the condition of the event. If a problem is to occur about the skin, entries to the scene with these kinds of clothes should not be done.

#### 9.3 Enclosed Space Entry Permit measures and prosedurs

The Company is responsible for determining the necessary procedures for the safe entry of personnel into Confined Spaces. The process of requesting, issuing, issuing and documenting clearances to enter a confined space should be controlled by procedures in the Security Management System (SMS). It is the responsibility of the Facility Manager to ensure that the procedures published for entering a closed area are implemented. Closed area work permit is given by providing the following working conditions before entering the closed area. An example of a closed space work permit is below.

Entrance doors or hatches leading to confined spaces should always be secured against entry when entry is not required.

The responsible person concerned must ensure the safety of the confined space;

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	9-6
PETLINE	DANG	EROUS GOO	DS SAFE	TY GUIDE	

Potential hazards should be identified in the relevant confined space assessment and isolated or made as safe as possible.

- The area must be fully ventilated by natural or mechanical means to remove toxic or flammable gases and to ensure adequate oxygen levels throughout the entire environment.
- Properly tested with appropriately calibrated instruments to detect acceptable oxygen levels and acceptable levels of flammable or toxic vapors.
- The area must be secured for entry and suitably lit.
- A suitable communication system should be agreed and tested between all parties for use at site entry.
- There should be a lookout outside as long as someone is in the confined space.
- Rescue equipment must be located ready for use at the entrance to the site and rescue arrangements have been agreed.
- Personnel entering the area should be suitably equipped with protective clothing and PPE for entry and subsequent duties.
- At the entrance-exit point of the closed / restricted area, there should be a warning sign describing the dangers of the closed area and stating that it should be stopped if it is unsafe.

All equipment used in connection with the inlet must be in good working order and checked before use.

PETLINE

Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	9-7
DANC	EDOLIC COO	DOCATE	TW CITTOR	

#### 9.3 An example of a closed space work permit is below.

PETLINE	KAPALI YER GİR	riş izni	
ESIS:			
form oo'lu genet cal	sma izninin ekidir.	TARÍH IZÍN NO :	É
riş yapdıcak mahal :	L.		
irilebilen mahalde yapılacak işler :	Ö.		
		:00000000000000000000000000000000000000	(
AZ ÖLÇÜMLERİ			
- C		40	
Oksijen	Patlayect Gaz	T .	
Minimum=%20.8	Maksimum-4 ppm		
20 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	O.K.	>4 ppm	CALISMA
	-	-	YAPILAMA
Düşük	- 1	- 10 (Next	171
	1 ppm		
	4 ppm	<del>-</del> \$	
Solutum cihacs kullandmahdar	Aşağıdaki önlemler almarak giriş yapılabilir		
	8 13 1		
	33		
80			
<b>+</b>		igi .	
50001		Evet	Hayar
Sürekli hava sirkülasyonu sağlanmaktı	1 ma?		
Giriş yapacak kişinin enniyet kemeri	re buna bağlı yeterli ipi var mı?	30	8
Tank dışında bir kişinin sürekli olarak		38	8
Tankın tüm giriş ve çıkış hatları körler	imiş mi?		
Giriş yapacak kişi kağıt talum, eldiver		1	8
		- 3	
		-38	0
- A TOTAL CO. 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	limekteyse, OCTEL talimutlan		
uygulaniyor mu?	19-7-111	*	
Giriş yapacak kişi kağıt talum, eldiver Tank içindeki mikser vs sigortaları söl Solumun cihazı (gerekiyorsa) dolu ve Kurşunlu mal stoklanmış bir tanka gir uygalamyor mu?	ülerek izole edildi mi? bakımlı mı?		
ACC-011.021101		N.	\$1.
K-011.021101			
AVE ÖNLEMLER			
88.00 a d 5 - 10 a d 4			
190 co 40 co 4 co 5 co 5 co 5 co 5 co 5 co 5 co 5	14.	17 90 90 17	
Giriş Yapılabilir	İşletme Şartlan Uygundar		lım, tüm kurallara
		uyulacağın	ı taahût ederim,
Commenter on an inches	for every enemal	edware a	Commence of the Section of



Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
	Date	No	Date	Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	9-8

PETLINE	KAPALI MAHALLELERE GİRİŞ İZNİ	TARÍH:
Form No: PETZT-03		

KAPALI MAHALLEYE GÎRECEK KÎŞÎLER				SOLUNUM	EMNIYET
İSİM	TULUM	ELDÍVEN	ÇİZME	CİHAZI	KEMERI
		3		3	
		2.0		2 53	
				8 8	

#### IZNÎN GEÇERLÎLÎĞÎ VE YENÎLENMESÎ

- Aşağıdaki yenilenme yapılmadığı sürece, izin sadece 8 saat için geçerlidir.
   Yenileme yapılabilmesi için ön taraftaki/yukarıdaki sorunların güncelliklerinin konudukları kontrol edilir.
   Her şart alında ba form en fazla bir hafta süreyşe kullamlabilir.

TARIH	OKSIJEN	PAT. GAZ	TEKNÍK EMNÍYET	ISLETME	FIRMA
	Secretary and	- Marie Contracting	JONES TOTAL NEST CAR	V	11100000
	6 9	8		3	
	1 0				
	- 6			8	
	- 8 3	- 6		2	
	8 8	- 3			
	(8) (8)	334		2 9	
	3 8				
	- 8			3	
	- R	-			
		1			

#### DİKKAT!

#### SOLUNUM CİHAZI KULLANILDIKTAN SONRA TEKRAR DOLDURULUP TEKNİK EMNİYET SORUMLUSUNA TESLIM EDİLMELİDİR.

ım iş tamemlandığında doldurulur :		
lş emniyetli ve tarifine uygun olarak yapılmıştır.	Yapılan iş işletme şartlama uygundur.	lş emniyetli ve sağlıl olarak tamamlanmışt
Müteahhit Firma Yetkilisi	İşletme Amiri	Teknik Emmiyet

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.		
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-1		
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE						

#### 10 OTHER POINT

#### 10.1 Validity of the Hazardous Substances Compliance Certificate.

10.1.1 Dangerous Goods Compliance Certificate validity period It is valid throughout the coastal operation permit period.

Coastal Operation permit validity period of the facility: 11.07.2023 Dangerous Goods Conformity Certificate Validity Period: 07.07.2025

#### 10.2 Responsibilities of the Dangerous Goods Safety Consultant

Monitoring compliance with the requirements for the carriage of dangerous goods; Providing suggestions to the business regarding the transportation of dangerous goods;

- Preparing an annual report to the management of the business, or to a local public institution, on the activities of the business within the scope of the transportation of dangerous goods. Such annual reports are retained for five years and made available to national authorities upon request.
  - 10.3 Matters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leaving coastal facility by land (matters on required documents that must be available in the road vehicle at the entrance/exit of port or coastal facility area, equipment and tools required for this vehicles, speed limits in the port area etc.).

### 10.3.1 Package with cleared shelves and heavy pallets (liquid or solid packaging):

- **10.3.1.1** Name of recipient (shipper) and date of delivery to the port area, normally no later than 24 hours prior to arrival;
- **10.3.1.2** For packaged dangerous goods: Proper Shipping name of the dangerous goods, UN number, for class 1 the class or designated part of the products, letter of conformity group (where applicable), sub-risk, if any, number and type of parcels, packing group, glare point range (as applicable), quantity and additional information required by IMDG Code section 5.4;
- **10.3.1.3** For dangerous bulk cargoes: product name and other information required by the relevant IMO Code; and
- **10.3.1.4** The name of the ship to which the dangerous goods will be loaded (if applicable), the shipping agency and the interface to be used

#### 10.3.2 Necessary certificates

Hazardous Cargo Declaration, Hazardous Cargo Transport Dispatch, Multi Mode Hazardous Cargo Form, Hazardous Cargo Manifest, Packaging and Container/Vehicle Loading Certificate,

Safety Data Sheet,

Carrying certificate showing exemption for the shipping under ADR/RID/IMDG Code 3.4 and 3.5, SRC 5 certificate appropriate and valid for transport with regard to shipping under ADR, ADR written instruction, Vehicle Conformity Certificate appropriate and valid for carriage, transport document, CSC Certificate for the shipping made with container, the certificate showing eligibility of the tree in case of

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.			
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-2			
PETLINE	DANGEROUS COODS SAFETY CHIDE							

using heat treated tree with regard to transport or loading safety and cargo transport unit (CTU), cargo safety certificate signifying that container or the cargos in vehicle are secured within the scope of IMDG Code,

#### 10.3.3 Speed Limit in Port Facility

Speed limit in our port facility is 20 km.

10.4 Matters for carriers of the hazardous substances arriving/leaving coastal facility by sea (matters on day/night signals to be shown by ships carrying hazardous goods and vessels, cold and hot work procedures in ships and so on.)

#### 10.4.1 Arrival by Sea

- **10.4.1.1.1** Name and IMO number of ship, agency and estimated time of arrival (ETA), 24 hours at the latest from arrival normally;
- **10.4.1.1.2** The shore facility is notified by the agent A list showing product name of hazardous cargos and other information necessitated with related IMO Code
- **10.4.1.1.3** A valid International Conformity Certificate for Bulk Transport of Hazardous Chemicals or a valid Conformity Certificate for Transport of Bulk Hazardous Chemical, whicihever is appropriate, International Pollution Prevention Certificate for Liquid Bulk Substances hazardous for Health (NLS Certificate) and/or International Fuel Pollution Prevention Certificate should be made available for cargo;
- **10.4.1.1.4** Hazardous cargos to be left in ship should be indicated in a way to refer the numbers in list;
- **10.4.1.1.5** Any known defects that could affect the safety of the ship or the port area is reported.

#### 10.4.2 Departure by Sea

- **10.4.2.1** Liquid hazardous bulk cargos
- **10.4.2.1.1** name of ship and IMO number of ship, agency and estimated time of departure (ETD) as necessitated by regulatory boards shall be notified to the Port Authority by the agent
- **10.4.2.1.2** a list showing product name of hazardous bulk cargos and other information necessitated by related IMO Code shall be notified to the Port Authority by the agent
- **10.4.2.1.3** A valid International Conformity Certificate for Bulk Transport of Hazardous Chemicals or a valid Conformity Certificate for Transport of Bulk Hazardous Chemical, whichever is appropriate, International Pollution Prevention Certificate for Liquid Bulk Substances hazardous for Health (NLS Certificate) and/or International Fuel Pollution Prevention Certificate should be made available for cargo;
- **10.4.2.1.4** Stowed on board of dangerous goods should be replaced or planed on board.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.			
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-3			
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE							

#### 10.5 Additional points will be added by the port facility.

#### 10.5.1 Personnel Training

**10.5.1.2.1** Every person engaged in the transport or handling of dangerous cargoes should receive training on the safe transport and handling of dangerous cargoes, commensurate with his responsibilities.

#### 10.5.2 Training content

#### General awareness/familiarization training

Every person should receive training on the safe transport and handling of dangerous cargoes, commensurate with his duties. The training should be designed to provide familiarity with the general hazards of relevant dangerous cargoes and the legal requirements. Such training should include a description of the types and classes of dangerous cargoes; marking, labelling and placarding, packing, segregation and compatibility requirements; a description of the purpose and content of the transport documents; and a description of available emergency response documents.

#### **Function-specific training**

Every person should receive detailed training concerning specific requirements for the Transport and handling of dangerous cargoes which are applicable to the function that he performs.

#### Safety/Security training

Each person should receive training commensurate with the risks in the event of a release ofdangerous cargoes and the functions he performs, on:

Such training should be provided or verified upon employment in a position involving the transport or handling of dangerous cargoes and should be periodically supplemented with retraining, as deemed appropriate by the regulatory authority.

Security training for personnel having duties in relation to the handling and transport of dangerous cargoes should be appropriate with their responsibilities and duties under the provisions of the port facility security plan (section A/2.1.5 of the ISPS Code). In addition, the training requirements specific to security of dangerous goods given in chapter 1.4 of the IMDG Code should also be addressed.

### Apart from these awareness trainings, the following trainings should be taken to related person

Fire fighting on Chemical Substances Handled in the port facility, First Aid Procedures for Chemical Substances Handled at the port facility and Occupational Health Safety training

Records of all safety/security training undertaken should be kept by the port facility and made available to the authority if requested.

	Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
		Date	No	Date	Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-4
PETLINE	DANG	EROUS GOO	DS SAFE	TY GUIDE	

#### 10.6 Accident Prevention Policy

We are aware of that the operations realized in our port have the potential that will lead to accidents inherently. However, we believe all accidents may be prevented. Therefore, we undertake to manage operation ideally to protect subsontractors, visitors, neighbours and environment at the highest level through preventing accidents. With the aim of preventinf accidents and mitigate the effects in the direction of Quality Management Systems, we will apply the policies about

- Taking high level security measures for human and environment around Port facility and procuring all resources for this purpose,
- Making the risk evaluation based on quantitative analysis related to ordinary and extraordinary operation and keeping these evaluations updated continuously with the purpose of determining and assessing accidents
- Having performed the arrangements covering maintenance, repair and temporary stopping related to detected risks and preparation of requisite procedures
- Following technological development and providing support required for continuous improving of security measures in facilities with the aim of preventing accidents and mitigate the effects
- •making necesary arrangements required for design of new facility, process along with planned changes and having performed risk evaluations absolutely before realization and assessing acceptability
- Determining emergencies that will be detected before with systmatic analysis, preparing emergency plans for these emegencies and reviewing with drills following realization of audit regularly
- Tracking performance of system within the framework of procedures to evaluate conformity to the targets identified with Quality Management Systems, in case of failing to provide conformity, searching corrective activities
- Evaluating efficiency and conformity of Quality Management Systems periodically and systematically, documentation, certification, performing review by us as top management and giving support for continuous improvement of Quality Management Systems
- Employing the personnel who have knowledge, education and experience convenient for the positions that will affect safety and security of operational job processe within organization,
- Ensuring that our employees in charge develop themselves constantly by means of giving trainings,
- Adhering to national and international law, regulation, bylaws and standards
- Ensuring health and securities of employees, contractors, visitors and neighbours and protection of environment whereby preventing accidents and eliminating the effects systematically through taking necessary measures and searching potential incompatibilities with policy

AS MANAGEMENT AND ALL EMPLOYEES.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-5
PETLINE	DANG	EROUS GOO	DS SAFE	TY CHIDE	

#### 10.7 Hot Work Procedure

- 1. No permit is given for the hot works to be done aboard ship. However, in necessary cases, after taking permits in the direction of legal legislations by ship agency, it will ve realized under the control of port facility.
- 2. Before starting to hot works and procedures in our port facility at dangerous area and platform, written permit regarding applicability of hot works in question will be taken from port presidency. With abovementioned permit, the place where hot work and procedures will be performed and related detailes and additionally safety measures to be applied will be specified on Hot work form.

#### 3. Hot Work Form covers the following.

- a) with the aim of being sure about that the areas on which work is to be done is no burning and/or explosive environment and insufficient in terms of ventilation and oxygen, auditing frequently the area and adjacent areas where work is to be carried out including the tests applied by accredited testing organizations,
- b) removing hazardous cargos and other combustible materials from working area and adjacent areas (lime, sludge, residue and other combustible materials are included in the substances to be removed from the area in question)
- c) protecting efficiently against accidental ignition of combustible building materilas (i.e., girders, wooden partitions, floors, doors, wall and ceiling coatings)
- ç) sealing and ensuring impermeability of open pipes, pipe transitions, valves, joints, gapes and open parts with the purpose of preventing spreading of flame, spark and hot particles from working areas to adjacent areas or other areas
- 4. warrant of the hot work to be done and a plate on which the safety measures to be taken are written will be hanged in working area and entrances of all working area. Warrant and safety measures should be visible easily and will be understadable clearly by everyone who will conduct hot works.
- 5. While doing hot works, attention should be paid to the following matters:
- a) controls will be carried out with the aim of confirming that no current condition have changed in working environment.
- b) While hot works are performed, at least one fire tube or other fire entinguising equipment shall be made ready, so as to be used instantly with their all apparatus in a venue to be reached easily.
- 6. In the course of hot work and procedures, when the works in question are completed and during enough time following completion, efficient fire control shall be made in the area on which hot work is conducted and the adjacent areas where hazard will emerge owing to heat transfer.
- 7.Necessity of applying for the document titled "International Safety Guide for Oil Tankers and Terminals (ISGOTT) " particularly for additional more detailed information and procedures pertaining to hot works and procedures will be taken into consideration every time.



Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page	
	Date	No	Date	Nu.	
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-6	

Critical Single statility or permanent injury Likely Will probably occur at least once Almost Certain Major Medical treatment or lost time injury Possible Event might occur at some time Likely Unlikely Event not expected to occur or Possible					
Reason for hot work:  Work activity description:  Likely ignition source   Flame (welding, soldering, brazing, etc)   Spark or slag (grinding, cutting type(s)   Hot Object (metal surface, plate, etc)   Other:  Hazard identification, risk analysis and control measure selection:  Specific Hot Work   The hot work is to be solely undertaken by a contracted party personnel and a detailed work melloud statement? risk assessment has been previously prepared, reviewed by a stratched to this Form.  The hot work is to be solely undertaken by personnel as per the specific hot work issues detailed below.  Risk Assessment Guide  Sign I - Contider Consequences of the hazard occurring?  Consider what is the most probable consequence (below) with respect to this work hazard.  Likely What is to Bischood (below) of the hazard consequence (below) with respect to this work hazard.  Although Event not specially occur at least once the hazard in this properties only in exceptional consequences.  Likely Will probably occur at some time flam with respect to the consequence in size only in exceptional consequences.  Likely Possible  Unlikely Rare  Likely Possible  Unlikely Rare  Possible  Likely Possib					
Reason for hot work:  Work activity description:  Likely ignition source  fype(s): Hot Object (metal surface, plate, etc) Other:  Hazard identification, risk analysis and control measure selection:  Specific Hot Work Specific Hot work as to be solely undertaken by a contracted party personnel and a detailed work method statement / risk assessment has been previously prepared, reviewed by is attached to this Form.  The hot work is to be solely undertaken by personnel as per the specific hot work is sues detailed below.  Risk Assessment Guide  Step 1 - Consider Libelhood  What is the Work probable consequences of the hazard occurring? Consider what is the most probable consequence (below) with respect to this work hazard.  Altrost  Extreme Multiple statisties or permanent injures Citical Single statisty or permanent injures Major Medical heatment or lost time injury Minor First aid treatment Incident or near mass - no breatment  Altrost Certain Likely Possible Unlikely / Rare  Controls  Altrost Certain Likely Possible Unlikely / Rare  Controls  Altrost Certain Likely Possible Unlikely / Rare  Controls  (List the reacards relating to the work)  (List the controls to manage each of the hazards)					
Work activity description:  Likely ignition source   Flame (welding, soldering, brazing, etc)   Spark or slag (grinding, cutting type(s)   Hot Object (metal surface, plate, etc)   Other:  Hazard identification, risk analysis and control measure selection:  Specific Hot Work   The hot work is to be solely undertaken by a contracted party personnel and a detailed work method statement / risk assessment has been previously prepared, reviewed by in attached to this Form.  The hot work is to be solely undertaken by personnel as per the specific hot work is sues detailed below.  Risk Assessment Guide  Step 1 - Consider Likelihood  Step 2 - Consider Likelihood  Step 3 - Calculate Risk  What are the consequences of this hazard occurring?  Consider what is the most probable consequence (below) with respect to this work hazard.  Extreme Multiple tatalities or permanent injures Certain Circumstances  Citical Single statility or permanent injures  Citical Single tatality or permanent i					
Flame (welding, soldering, brazing, etc)   Spark or slag (grinding, cutting type(s)   Hot Object (metal surface, plate, etc)   Other:    Hazard identification, risk analysis and control measure selection:    Specific Hot Work   The hot work is to be solely undertaken by a contracted party personnel and a detailed work method statement / risk assessment has been previously prepared, reviewed by is attached to this Form.    The hot work is to be solely undertaken by personnel as per the specific hot work issues detailed below.    Risk Assessment Guide   Step 1 - Consider Likelihood   Step 2 - Consider Likelihood   Step 3 - Calculate Risk					
Hazard identification, risk analysis and control measure selection:  Specific Hot Work   The hot work is to be solely undertaken by a contracted party personnel and a detailed work method statement / risk assessment has been previously prepared, reviewed by a attached to this Form.  The hot work is to be solely undertaken by personnel as per the specific hot work issues detailed below.  Risk Assessment Guide  Step 1—Consider Consequences  What are the consequences  What are the consequences of this hazard occurring?  Consider what is the most probable consequence (below)  with respect to this work hazard.  Extreme  Critical  Single statility or permanent injuries  Critical  Single statil	na frict	tion to	ols wel	ding et	c)
Specific Hot Work  Issues: (bck appropriate)  The hot work is to be solely undertaken by a contracted party personnel and a detailed work method statement / risk assessment has been previously prepared, reviewed by is attached to this Form.  The bot work is to be solely undertaken by personnel as per the specific hot work issues detailed below.  Risk Assessment Guide  Step 1 - Consider Consequences  What is the likelihood (below) of the hazard consequence (below) with respect to this work hazard.  Extreme  Critical Single tatalities or permanent injuries  Critical Single tatalities or permanent injuries  Critical Single tatalities or permanent injuries  Critical Single tatalities or permanent injury  Major Medical treatment indicent or near missis – no bestment  Incident or near missis – no bestment  Major Minor First aid treatment incident or near missis – no bestment  Major Minor First aid treatment incident or near missis – no bestment  Major Minor First aid treatment  Incident or near missis – no bestment  Major Minor First aid treatment  Incident or near missis – no bestment  Major Minor First aid treatment  Major Minor First aid treatment  Incident or near missis – no bestment  Major Minor First aid treatment  Major Minor First aid treatment  Minor First aid treatment  Minor First aid treatment  Minor First aid treatment  Minor First aid treatment  Minor First aid treatment  Major Minor First aid treatment  Minor First aid					
detailed work method statement / risk assessment has been previously prepared, reviewed by in attached to this Form.   The hot work is to be solely undertaken by personnel as per the specific hot work issues detailed below.    Risk Assessment Guide   Step 1 - Consider Consequences   Step 2 - Consider Libelhood   Step 3 - Calculate Risk				tional pa	
(bick appropriate)  The hot work is to be solely undertaken by personnel as per the specific hot work issues detailed below.  Risk Assessment Guide  Step 1 - Consider Consequences  What are the consequences of this hazard occurring?  Consider what is the most probable consequence (below)  with respect to this work hazard.  Extreme  Multiple tatalities or permanent injury  Major  Major  Medical treatment  Multiple tatalities or permanent injury  Millions  First aid treatment  Incident or near miss - no treatment  Major  Minimum  Minimum  Almost  Likely  Possible  Likely  Minimum  Almost Certain  Unlikely / Event not expected to occur in most  Certain  Likely  Minimum  Minimum  Almost Certain  Unlikely / Rare  Consequence  Minimum  Minimum  Almost Certain  Likely  Possible  Unlikely / Rare  Consequence  Minimum  Minimum  Almost Certain  Likely  Possible  Unlikely / Rare  Consequence  Minimum  Almost Certain  Likely  Possible  Unlikely / Rare  Consequence  Minimum  Minimum  Almost Certain  Likely  Possible  Unlikely / Rare  Consequence  Minimum  Minimum  Almost Certain  Likely  Possible  Unlikely / Rare  Consequence  Minimum  Minimum  Minimum  Minimum  Almost Certain  Likely  Possible  Unlikely / Rare  Consequence  Minimum  Minimum  Minimum  Almost Certain  Likely  Possible  Unlikely / Rare  Consequence  Minimum  Minimum  Minimum  Almost Certain  Likely  Possible  Unlikely / Rare  Consequence  Minimum  Almost Certain  Likely  Possible  Unlikely / Rare  Consequence  Controls  (List the controls to manage each of the hazards)  Competency Almost Certain  Likely  Responsible  List the role, of competency Almost Certain  List the role, of competency Almost Certain  List the role, of competency Almost Certain  List the role, of competency Almost Certain  List the role, of competency Almost Certain  List the role, of competency Almost Certain  List the role, of competency Almost Certain  List the role, of competency Almost Certain  List the role, of competency Almost Certain  List the role, of competency Almost Certain				nentatio	
The hot work is to be solely undertaken by personnel as per the specific hot work issues detailed below.  Risk Assessment Guide  Step 1 - Consider Consequences  What is the Description of Step 2 - Consider Libelhood  Step 3 - Calculate Risk  What is the Buildhood (below) of the hazard  Consequence in Step 1 occurring.  Unlike the risk score where the H = High, 8 = Serious, M = M  Extreme  Critical  Single statities or permanent injury  Major  Major  Major  Major  Medical treatment or lost time injury  Minor  First aid treatment or lost time injury  Minor  First aid treatment indent or near miss - no treatment  Consequences  Likely  Will probably occur at least once  Possible  Unlikely / Event not expected to occur or some time  Unlikely / Event might occur at some time  Unlikely / Event not expected to occur or unique.  Consequences  Almost Certain  Likely  Possible  Unlikely / Rare  Consequences  Ins. Min. Maj. Crit. Ext.  Almost Certain  Likely  Possible  Unlikely / Rare  Consequences  (List the hazards relating to the work)  (List the controls to manage each of the hazards)  Competency Store  Responsible  List the risks correwhere the H = High, 8 = Serious, M = M  Almost Certain  Likely  Possible  Unlikely / Rare  Consequences  (List the risks correwhere the H = High, 8 = Serious, M = M  Almost Certain  Likely  Possible  Unlikely / Rare  Consequences  Likely  Possible  Unlikely / Rare  Controls  (List the controls to manage each of the hazards)			red to 5 ving pag	ection 2	on the
Risk Assessment Guide  Step 1 - Consider Consequences What are the consequences of the hazard occurring? Consider what is the most probable consequence (below) with respect to this work hazard.  Extreme Critical Single tatalities or permanent injury Major Minor First aid treatment Incident or near miss - no treatment  Hazard (List the hazards relating to the work)  Hazard (List the controls (List the controls to manage each of the hazard  Step 2 - Consider Likelitood What is the likelihood (below) of the hazard  The likelihood (below) of the hazard  The Step 1 rating and sele  1. Take Step 2 rating and sele  1. Take Step 2 rating and sele  1. Take Step 2 rating and sele  1. Take Step 2 rating and sele  1. Take Step 2 rating and sele  1. Take Step 2 rating and sele  1. Take Step 2 rating and sele  1. Take Step 2 rating and sele  1. Take Step 2 rating and sele  2. Take Step 2 rating and sele  3. Use the misk score where the H = High, S = Serious, M = M  1. Take Step 2 rating and sele  2. Take Step 2 rating and sele  3. Use the misk score where the H = High, S = Serious, M = M  2. Likely Will probably occur at least once  4. Minost Certain Clikely Possible Unlikely / Rare  Consequence in Step 1 occurring  1. Take Step 2 rating and sele  3. Use the misk score where the H = High, S = Serious, M = M  2. Almost Certain Clikely Possible Unlikely / Rare  Consequence in Step 1 occur in most  Certain Clikely Possible Unlikely / Rare  Consequence in Step 1 occur in most  Certain Clikely Possible Unlikely / Rare  Consequence in Step 1 occur in most  Certain Clikely Possible Unlikely / Rare  Consequence in Step 1 occur in most  Certain Clikely Possible Unlikely / Rare  Consequence in Step 1 occur in most  Certain Clikely Possible Unlikely / Rare  Consequence in Step 1 occur in most  Certain Clikely Possible Unlikely / Rare  Consequence in Step 1 occur in most  Certain Clikely Possible Unlikely / Rare  Consequence in Step 1 occur in most  Certain Clikely  Almost Certain Clikely  Consequence in Step 1 occur in most  Control in	7	Comp	plete the	Risk	
Step 1 - Consider Consequences  What as the consequence of this hazard occurring? Consider what is the most probable consequence (below)  with respect to this work hazard.  Extreme Critical Single tatalities or permanent injury Major Minor First aid treatment Incident or near miss - no besitnent  Major Minor First aid treatment Incident or near miss - no besitnent  Almost Certain Unlikely / Event not expected to occur in most Unikely / Will probably occur at least once Possible Unlikely / Event not expected to occur in most Unikely / Possible Unlikely / Rare  Consequence in Step 1 occurring  1. Take Step 2 rating and sale 2. Take Step 2 rating and sale 3. Use the risk score where the H = High, S = Serious, M = M Almost Certain Likely Unlikely / Rare  Consequence  Almost Certain Likely  Possible Unlikely / Rare  Consequence  Almost Certain Likely  Possible Unlikely / Rare  Consequences  Rare  Controls (List the recent of the hazard occurring and sale 3. Use the risk score where the H = High, S = Serious, M = M Almost Certain Likely  Possible Unlikely / Rare  Controls (List the role, o compelency, Sion occupation response to the sort of the hazards)  Controls (List the role, o compelency, Sion occupation response to the sort of the hazards)		Asse	ssment	below.	
What is the likelihood (below) of the hazard courring?  Consider what is the most probable consequence (below) with respect to this work hazard.  Extreme Multiple tatalities or permanent injury Major Medical treatment Single statility or permanent injury Major First aid treatment Incident or near miss – no treatment  Major Minor First aid treatment Incident or near miss – no treatment  Major Minor First aid treatment Incident or near miss – no treatment  Major Minor First aid treatment Incident or near miss – no treatment  Major Minor First aid treatment Incident or near miss – no treatment  Major Minor First aid treatment Incident or near miss – no treatment  Major Minor First aid treatment Incident or near miss – no treatment  Major Minor First aid treatment Incident or near miss – no treatment  Major Minor First aid treatment Incident or near miss – no treatment  Major Minor First aid treatment Incident or near miss – no treatment  Major Minor First aid treatment Incident or near miss – no treatment  Matter Step 2 rating and sele a.  Likely Will probably occur at least once  Possible Event might occur at some time  Unlikely / Event not expected to occur in most  Consequence in Step 1 occurring  1. Take Step 2 rating and sele a.  3. Use the mis step index on the miss of selection occur in most  Certain closurationses  Likely Will probably occur at least once  Insignificant  Minor Major Minor Major Crit Ext  Minor Minor Major Crit Ext  Minor Minor Major Minor Major Minor Major Minor Major Minor Major Minor Major Minor Major Minor Major Minor Major Minor Major Minor Major Minor Major Minor Major Minor Major Minor Major Minor Major Minor Major Minor Major Minor Major Min					
Extreme Critical Major Medical beatment or lost time injury Minor First aid treatment Incident or near miss – no beatment  Major Missignificant  Medical beatment or lost time injury Minor First aid treatment Incident or near miss – no beatment  Major Medical beatment or lost time injury Medical beatment or lost time injury Minor First aid treatment once it ine Minor First aid treatment  Minor First aid treatment  Minor First aid treatment once  Minor First aid treatment onc	lect the c	correct it	ine. ross on t	he matrix	below.
Critical Major Medical treatment or lost time injury Minor Insignificant Incident or near miss – no treatment Insignificant Incident or near miss – no treatment Insignificant Incident or near miss – no treatment Insignificant Incident or near miss – no treatment Inciden	ins	Min	mesopus:	Crit	Ext
Insignificant Incident or near miss – no treatment Unlikely Event not expected to occur or least the large incident or near miss – no treatment Rare only in exceptance consequences in Min Maj Cit Ext    Almost Certain Likely Possible Unlikely (Rare Unlikely Rare Unlik	M	S	MA I	H	H
Insignificant Incident or near miss – no treatment Rare only in exceptional circumstances Unlikely / Rare  Consequences Ins Min Maj Crit Ext  Almost Certain Likely Possible Unlikely / Rare  Hazard (List the hazards relating to the work)  (List the controls to manage each of the hazards)  Personal Protective Wears  (List the role, o competency &for	M	М	8	- 11	- 11
Almost Certain Likety Possible Unifiety (Rare List the hazards relating to the work) List the controls (List the controls to manage each of the hazards)  Controls (List the controls to manage each of the hazards)  Controls (List the controls to manage each of the hazards)	L	M	M.	S M	8
Almost Certain Likely Possible Unlikely / Rare  Hazard (List the hazards relating to the work)  (List the controls to manage each of the hazards)  Personal Protective Wears (List the role, or competency & competen					
	contractor presc sponsible	cribed le for	(With	Asses controls igh, Seri idium or	ous,
Risk Assessment Personnel: Risk Assessment Completed by: Name: Employer			)ate:		
Name: Employer:			)ate:		



Document Nu.	Release	ease Rev. Revision		Page					
	Date	No	Date	Nu.					
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-7					
DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE									
ork Permit									
work and location described in Sec	tion 1, identify control require	ments in the relev	ant parts below.						

Section 2 - Ho	t Wor	k Pern	nit							
Designation of Branch Section Control of the	Contrador (Contrador)	WEST CONTRACTOR	location described in Section 1, identify control re	quireme	ents in th	e relevant parts below.				
General Hot W										
Identify those	Yes	NA	Control	mum Too	nestico et	or age to be largeted immediate	toki adias	ant to		
general hot work and	0		Fire extinguishers supplied by the workgroup / contractor are to be located immediately adjacent to the hot work area and within 10m (huilding / fixed location fire extinguishers are not to be relied upon).							
ignition		0	the hot work area and within 10m (building / fixed location fire extinguishers are <u>not</u> to be relied upon).  Catch mats or boards are to be positioned over grid-mesh, flooring, grates to catch sparks or slag.							
controls	ō	0	The Contract of the Contract o	Catch mats or boards are to be positioned over gnd-mesh, tooring, grates to catch sparks or stag  Combustible and flammable materials or fuel sources are required to be cleared from the area						
required to		-	(consider a 15m area around the hot work whe							
be			Drains, cable racks, electrical cables and	other h	eat/fire	sensitive items are to be co	wered	100000		
undertaken				(consider a 15m area and use fireproof blankets, catch boards and approved covers as applicable)						
as part of the			A water hose is to be run to the job locati							
hot work:			(where appropriate for work locations outdoors A Fire Watcher is required to watch the a				nek enar	ke elan		
(identify as yes		ы	hot objects (consider for work that is arc weld							
or not applicable)			and for work in hazardous areas, in confined s				azaro post	HOIL		
			□ During Work, and/or □ Post Work for							
Specific Hot V	/ork / I	anitio	n Controls	Yes	NA	If Yes, Include Additional Contr	of Details to	be Used:		
			on or adjacent to plant that will require an					1 Carl Street		
			anks, pressure vessels)	1000	- H					
DB-850.90 this mak		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000								
A fixed fire protect	ction or	detecti	on system will need to be taken out of							
			e impairment and the Fire System Log Book is	2000	-					
to be filled in - see	also BA	C Autho	risation below; approval contacts include:							
ni minini di managana mata		newstarination								
			ific cleaning, purging, ventilating or pre-							
			ue to flammable/explosive vapours, dusts,							
liquids or solid resid	lues in t	ne work	area / location)							
The continue of the control of the	Marine and the			-	-					
			vork cleaning, stripping, surface							
			nitoring during works (as a result of harmful emissions when heated or cut)							
the state of the s	a participant of	and the second second	specific respiratory protection to be worn							
THE HAILIE OF THE	WUIK I	equires	special respiratory protection to be worn	-	-					
The nature of the	work n	ecuines	specific controls to be implemented to							
			tive plant items involved in the work		_					
THE RESERVE ASSESSMENT OF THE PARTY OF THE P			ing whereby specific controls relating to							
ensuring electrical										
Additional Hot	Work	Contr	rols within Confined Spaces			□ N	A (Not Ap	plicable)		
Controls:							Yes	NA		
Locate equipmen	nt outsic	se the s	pace where practicable							
			inless involved with respiratory devices)				10000	1000		
Extraction fan ink	et is to	be loca	ted as close as practicable to the contamin	ation so	burce					
Contaminants an	e to be	expelle	d from the space (so that they cannot be recirc	culated a	and will r	ot harm other workers)				
As arc-welding a	ctivities	are to	be suspended for substantial periods, power	er sourc	es will	need to be de-energised,				
electrodes remov	ed fron	n holde	rs and holders placed so that accidental co	ntact or	arcing	cannot occur				
			are to be suspended for substantial period			ylinder valves are to be				
			connections removed from the space and o	sepress	urised	Se	1000			
Completion H	ot Wo	rk				□ N <sub>i</sub>	A (Not Ap	plicable)		
Controls:							Yes	N/A		
After the end of t	he job i	s contro	oiled area for at least half an hour.							
			ht hours and one hour intervals.							
There is no need	************	STATE STATE OF THE PARTY NAMED IN								
Permit Reques		arried total &						7.7		
Mama			Cimpotura			Data	Timo			
Name:			Signature:			Date:	Time:			
Approved										
Namo			Signature:			Date	Time			

	Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
		Date	No	Date	Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-8
PETLINE	DANG	EROUS GOO	DS SAFE	TY GUIDE	

#### 10.8 Responsibilities of Personnel in Operation

#### 10.8.1 Operation Officer

- **10.8.1.1** It will hold a coordination meeting at least 1 day before the acceptance of dangerous goods to the coastal facility and ensure the participation of Operation, Site planning, HSE, TMGD and other relevant persons to this meeting.
- **10.8.1.2** If a decision is made to accept the dangerous cargo at the meeting, the management, operation, storage, security, emergency response units are informed and the preparation and acceptance process starts.
- **10.8.1.3** In case of the need to inform the Port Authority of the cargoes that will not be accepted to the coastal facility, notify the Port Authority in writing along with the reasons.
- **10.8.1.4** Announces the number of equipment, team and mail determined at the meeting.
- **10.8.1.5** Organizes the working order with the 2nd Captain.
- **10.8.1.6** It ensures loading/unloading according to the approved cargo plan.
- **10.8.1.7** It ensures that everyone involved in the transport of dangerous goods takes due care to prevent damage to the cargo transport units.
- **10.8.1.8** Takes necessary precautions to prevent unauthorized persons from accessing the transport areas while dangerous goods are being transported.
- **10.8.1.9** If there is a problem in the containment of dangerous goods, it ensures that the necessary steps are taken to minimize the existing risks for people and their negative effects on the environment.
- **10.8.1.10** acts according to the checklists in item 10.9.

#### 10.8.2 Shift Supervisor

- **10.8.2.1** Checks the personnel equipped with the necessary protective equipment before the operation.
- **10.8.2.2** It controls the occupational safety in the working area, the control of the equipment, the entrance and exit of external persons, the safe handling of the load, the environmental cleanliness and the proper execution of these works.
- **10.8.2.3** Organizes the working order with the 2nd Captain.
- **10.8.2.4** It ensures loading/unloading according to the approved cargo plan.

#### 10.8.3 With The liquid cargo foreman;

- **10.8.3.1** International Safety Guide for Oil Tankers and Terminals (ISGOTT) Ship/Port Safety Control List is undersigned mutually..
- **10.8.3.2** He will take adequate precautions are taken to prevent a short-circuit of the insulating section,
- **10.8.3.3**. He will inspect and test the insulating and earthing systems at appropriate intervals to ensure their effectiveness.,
- **10.8.3.4** He will ensure that any other metallic connections between the berth and the ship are protected or arranged so as to ensure that there is no possibility of incentive sparking where a flammable atmosphere may be present..

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.	
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-9	
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE					

**10.8.3.5** Liquid cargo foreman should ensure that the master of a ship is notified of any conditions which may require precautions to be taken for avoidance of sources of ignition on the ship such as galley stoves or cooking appliances with non-immersed elements.;

#### **10.8.3.6** Completion of operation;

- **10.8.3.7** Prior to the disconnection of the flexible pipelines from the ship it is drained of liquids and the pressure is relieved
- **10.8.3.8** All safety precautions are taken, including the blanking off of the ship manifold connection and the shore pipeline.

#### 10.8.4 HSE Responsibility

- **10.8.4.1** acts according to the checklists in clause 10.9.
- **10.8.4.2** Informs the personnel who will work in the operation about the danger of the load and equips them with the necessary protective equipment.
- **10.8.4.3** Environmental safety is ensured.
- **10.8.4.4** It ensures that personnel are not assigned to the field without gas measurements.
- **10.8.4.5** Takes necessary fire precautions and checks that the system is working.
- **10.8.4.6** Checks the presence of necessary warning and warning signs.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.	
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-10	
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE					

10.9 Safe Handling of Dangerous Goods Operation Procedure Checklist

#### GENERAL

	HSE	OP. RES.	SHİFT RES.
<u>.</u>			
orior to the	X	X	
		X	
dangerous		X	
		X	
at the port I to the port I respect to within the nanagement		X	
cepting the safety and d and the ommenced.		X	
ed.		X	
be provided hey will be		X	
nd the area		X	
1	d the area	d the area	d the area

PETLINE

Document Nu.	Release Rev. Date No		Revision Date	Page Nu.		
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-11		
DANGEROUG GOODG GAEERY GUIDE						

**Dangerous Liquid Bulk Loads Safe Handling Operation Procedure Checklist** 

S.NO	gerous Liquid Bulk Loads Safe Handling Operation Pro	HSE	OP.	SHİFT
			RES.	RES.
	HANDLING			
1.	Unloading equipment and appropriate pipe selection are made by	X	X	X
	the person responsible with operations. International Safety Guide			
	for Oil Tankers and Terminals (ISGOTT) Ship/Port Safety Control			
	List is undersigned mutually. A communication network is built			
	between the ship and the port facility.			
2.	Employees wait beside the flexible hoses which will be connected	X	X	X
	to the ship. They work in cooperation with the ship personnel for			
	the connection of liquid cargo to entry/exit manifolds of the ship.			
3.	Appropriate pressure adjustment is made to the ship. Overflow of	X	X	X
	tankers is avoided and the ship personnel are provided with			
	required information and the line is cut under dangerous situations			
4.	The vehicles coming to the loading or unloading platform at the	X	X	X
	port facility will be eliminated from static electricity, flame arrestor			
	apparatus will be placed at their exhausts and their earthing shall			
	be made during the loading or unloading at the port facility. Flame			
	arrestor apparatus will be provided by the Ground Tanker			
	Operations Unit. Ground tankers which don't have flame arrestors			
	shall not be taken to the port facility. This will not be required for			
	tankers having ADR standards.			
5.	It is checked that the communication equipment used in the	X	X	X
	operation area is exprof.			
6.	Flexible hoses used in loading or unloading of liquid bulk		X	X
	dangerous cargoes should have a certificate specifying the approval			
	of type as well as pipe type, maximum working pressure of the			
	pipe and production month and year of the pipe.			
7.	Adequate number of electrical insulation flanges for the flexible		X	X
	hoses and loading arms used in loading or unloading operations of			
	liquid bulk dangerous cargoes.			
8.	The master of a ship and berth operator should before liquid bulk		X	X
	dangerous cargoes are pumped into or out of a ship from or into a			
	shore installation agree in writing on the handling procedures			
	including the maximum loading or unloading rates taking into			
	account and undersigned mutually.			
	1. The arrangement, capacity and maximum allowable pressure of			
	the ship's cargo lines and the shore pipelines;			
	2. The arrangement and capacity of the vapor venting system;			
	3. The possible pressures increase due to emergency shut-down			
	procedures;			
	4. The possible accumulation of electrostatic charge; and			
	5. he presence of responsible persons during start up operations on			
	board ship and ashore			
9.	Agree in writing the action to be taken and the signals to be used in		X	X
	the event of an emergency during handling operations		<u> </u>	<u></u>
10.	All reasonable care is taken to prevent all relevant pipelines,		X	X
	Flexible hoses and associated equipment on board the ship and			
	ashore from developing a leak, and that they are kept under			
	adequate supervision during the handling of liquid bulk dangerous			
	cargoes			



Document Nu.	Release Rev. Date No		Revision Date	Page Nu.		
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-12		
DANGED ONG GOOD GOAL THERE						

S.NO	Action	HSE	OP. RES.	SHIFT RES.
	HANDLING		KES.	KES.
11.	Effective communication between the ship and the shore installations is maintained throughout the handling operations		X	X
	The liquid cargo foreman /Shift Superviors			
1.	He will take adequate precautions are taken to prevent a short-circuit of the insulating section			
2.	He will inspect and test the insulating and earthing systems at appropriate intervals to ensure their effectiveness			
3.	He will ensure that any other metallic connections between the berth and the ship are protected or arranged so as to ensure that there is no possibility of incentive sparking where a flammable atmosphere may be present			
4.	He will take actions in accordance with appropriate checklists in the International Safety Guide for Oil Tankers and Terminals (ISGOTT)			
5.	He should ensure that the master of a ship is notified of any conditions which may require precautions to be taken for avoidance of sources of ignition on the ship such as galley stoves or cooking appliances with non-immersed elements.			
6.	He should ensure that all drain holes and pipes and all other drains of any kind on the jetty, where liquid bulk dangerous cargoes might escape in case of an accident, are closed before handling commences and are kept closed during the whole of the period of the handling of liquid bulk dangerous cargoes.			

### 10.10 Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods) and MFAG (Medical First Aid Guide)

In emergencies, it is important to use IMDG Code, EMS and MFAG.

#### 10.10.1 EmS

EmS includes procedures for actions to be taken when a fire or spillage of dangerous goods occurs.

EmS includes specific action procedures for some products as well as general procedures applicable to a whole class of substances.

The necessary protective equipment and types of extinguishing agents that can be used to extinguish fires involving dangerous loads can be found in the EmS guide "in case of emergency action".

EmS is divided into two for spills and fires. There are EmS reference numbers for each UN number in column 15 of the Dangerous Goods list. It is not mandatory to specify the EmS number in the Dangerous Goods Declaration.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.		
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-13		
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE						

#### 10.10.2 MFAG

MFAG table numbers are not required to be specified in the Dangerous Goods Declaration.

MFAG creates a flowchart of procedures that should be taken according to syndromes when a person is exposed to some type of dangerous load. However, it is important that Employees are pre-trained to use MFAG to work in an emergency.

Employees should also contact a doctor for assistance in treating an injured person.

#### **Usage information is below.:**

**A. PURPOSE:** It aims to explain how to use the Medical First Aid Guide for Use in Accidents involving Dangerous Goods (MFAG) by personnel.

**B. SCOPE**: It covers medical first aid intervention in accidents that occur during the handling of Dangerous Goods within the Isdemir Port Management area.

**C. APPLICATION:** Medical First Aid Guide for Use in Accidents involving Dangerous (MFAG) prepared by International Maritime Organization (IMO), International Labor Organization (ILO) and World Health Organization (WHO) Goods) The substances and materials referred to in the International Code of Dangerous Goods Transported by Sea (IMDG Code) include the materials specified in Annex-1 of the International Maritime Transport Solid Bulk Cargoes Code (IMSBC Code).

The purpose of this First Aid Guide is designed to manage the initial process of chemical poisoning cases and to diagnose in environments with limited opportunities.

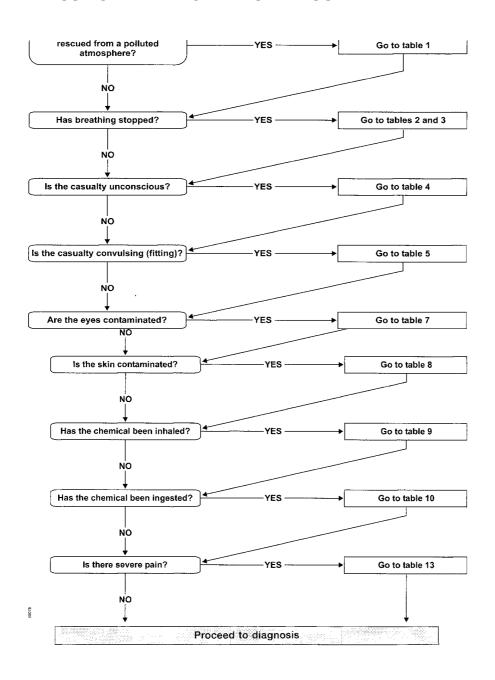
This guide includes IMDG code, IMSBC code and Emergency Procedures (EmS) on Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods, International code for Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code), International Code for Structure and Equipment of Ships Carrying Liquefied Gases in Bulk (IGC). It should even be used in conjunction with the information provided in the Code) documentation.

The MFAG provides an overview of the specific toxic effects that may be encountered. Recommendations on treatment modalities are given in the relevant tables of this guide, and more detailed procedures are presented in the appropriate sections of the relevant appendices. However, there may be differences in certain types of treatment between some countries, and these differences are mentioned in the relevant national medical guide.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.		
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-14		
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE						

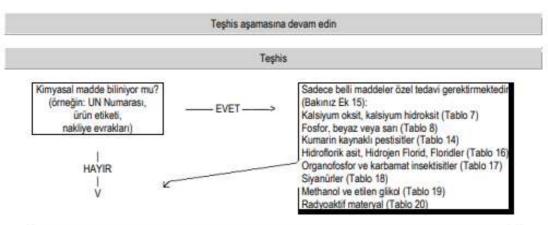
Minor accidents involving chemicals do not usually result in fatal effects if appropriate first aid measures are taken. On the other hand, although the reported serious accidents are small in size, the danger increases due to the toxic and corrosive nature of the chemical mentioned in the accident, and it should be considered that such accidents maintain their seriousness until the treatment of the affected casualty is completed.

#### D.: USING THE MEDICAL FIRST AID GUIDE



PETLINE

Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
	Date	No	Date	Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-15



Kazazedenin şu anki durumu nedir?	
Solunum hızlı, sığ ve düzensiz veya derin:	→ Tablo 3 ve Ek 3
Kazazedede öksürük, hırıltı, ses kısıklığı veya solunum güçlüğü var:	→ Tablo 9 ve Ek 9
Nabız yavaş, zayıf veya hızlı:	→ Tablo 11 ve Ek 11
Kabarcıklar, yanıklar veya soğuk ısırığı (acıtması) var:	→ Tablo 8 ve Ek 8
Kazazede komada:	-> Tablo 4 ve Ek 4
Kazazede de kasılmalar:	-> Tablo 5 ve Ek 5
Kazazede de kusma:	-> Tablo 10 ve Ek 10
Kazazede de yorgunluk, heyecan, kafası karışmış veya halüsinasyon görme:	→ Tablo 6 ve Ek 6
Kazazede sanlıklı (deride ve gözde sanı izler var):	-> Tablo 15
İdrar çıkışı azaldı veya yok:	→ Tablo 12 ve Ek 12
İdrarda kan, kusma, veya tuvaletini tutamamak; kabanıklıklarda kanama; deride küçük kanamalar;	→ Tablo 14



In line with the diagnosis made according to the table above, the intervention specified in the International Code of Dangerous Goods Transported by Sea (IMDG Code) Supplement booklet, Medical First Aid Guide for Use in Accidents Containing Dangerous Goods (MFAG – Medical First Aid Guide for Use in Accidents involving Dangerous Goods) shapes should be applied.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-16
DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUID					

#### E. MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED

1. Necessary safety measures are taken at the quays during the berthing and departure processes of the ships. 2. Unloading/loading operations are carried out in accordance with the plan. Any changes deemed necessary should be accepted by both the ship and the port representative.

#### F. MFAG - FIRST AID GUIDE

#### 1-) RESCUE

Before entering a leak, spill or gassed area for first aid purposes, it must be adequately protected from exposure to the effects specified. In the case of an unidentified chemical, the worst-case scenario assumptions should be kept in mind.

#### ARRIVAL TO THE EVENT

Upon arrival at the scene, the situation must first be assessed and the extent of the accident defined. What the rescuer should NOT do:

- Entering the gas-affected area without protective equipment and breathing apparatus,
- Entering despite not having received the necessary training to enter closed spaces, Walking directly over leaks and spills,
- Unnecessarily contaminating the equipment and equipment with dangerous substances in the environment,
- Trying to collect documents related to transportation from an unprotected or unsafe point,
- Being exposed to the impact while approaching the potential impact area,
- Engaging in rescue work without protective equipment and breathing apparatus,

#### **CREATE AN EVENT SITE**

- When deemed necessary, persons wishing to leave the zone are assumed to be affected and are allowed to leave the scene when they are completely free from the impact.
- Casualties who cannot move should not leave the zone with the support of persons who do not have personal protective equipment and who have not received the necessary training.

#### CLASSIFICATION AND PRIORITIZATION OF VICTIMS

Single Unconscious Victim Situation

- The unconscious victim should be intervened for immediate treatment,
- Emergency assistance should be requested.

Multiple Unconscious Victim Situation If there is more than one unconscious victim:

Emergency assistance should be requested,

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-17
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE				

- Start the response by giving priority to the victim in the worst condition,
  - 1) The victim who has stopped breathing and has no pulse (See Table 2)
  - 2) Unconscious casualty (See Table 4)

#### Victim Does Not Know But Has Respiration

If the casualty is unconscious and has a bluish skin color but is breathing, it should be intervened with portable oxygen.

#### **Neck and Back Trauma**

In cases of neck or back trauma, it is necessary not to move the casualty without neck brace and back support.

Priority: Airway, Ensuring Respiration, Circulation (A-B-C: Airway, Breathing, Circulation)

In order to prevent further damage to a casualty, first of all, necessary interventions should be made to ensure that the Respiratory Tract is open, Respiration is Provided, and Circulatory functions are functional.

#### Completely Free of Chemical Substance

If the casualty has been exposed to chemicals, necessary steps should be taken to completely decontaminate.

- All watches, jewelery and clothes suspected of being exposed to chemicals should be cut and removed from the victim's body if necessary,
- Chemical substances that can be detected visually should be wiped off with a clean cloth and removed from the casualty's body,
- Necessary precautions should be taken to prevent chemical substances from contaminating open wounds,
- In cases where the chemical infects the victim's body, all necessary precautions should be taken to prevent it from being transmitted to the respondent. When deemed necessary, the rescuer should wear protective clothing to reduce the possibility of chemical contamination.
- The spread of chemical contamination in the body should be prevented by wrapping the casualty.

#### Evacuation of the Victim from the Crime Scene

The victim should be removed from the scene after completely purifying the chemical that has contaminated his body.

- If the survivors are able to walk, they should be directed to leave the scene, taken to another area for complete decontamination and detailed evaluation,
- If the survivors cannot walk, they should be removed from the scene with the help of a stretcher. If a stretcher is not available, the victims should be transported away from the scene and taken to another area for detailed evaluation.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-18
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE				

#### **CHEMICAL REMOVAL**

- Take precautions to prevent chemical contamination of open wounds,
- First of all, clean the open wound and the chemical substance that contaminates the eyes, then clean the chemical-contaminated areas on the skin,
- After cleaning the wounds from chemicals, close them in a waterproof way,
- Avoid interventions that will cause mechanical and chemical abrasions,
- Gently wash the area exposed to the chemical using plenty of water for at least 10 minutes, then continue cleaning using soap and warm water, and finally continue to wash using a soft brush or medical sponge,
- Packing all chemical-contaminated clothes on the casualty and sending them to the required waste disposal point,

#### SUMMARY OF ACCIDENT RESPONSE METHOD

- It is a priority that the respiratory tract is open, that the respiratory tract is provided, and that the circulatory functions are functional.
- Make primary and secondary assessments if the current situation permits,
- Try to collect all the documents regarding the transportation and properties of the chemical substance,
- If there is more than one survivor, give priority to the most critical,
- If the current situation permits, treat the symptoms and signs appropriately,
- Check the casualty frequently, because chemicals can have hidden psychological effects,
- Postpone preventive interventions until the chemical contaminated with the victim is cleared.

#### 2.) CARDIO / LUNG REJUVENATION

Problems in the patency of the Airway, Breathing, Circulatory function need to be diagnosed immediately.

#### **Control of Respiratory Function**

- By tilting the victim's head back with one hand and holding the chin with the other hand, the airway is open,
- Pull the victim's tongue forward,
- Vomiting etc. in the victim's mouth. remove all respiratory obstruction found for the reason,
- Listen carefully to the victim's mouth and nose, because even if the airway is closed, the victim's abdomen may go up/down as if breathing, even when there is no air flow,
- Listen in this way for 5 seconds to decide whether you are breathing,



Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.		
<b>20.04.2022 4 27.09.2022</b> 10-19						
BANKS BANKS COORS CARREST CHIPPE						



#### **Control of Heart Functions**

• Check heart rate. In Emergency Situations, the best pulse control is done from the jugular vein. Try to feel the casualty's pulse for 5 seconds and then decide whether there is a pulse or not.



#### 3. ) OXYGEN DELIVERY AND CONTROLLED VENTILATION

Oxygen is essential for life. Some toxins can interfere with normal oxygen uptake, preventing the passage of oxygen to the blood and thus to the tissues. In some cases, life can be saved by administering oxygen to a victim who has been exposed to a particularly toxic gas. Basic training is required for the job of giving oxygen.

#### **Diagnosis**

- Difficulty in breathing, trying to breathe 30 times a minute in the first stage. Then it may slow down or stop completely,
- Fast heart rate, over 100 per minute,
- Blurring/fading of skin color, purple lips and tongue,
- Weakness in the muscle system, then this process may be followed by loss of consciousness,
- In the first stage, pupils react to light. If the pupils are enlarged and do not respond to light, there is a danger to life.

#### **Treatment**

• Start giving oxygen using an oxygen mask. This attempt not only helps breathing, but also allows the casualty to control their breathing.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-20
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY CUIDE				

- The oxygen mask is placed on the victim's face, covering the nose and mouth, making sure that there will be no leakage from the mask.
- Check that the connections of the oxygen cylinder are made in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and that there is sufficient oxygen in the cylinder (2.5 liter capacity, 500 liters oxygen filled at 200 bar).



In general, situations where medical assistance is needed are due to inhalation of toxic gases in the normal state of the chemical or inhalation of toxic gases caused by fire. As a result of fire, it can cause the emission of mainly carbon monoxide and hydrogen cyanide gases. In such cases, oxygen should be given 8 liters per minute.

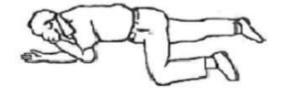
In the case of life-threatening, pulmonary edema or circulatory system problems, 8 liters of oxygen per minute should be given

#### 4.) LOSS OF CONSCIOUSNESS DUE TO CHEMICAL LOADING

After inhalation of chemical gases, ingestion of the chemical substance or absorption through the skin, the brain functions of the victim may be impaired. After chemical poisoning, the casualty may experience not only loss of consciousness, but also difficulties in breathing and even respiratory arrest. Fortunately, in most cases, improvement in symptoms initially observed as a result of the victim's removal from the environment where the chemical was present.

#### **Treatment**

- When deemed necessary, it is beneficial to clean the substance that has contaminated the eyes and body after the casualty is removed from the area contaminated with chemicals,
- The casualty should be observed after being freed from the chemical, there is usually no situation requiring intervention,
- Keep the casualty in a resilient position,



	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.	
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-21	
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE					

- If the casualty is using dentures, remove them,
- If there is any accumulation in the mouth as a result of vomiting, clean it,
- Position the victim's face facing the ground as in the picture, pillow etc. using supporting material,
- If vomiting is observed again, clean all the debris in the mouth again,
- The casualty is not left alone as there is a risk of vomiting repeatedly,
- If it takes too long for help to arrive, move the casualty to the other position after 3 hours,



### 5.) CHEMICAL SUBSTANCE IN THE EYES

As a result of chemical substance getting into the eye, regional itching, burning, pain and, in the worst cases, vision loss may occur.

#### TREATMENT SHOULD BE START IMMEDIATELY.

Irrespective of the symptoms, first the job of decontaminating the eye takes precedence.

- The eye should be washed immediately with plenty of water,
- Eyelids should be kept open as much as possible as shown in the picture, If the casualty wears contact lenses, they should be removed,
- In the process of washing with water, water should be fed directly from the inner and outer corners. The washing process should continue for 10 minutes and time should be kept for this work.



	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.		
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-22		
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE						

#### 6. ) SKIN CONTACT WITH CHEMICAL SUBSTANCE

Local damage such as chemical burns may occur after the skin comes into contact with the chemical. Chemical burns are visually similar to thermal burns, with redness, itching, swelling and pain. The chemical can be absorbed through the skin and general poisoning symptoms can be observed. However, it can take hours for these symptoms to appear. In case of limited exposure to substances such as refrigerant gases, pressurized gases or solid carbon dioxide, ice burn may be observed. In theory, it causes the same damage as chemical and thermal burns and is treated. There is no special treatment method, but the method of intervention for chemical burns is followed.

# Regardless of the chemical substance and symptoms, the areas in contact with the skin are purified.

- Chemical protective clothing and gloves should be used while washing the victim's body. There is no need to use protective material after the purification process,
- All watches, jewelery and clothes suspected of being exposed to chemicals should be cut and removed from the victim's body if necessary,
- If the casualty's eye is also affected by the chemical, the eye should be treated first,
- Washing the contact points using soap and shampoo is continued for an additional 10 minutes in order to purify the casualty from the chemical substance.

#### 7.) INHALATION OF CHEMICAL SUBSTANCE GAS

Inhalation of chemical gases causes asphyxiation:

- Exposure to caustic chemical gases that may cause respiratory tract spasm or respiratory tract swelling,
- Accumulation of caustic gases as liquid in the lungs,
- For example, poisoning caused by the inhibition of oxygen transport in the blood due to carbon monoxide and cyanide,
- Respiratory mechanism and brain are affected by chemical gases, Chemical gases that do not support life replace oxygen. Very few gases cause a corrosive effect on the lungs.

	Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
		Date	No	Date	Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-23
PETLINE	DANG	EROUS GOO	DS SAFE	TY GUIDE	

# Treatment 1. See CARDIO / LUNG RESTRAINTING.

#### 8.) SWALLOWING OF CHEMICAL SUBSTANCE

Ingestion of the chemical substance; rarely occurs due to suicide attempts, mixing with food and drink, and poor personal hygiene. In case of ingestion of toxic substances; causes vomiting and abdominal pain. The chemicals

caused by the worst situations are caused by corrosive, strong acids, alkalis and substances with disinfectant properties. In the case of ingestion of toxic substances, symptoms are generally observed in the case of ingestion of toxic substances.

If the chemical substance is swallowed, the following steps should be followed if the victim is conscious and has no difficulty in swallowing.

- The casualty should be helped to clean his mouth with water. 1 glass of water should be given to drink.
- The casualty needs to be monitored,
- The victim should not be encouraged to vomit.
- Salt water should not be given to induce vomiting. This attempt may increase the victim's situation to a more dangerous level.
- It is absolutely dangerous to induce vomiting by putting a finger down the victim's throat. As a result of vomiting, there is a risk of chemicals coming into the mouth to escape into the trachea.
- Trying to dilute the chemical in the stomach by drinking large amounts of water is not recommended. In this case, the absorption of the chemical may be accelerated.

	Document Nu.	Release
		Date
		20.04.2022
PETLINE	DANG	EROUS GOO

Rev. No

4

Revision

Date

27.09.2022

Page

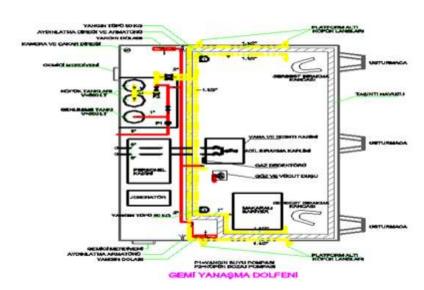
Nu.

10-24

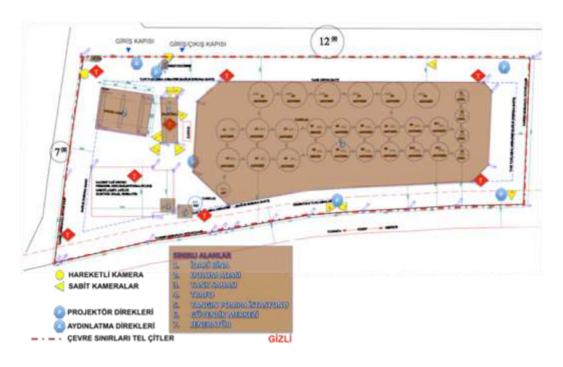
#### 11. ATTACHMENTS

# 11.1 Coastal facility Fire and settlement plan

GEMI BAGLAMA DOLFENI



#### PETLÎNE PLATFORMU VE BORU HATTI LÎMAN TESÎSÎ



	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-25
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE				

# 2 . Genaral wiew Photos of the coastal Facility,



	Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page		
		Date	No	Date	Nu.		
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-26		
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE						

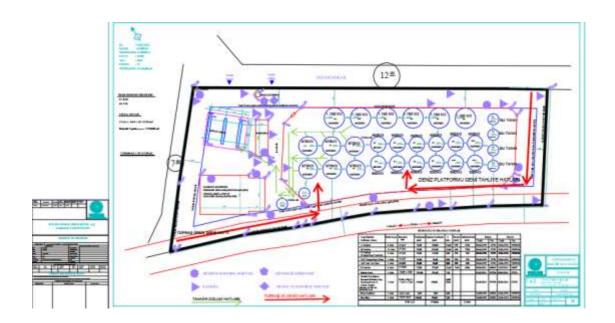
**3- Emergency Contact Points and Contact Information** 

	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2							
PORT FACILITY SECURITY OFFICERS (PFSO) INFORMATION								
Ad soyad	Ünvan	Telefon	Faks	Mobil	Mail			
TURHAN GÜREFEOĞLU	TERMİNAL MANAGER	0 262 527 75 92	0 262 527 75 93	0 533 696 05 72	turhan.gurefeoglu@petline.com.tr			

	EMERO	GENCY CONTA	CT INFORMATION		
Makam	Telephone	Fax		Telephone	Fax
The local authority	0 262 321 11 62	0 262 324 07 96	Police station	0 262 527 11 35	
Provincial Police Department	0 262 315 72 72	0 262 239 39 71	Gendarmerie Station	0 262 528 15 11	
Provincial Gendarmerie Command	0 262 335 21 32	0 262 335 21 33	Coast Guard Boat Command	0 212 242 97 10	
			Fire Department Head.	0 262 335 21 24	
Körfez Govarnorate	0 262 528 85 48	0 262 528 88 17	Provincial Ambulance Service Chief Physician	0 262 371 50 76	0 262 371 17 34
Kocaeli Petrochemical Customs Directorate	0 262 528 44 72	0 262 528 29 54	POLİCE	112	
Kocaeli Regional Port Authority	0 262 528 37 54	0 262 528 47 90	GENDARMERİE	112	
Coast Guard Marmara and Straits Regional Command	0 212 242 97 10	0 212 242 30 93	COAST GUARD	13	12
Körfez Police Department	0 262 528 23 33		CUSTOM SECURİTY	13	12
Körfez Gendarmerei Command	0 262 528 15 11		FIRE DEPARTMENT	11	12
			AMBULANCE	11	12
The security unit you are connected to	Police	<u> </u>			
Ship Radio Channel (VHF):					
Security/Operational Radio Channel (UHF):	F1				
Police Radio channel					

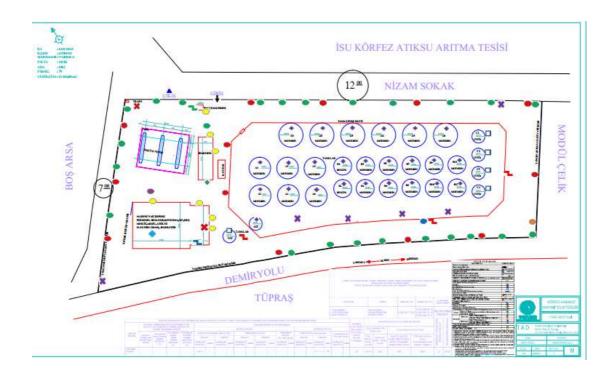
	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-27
PETLINE	DANG	EROUS GOO	DS SAFE	TY GUIDE	

# 11.4 Genaral layout Plan of areas Handling Dangerous Goods.



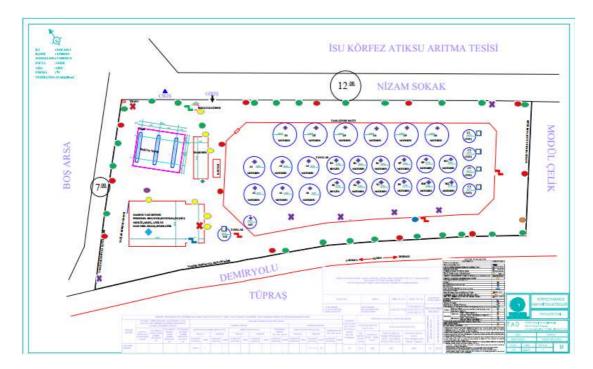
	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-28
PETLINE	TY GUIDE				

# 11.5 Fire Plan of Dangerous Goods Handling Areas.



	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-29
PETLINE	DANG	EROUS GOO	DS SAFE	TY GUIDE	

#### 11.6 Genaral Fire Plan of the storage Facility



#### 11.7 Emergency Plan

It is kept as a separate document at the port facility and is renewed at least every 3 years. Emergency Plan details are as follows.

emergency procedures,

Emergency response organization chart

Name, title and contact details of the person/organization that prepared the emergency procedures,

Name, title and contact information, duties and responsibilities of the authorized person appointed to coordinate emergency response activities that may occur at the coastal facility,

Name, title and contact information, duties and responsibilities of the facility officer who will contact the relevant Port Authority and other relevant institutions and organizations in case of emergency,

The names and duties of the teams designated for emergency response, and the names, duties and responsibilities of the personnel assigned to these teams,

The nature and capacities of the resources, equipment and equipment to be used by the coastal facility for emergency response,

The measures to be taken and the actions to be taken in order to keep the serious conditions that can be foreseen to cause the occurrence of emergencies under control and to minimize the negative effects that may arise from them, and the existing facilities, capabilities and capacity of the facility,

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-30
PETLINE	DANG	EROUS GOO	DS SAFE	TY GUIDE	

In case of an emergency, the nature and announcement methods of the precautions and warnings to be taken in order to prevent or minimize the possible risks to the people in the coastal facility, and the regulations regarding what people should do in the face of a warning,

In case of emergency, the first notification procedures to be made to the Port Authority, the content of the information to be made in this notification, and the procedures for transmitting this information to the Port Authority as new information is obtained,

The trainings that the personnel who will take charge in emergency situations should receive,

Coordination methods to be provided with emergency teams outside the coastal facility in emergencies,

The nature and period of the drills to be made for emergencies,

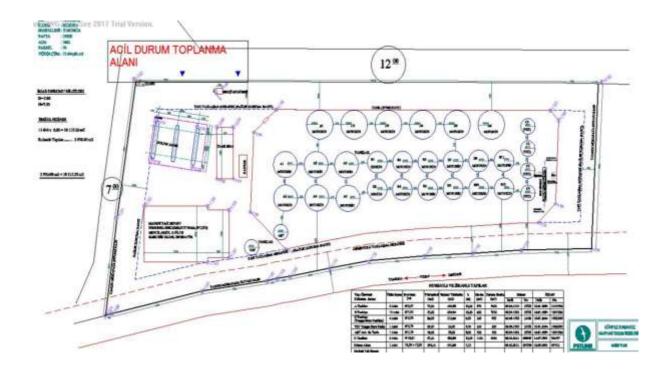
Arrangements for providing support for measures taken outside the coastal facility in emergencies.

Contingency plans must cover each of the following emergencies:

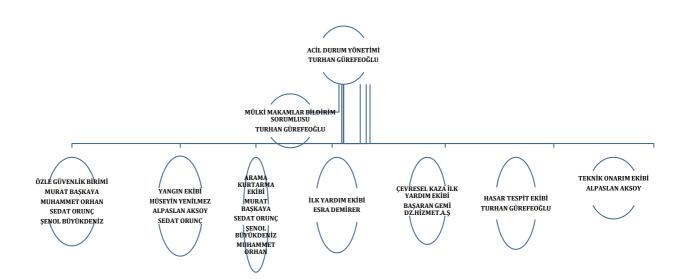
- a) Facility, equipment and field fires,
- b) Load fires belonging to each dangerous load class and sub-hazard classes allowed to be handled at the port,
- c) Ship fires,
- d) Explosion,
- d) Accidental death and serious injury,
- e) Natural disasters such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, tsunami waves,
- f) Adverse weather conditions such as very strong winds, storms, excessive snow or icing,
- g) Leakage, flow or spillage of dangerous goods belonging to each hazard class or sub-hazard classes allowed to be handled at the port,
- ğ) Marine pollution (for example: oil/fuel leakage or dangerous cargo or environmentally harmful substance spilling/falling into the sea),
- h) Gas leak,
- i) Power outage.

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-31
PETLINE	DANG	EROUS GOO	DS SAFE	TY GUIDE	

# 11.8 - Emergency Assembly Site Plan

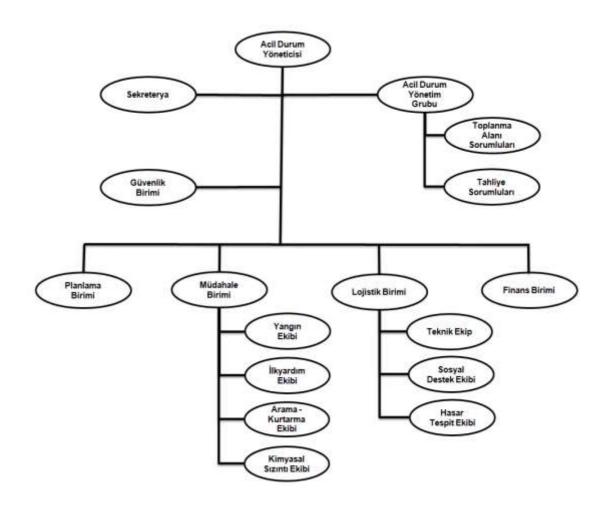


# 11.8 Emergency Response Organization Chart



	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-32
PETLINE	DANG	EROUS GOO	DS SAFE	TY GUIDE	

# 11.9 Emergency Management Chart





Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
	Date	No	Date	Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-33

#### 11.10 Dangereous Goods HandBook

## PETLİNE KÖRFEZ TERMİNALİ TEHLİKELİ YÜK EL KİTABI





ÜRÜN ADI	ÜRÜN KODU	SINIFI
MOTORIN	UN 1202	3
K.BENZİN	UN 1203	3

#### Sınıf 3 - Yanıcı Sıvılar

Tehlike sınıflarının en sık rastiananı olan BM'ye göre dünya çapında taşınan tehlikeli maddenin toplam tonajırın net hacminin %55'i bu sınıfa aittir. Yanıcı sınılar yakıt olarak kullanıları petrol ürünleri, boya ve boya çözücüleri, mürekkepler, yapıştınıollar gibi endüstrilerde yoğun kullanılan bazı maddeleri içarirler.

Bir madde aşağıdaki koşulları yerine getirirse 3. Sınıf'a ait olur:

- Sividir
- Kapalı kaplarda en yüksek 3 baçlık bir basınç oluşturabilir,
- Alevienme noktası en fazla 60°C'dir.

Yanıcı sıvı maddeler aşağıdaki gibi düzenlenmiştir:

Sınıflandırma Kodu F: Yanıcı sıvı, alt tehlikesi yoktur.

Sınıflandırma Kodu FT: Yanıcı sıvı ve zehirli Sınıflandırma Kodu FC: Yanıcı sıvı ve aşındıncı

Senflandırma Kodu FTC: Yanıcı sıvı, zehirli ve aşındıncı

Sınıflandırma Kodu D: Hassaslığı düşürülmüş patlayıcı sıvı madde.

Özellikler: Sınıf 3'de bulunan maddeler tutuşabilir olma özelliklerinin yanında aşağıdaki özelliklere de sahip olabilirler: apındıncı ve zehirli

Yanici sıvıların hepsi havadan bir dereceye kadar daha ağır buhar oluştururlar ve bu yüzden özellikle alçak ve / veya kapalı yerlerde havanın yerini alırlar. Bu sebepie boğulma her zaman olası ikinci tehlikledir; yanıcı maddeleri elleçleme / depolama işlemi açık alanlarda yapılmalı şayet kapalı alanda yapılıyor ise yeterince havalandırılmalıdır. Boğulma haricinde birçok yanıcı sıvı, yutma ve/veya buhar solumadan kaynaklanan zehirli etkiler ile cilt dokusuna incelme etkileri ve egzama gibi kendine özgü ikincil tehlikeleri barındırır.

Yanma Tehläkesi: Sind 3'te bulunan maddeler uygun kopullar oluştuğunda patlama şeklinde yanabilirler. Yanma kaynakları punlar olabilir: Bektrostatik yükleme nedeniyle kivilicim, boşaltım esnasında oluşan kivilicimlar, sicak yüzeyler susturucu gibl, alevler y.ğ., Yanma noktası, sivi bir yaktırın bir kez ateş

#### Acil İrtibat Noktaları ve İletişim Bilgileri

angel .	Cenar	Triction		7.61		TANK.	Titlel		7
CHENN CHEPDOOLE	MEDER	1,94141	( C	130.0	10.94	1100000	-aparticular	Sele.	44.0
	$\perp$								
			ACS	Extign	# NT175.	190			,
18d-in		Talephone	7m		Т		Talophia	• 1	te.
Mile like Assits		140.70	150	107.5	Patie	andrein.	196.00	-	
Towns Major	en.		100		Inte	nu K. hap	100.00		
T Zentensa Kanno	etidi.	18/813	170	-	3467	strania Ser K to	117787	-	
			+		Major	Daire Sale	1999	-	
Lirke Kernskare	4		1170	MS .	Lugh	A MALIENTAN	99000	-	100,000
Karko Frenko Manerum	na them		100	CE TO	POLA			113	
TC Vianno InkarigiSvarii			100	ure	100	COST		164	
Reduction Sales Calversia Security Billion K.)	Memory 10		100		SUR	OCARATA		10.	
Tax Toronton Ma.		10000	$^{+}$		OUR	EK CENTRICK		111	
The Sendemo 8, hi	•	THE OWNER.	$\top$		5.476	CK BRANE		113	
			T		AMER	LAVS		11.1	
Sigh clase City	III. Series	Polis	_					_	-
Carso Talva Karoli	(130)	1							
Short Since	Table 1866	五							
Polis Edito Kanas									

Elektrostatik Yükleme: Katı maddeler, sıvılar ve gazlar hızlı hareket ettirilirse, statik elektrikle yüklenebilirler. Eğer uygun koşullar bulunuyorsa, Elektrostatik boşalmalara sebebiyet verebilirler. Elektrostatik boşalmalara bağlı kıvılcımlar gizli tutuşma kaynaklandır. Örnekler:

- -Yürürken ayakkabı tabanları elektrik yüklenebilir.
- -Benzin ve mineral yağ ürünleri, yüklenebilir yedek bidonlarda taşınmamalıdır.
- —Sıvıların borularda akması esnasında uygun koşullar bulunduğunda tehlikeli durumlar oluşabilir.
- —Yüklenebilir sıvılar püskürtüldüğünde farklı büyüklükte damlalar oluşur.

Elektrostatik yüklemeler topraklama önlemleri ile engellenebilir.

Tehlikeli Karışımlar: Tehlikeli maddelerin karışmasıyla yanma noktası düşebilir ve patlama tehlikesi artabilir. Benzinin ısı yağına yaklaşık 3,5% bile karışması yanma noktasını 23 °C düşürür.

Patlama Tehlikeleri: Bürün tutuşabilen maddeler için patlama tehlikesi bulunmaktadır. Alt patlama sınırının altında olan (LEL) karışımlar tayıftır, yani alev almaz, üst patlama sınırının üstündeki karışımlar (UEL) çok yoğundur, yani yeterli oksiien varsa yanabilir fakat patlama tehlikesi bulunmaz.



Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
	Date	No	Date	Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-34

#### PETLINE KÖRFEZ TERMINALI TEHLİKELİ YÜK EL KİTABI





ÜRÜN ADI	ÜRÜN KODU	SINIFI
MOTORIN	UN 1202	3
K.BENZÍN	UN 1203	3

#### Sunf 3 - Yanıcı Sevilar

Tehlike sınıflarının en sık rastlananı olan BM'ye göre dünya çıçında taşınan tahlikeli maddenin toplam tonajinun net Nacminin 1455'i bu sırıfa aktir. Yanso sıvılar yaktı olarak ikullanları petroli ürünleri, boya ve boya çözücüleri, mürelkepler, yapqtırcılar gibi endüstrilerde yoğun kullanılan baş məddeleri

#### Bir madde apağıdaki kopullan yerine getirise 3. Seof'a sit olur:

- Kapah kaplanda en viksek 5 bartis bir hapno plusturablir. Alevlenme noktasi en facili 60°C de
- Yano sw maddeler aşağıdaki gibi düzenlenmiştir.

Seeffandema Kodu Fr. Yano svi, alt tehlikesi yoktur.

Smellandemia Kodu FT: Tanco sve ve serieti Senfandema Kodu PO Yano swive apridno

Senflandema Kodu FTC: Yanio siv., zehirli ve apridino

Seeflanderna Kodu Dr. Hassachiji düşürülmüş patlayıcı sıxı madda.

Osellikler: Smf 3'de bulunan maddeler tutuşabilir olma özelliklerinin yanında aşağıdaki özelliklere de sahip olabilirler; aşındının ve sehirli Yanın sıvıların heşsi havadan bir deraceye kadar daha ağır buhar oluştunurlar

ve bu yüzden özellikle alçak ve / veya kapak yerlerde havanın yerini alırlar. Bu sebeple böğülmə her zaman olası kinci tehlikedir, yenci məddeleri elleçleme / depolama işlemi açık alanlarda yapılmalı şayet kapalı alanda yapılıyor ise yetarince havalandinimaldir. Boğulma harcinde birçok yanıcı sıvı, yutma ve/veya buhar zolumadan kaynaktanan zahini etkiler ile cit dokusura incahne etkileri ve egzema gibi kendine dogli kincil tehlikeleri berindinir.

Yanna Tehlikesi: Snrf 3'ra bulunan maddeler uygun kopular diupuğunda patlama pakinda yanahiiriar. Yanma kaynakian punlar olahikir. Elektrostatik viklame redeni/e kiviom, bosebm europida okçan kiviomlar, sicak yüzeyler sustunucu gibi, alevler vit. Yarıma noktası, sıvı bir yakıtın bir kaz ataş aldistan sonra sünkli yanmayı beslemeye yetecek oranda buhar üneteceği odr. Tutujabilen siviann duman nizgár olmadiği samenlarda daha alçak alanlara scarlar. Su maddelerin yok olmas ile ligili çok zaman gerekmes

#### Acıl İrtibat Noktaları ve İletişim Bilgileri

VHE .	the :	1999		16		44.	T		
TRANSPORT	930K	18.0	1	10.7	_	man	-	1495	0.40
			- 17	11110			+		
		-	The				7	No.	1%
			E						-
Mile San Confe			1	_	19.1	160			Т
No boy		19.71	۰	-	=	CUL.		100	1
Tales Local		18.015	٠	m.	-	- HILL	-	-	+
	_	_	+	_	-	NA NA	-	-	-
			L		1	-	Ш		
Ul Louis	_	-	-	-	140	-	-	-	-
							Ш		
un house	-	1000	+		353	_			-
Making TT. Towns		-	+		-	-		_	-
Malijkoni 3	No. 154		Г			100			A
Maria Mr. Orani	Section 1		+	***	100	ATTEN .			1
Sensor Brig And		-	+	_	-	or mine	-	-	-
			L		1115				
la-bens (1-à		18.81	Г		100	194			4
			Т		100	Live			11
	_		L				-0		
No. comment	tio .	66	-						
ne for bear ?	41	_	-				-		
and the	-	_	_	_	_		_		_
AWY	- /								
St. bor Land		7	_						

Bektrostarik Yükleme: Kas maddeler, svilar ve polar holi hareket etirilirse, statik elektrikle yüklenebilirler. Eğer uygun kojullar buluruyorsa, Elektrostatik boşalmalara sebebiyet verebilirler. Bektrostatik boşalmalara bağlı kıvlomlar gizli tutupna kaynaklandır. Örnekler:

- -Yürürlen avaklab tabarılan elektrik vüklenebilir.
- -Sercin ve mineral yağ ürünleri, yüklenebilir yedek bidonlarda taşınmamalıdır.
- -Swiann borularda alimas esnasında uygun koşullar bulunduğunda tehlikeli durumlar olysabilir.
- -Yüklenebilir sıvlar püskürtüdüğünde farki büyüklükte damlalar okupur. Bektrostatik yüklemeler topraklama önlemleri ile engellenebilir.

Tehlikeli Kangmilar. Tehlikeli maddelerin kangmasyla yanma noktas düşebilir ve patlama tehlikesi artabilir. Bendrin su yağına yaklapık 3,5% bile karışması yanma noktasını 23 °C düşürür.

Patlama Tehlikeleri: Bürün tutuşabilen maddeler için patlama tehlikesi bulunmaktadır. Alt patlama sınının altında olan (LEL) kanşımlar zayıftır, yani alev almsz, úst patlama snonon üstöndeki karsymlar (UEL) çok yoğundur, yeni yeterli oksijen varsa yanabilir fakat patlama tehlikesi bulunmaz.

URUN ACI	UN ROOU	298	(ANTUR	PAKETLEMI (JRUN)
MOTORIN	UN 1202	1	<b>♦ €</b>	Kill
KROGW	UN 1208	1	<b>♦</b> (£)	PG 81

#### Tehlikeli Madde Tapıyan Tankerler



Çoklu Tank Bölümü Olan Tapıma Birimleri





facia becomektidir. Genel otarak, bu numaratar, apalpitaki pu tehlikatara iganet

- 3- Switzen (buhartann) ve godann butupolime durumu veya kendi kandine oran ov 30 Tuhupiblir <u>na,</u> yeya 60°C'nin yukeronda bir yanma noktasyla entling
- durunda kan, kendidanni yanna noataania kadar veya dahii yoksish bir denenye isahinig olan veya kendi kendine unian osi 123 Tutophilir gas sahinini yaqan ve kuya keyal veren habipalifir sise XO23 Suyla kense <u>golfonde</u> kentilesi yekida kepkinini gilidanini ve husupalikir

- gac sainnm yagan tutugabilir ava 23 Yüksek derecede tutugabilir ava
- 133 Coptock err XXXX Surfa sersas ertificida terlilanii palidas teplalma glidasum gizgligik err 236 Vikiasi diremonia tungalidir svu, talaak Vikiasi diremonia tungalidir svu, talaak
- XXXII Tülcek derecede tutupabilir alan ve supla tehlikeli tapić veren svo,

htroof. Sportane pekide podletti tepkimeye neden disbilecek olan yikoek derecede

- N Tutopital row, track, veys land handre cover ow, totals. 362 Supla teptime globeren vertutupbilingsp salmmi yapan tutupabilinsus,

- 908 Tutupedrava, totals, ignost SE Tutupedrava, proof and less
- III Turqebilir ov, 1999 veja kandi kandina uman ser, 1999 322 Suyla samas ettijõnda tajatina gistenem va tutujatilin pas selinim yapan tutujatilir sur, 1999

Augul, aengreiki (sije, Nurri sitropen) totien, kerboo diotaut, se salv. Sum set diabototi Nur yegen objektiviscoler: kulteraletiivi, daluat, eengonisela hoosen õltasese bateri sechnetiidi. Yangas objektironis armanyat bibalat sultendrasidar, linaa salbalbi ciri accordant annua su burdante activirus si contra successiva del considera se successiva del considera del considera se successiva del considera del considera se successiva del considera

busk konsocu sepun tistricat, yangna dayanati tem kangsicu gusi, kanasici val, minister us accessiblinde vendiolen bestenst zellinum chapit balanisterlat, Su somu venten its com tentari va benomi konsmislati. Solonum chapit ministercino albitati persono teratrosko turkenimen va kesek. ac operatyoniamota ekia paismas lie mūdebale adilmosi aerekido.

yrkama szovnák přideric acik kalmasona diktor adnix. Korisk Iww vertění ko

valence accounts actions and accounts above above, forces, mine another bottom, entropy and accounts above accounts and accounts and accounts accounts and accounts account accounts accounts accounts accounts account accounts account accounts account accounts accounts accounts accounts accounts accounts accounts accounts account accounts accounts accounts account accounts accounts accounts accounts accounts accounts accounts account accounts account accounts account accounts accounts accounts account accounts account accounts account accounts account accounts accounts account accounts account accounts accounts account accounts account accounts account accounts accounts account accounts account accounts accounts account accounts account accounts account accounts account accounts account

Guara ballode neths bocuruous ace Astrona, maddeon neths, bocurue

As Pricilabilistik Assellans also abo

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-35
PETLINE	DANG	EROUS GOO	DS SAFF	TY GUIDE	

TEHLÍKELÍ YÚK BELGELERÍ	00 40
Tablical Stat Towns Belows in a seal state billion in the seal state of the season in	PETT PETT PETT PETT PETT PETT PETT PETT
fehlikeli Mal Taşıma Seigesi'nde aşağıdaki bilgiler bulunmalıldır. Nakilye adı veya doğru teknik isim (ticari isimler kabul edilmeyecektir)	ERRED IN THE STATE OF THE STATE
	THE THE PARTY OF T
Mümkünse Smf ve Bölüm. Smf veya Bölüm riski smf sayısına dahil edilebilir.	
lyumluluk grubu ayrıça sınıf 1 mailan içinde belirtilecektir ve ikincil risk içeren	1113 8
pt olmas durumunda, risklerin belirtilmesi amaciyla daha facia bilgi	1 1 3 E
slenecektr	THE RESERVE TO BE SEEN THE PERSON OF THE PER
Birleymiş Milletler numarası UN 'den sonra yazılacaktır	à la
Varsa paketieme grubu	7 1 1 1 1 1 1 K
Paket numarasi ve tiplerinin yanında hacim veya kütle başına tehlikeli	7 19 19 19 19 18
reflern toplam mikten	11 12 12 12
61 Cveye daha düşük bir parlama noktasına sahip maddeler için parlama oktası	PETLINE PLATFORMU VE BORU HATTI LIMAN TESIS  (3°)  (3°)  (4°)  (4°)  (4°)  (5)  (5)  (6)  (7)  (7)  (8)  (8)  (8)  (8)  (8)  (9)  (9)  (9
Ex riskler sevklyat isminde belirtilmemigtir riskler	1 1 10 P P
Gerein@nde, mailar "Denid Kinetic Madde" olarak belirtilecektir	1 1 Walt (1) E
Tehlikeli mai kalıntıları içeren boş muhafazalara nakliye adından önce veya	1
onra "Boş", "Temizlenmemiş" veya "Kalıntı İçerir" gibi durum belirtici yazılar	1 4 4 4 4 4
solicitor.	1 0000 4 4 8
Maların doğru sınıflandıridiği, çaketlendiği, içaretlendiği, etiketlendiği ve	Serberberby
	•
rakliyat için uygun olduğunu belirten gönderenin adına imzalanan belge	0 0
	-
DENIZ PLATFORMU	
	ACIL MODAHALE EYLEM AKIS DIYAGRAM
	OKAY MERINDAR
weller .	
Company Office of	COLAY APRICA AND BOOK AR
NO. NO.	
Manager and Table	
	MANUEL MALAMENT AND DESCRIPTION OF THE THE THE THE THE THE THE THE THE THE
	ALINE SALARINA ALINE SECOND DE SENDO
	NAME OF AN ASSESSED.  WE SEE THE SECOND SECO
- 84	ACE STOP ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STOR
	acits, second actions.
	ACE STOP ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STORE ACE STORE  ACE STOR
	Total and the state of the stat
	And the second of the second o
	Action of the State of State o
	And the second of the second o
	Action of the State of State o
	Action of the State of State o
	To the state of th
	To the state of th
	To the state of th
	To the state of th
	To the state of th
MATTER AND THE PARTY OF THE PAR	To the second se

#### ACİL DURUMLARA MÜDAHALEYE YÖNELİK KULLANAC. KAYNAKLARIN, EKİPMAN VE DONANIMLARIN ENVANTERİ

QLEVI .	MARKES	GUCU	Process and	YERI
ana Pompa	WILD ELEKTRIKLI	75 KWH	180 MS/SAAT	YANGIN POMPA ISTASYONU
ana Pompa	MAS POMPA ELEKTRIKLI	90 KWH	180M3/SAAT	YANGIN POMPA ISTASYONU
HEDEK POMPA	N/ECO DZEL		180 M3 /SAAT	YANGIN POMPA ISTASYONU
OKER POMPA	WLD ELEKTRÍKLÍ		12 M5/SAAT	YANGN POMPA ISTASYONU
BESLEME POMPALARI EUC	WILD POMPA ZADET		35 M3/SAAT	BE MOTORIN TANKI YANI YE GÜMRÜK SAYAÇI ARKASINDA

Becure (Dil Boom)	536 m. j Platforn (casinde)
Sorbert Malpetheles	
terbent Bajlyag 1 Aded; = 3 mt. 20 on papada, 41 Adra/add Lassabda	250 Adjet (Teslesia) Marie (ACCENTACE)
Sorbert Pat. 43cm x 53 cm 1.60 (trys/adet lagasitade.	5000 hdys./Tess jg: ware scoops/secode/
Sorbent Eagligat, 1 kg/oot engoe kapalitesi > 15 kt.	350 kg (Tesis jg Mare Konteknopdy)
Sorbent (1955); 50 cm x 50 cm 4.2 (tre/light kepasitede	150 Adject esis igi Mare Soctopologia)
Secol. (0il Skimmer)	1 AGE (Tells (the deposition)
Belyer Leona Tambicu.	2 Add Libolum Adelan (xonda)
Portica.	1 Add (Tests ig Mare (2006/00000)
Ticor Deposatra Tabo	2 Add (Tests ig Mare Eattestunds)
Tatuki Yasatta Makirani	1 Add (Tests of Mare Katteyfords)

KIMYASAL SZINTDA/YANGINDA KULLANILACAK KIŞISEL KORUYICU MALIZIME ENWANTERÎ			
SARET	8 ADIT		
d eggrine)	2 ADRT		
EVINITET AVANKABIS	2 ADIT		
\$61.60ES	2 ADIT		
GELOVENI	4 ADIT		
TNEG ELBSE	2 ADIT		
ANTISTATIN (\$ ELEGIS)	3 ADIT		
YANMAZ ELBISE	2 ADRT		

PETLINE KÖKPEZ FEKNÍNALÍ TIBBI İLK YARDIM MALZEME LİSTESİ

TAK MUTTER HITTE	Ant.	MATE.	MENTIT	THER
Flacor 2.5 mm x Million	1	NA.	1	-
Harry Barrett	- 3		3	
Toppman Yara prefittion all on	1.3	62,2037	5	
Papamah Yara pedi Forma Sore	1		1	
Sep Bei Juna 150 pe	10.2		3	
ridolf Say Beti Mon e Sill on	1.3	34.	2	
sang Bert 171m y Dalom	1.2	- 80	2.	
Dack Bertig 6 (m ) 6 (m.	1.1	81.75.2021	5	
Short Gar Best 3d car a 4d car	1	01.3025	1	
Skint Gar Best 3d-ow x 80-on	- 4	013025	4.	
riquit Ferrit 50 p.	- 1	NA -	1	
Anada high 6 kiriliyini	1 1	No.		
Sorpeta Debug Silbon v. 230 cm	1.5	25.26.2021	- 5	
Teksi turki	1.1			
Serseptia vilingen	- 3	VF 3022		
Designed rise	1 1		- 1	
Od.4 Intended	1	16.0	. 1	
Desid	1	144	. 1	
Çevjeti iğer 12'li	1.0			
Tek Kultimini ik Filitera	100	160	179	
Makas	11	16.0		
The formacing Colonials.	1.1	.94		
Name and Address of the Address of t	1	MA.	. 3	
MAZZIK AĞRI KEŞIZI	1.1	III 2H 2024	1	
Copple technic	1.7	н жа	9	
ales   gar kompen 15 47 Scie	110	2533-2002	147	

# $11.11\,$ Leak Areas and equipment for CTU and Packages , Entry / exit Drawings

Not applicable.

# 11.12 Inventory of Port Service Ships

provided by outsourcing

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.	
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-36	
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE					

DANCEROUS	<b>GOODS SAFETY</b>	CHIDE
DANGELOO	TOODS SAILLI	TUIDI

#### 11.13 Maritime coordinates of the administrative borders of the Port Authority, anchorage areas and the pilot's disembarkation/embarkation points

#### A) Port administrative area border

(different phrase:RG-6/8/2013-28730) The port administrative area of Kocaeli Port Authority is the sea and coastal area within the line formed by the following coordinates.

- a) 40° 45′ 24″ K 029° 21′ 15″ D (Cape Yelkenkaya)
- b) 40° 43′ 00" K 029° 21′ 18" D
- c) 40° 43′ 00" K 029° 23′ 24" D
- d) 40° 44′ 57″ K 029° 30′ 57″ D
- e) 40° 44′ 48″ K 029° 32′ 30″ D
- f) 40° 41′ 12″ K 029° 33′ 36″ D

#### B) Anchorage areas

- a) Izmit mooring arena: The mooring game of ships that do not carry dangerous goods, the course of the course is the sea area..
  - 1) 40° 45′ 00″ K 029° 52′ 48″ D
  - 2) 40° 44′ 00" K 029° 52′ 48" D
  - 3) 40° 44′ 00" K 029° 55′ 00" D
  - 4) 40° 45′ 00″ K 029° 55′ 00″ D
- b) Yarımca anchorage area: Ships carrying dangerous goods, nuclear powered military ships and quarantine anchorage area is the sea area formed by the following coordinates.
  - 1) 40° 46′ 24″ K 029° 41′ 00″ D
  - 2) 40° 45′ 09" K 029° 41′ 00" D
  - 3) 40° 44′ 54″ K 029° 43′ 00″ D
  - 4) 40° 46′ 18″ K 029° 43′ 00″ D
- c) Hereke anchorage area: The anchorage area of ships not carrying dangerous goods is the sea area formed by the following coordinates.
  - 1) 40° 46′ 36″ K 029° 38′ 09″ D
  - 2) 40° 45′ 24″ K 029° 38′ 09″ D
  - 3) 40° 45′ 12″ K 029° 40′ 30″ D
  - 4) 40° 46′ 27″ K 029° 40′ 30″ D
- c) Eskihisar anchorage area: The anchorage area of ships not carrying dangerous goods is the sea area between the line connecting the coordinates below and the coastline to the north of this line. In this area, anchoring cannot be done within 2.5 gomino distance from the shore.
  - 1) 40° 45′ 12″ K 029° 23′ 27″ D ( Cape Darica )
  - 2) 40° 46′ 00″ K 029° 30′ 57″ D (Cape Kaba)

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.	
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-37	
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE					

# 11.14 Emergency Response Equipment Against Marine Pollution in the Port Facility

As in the Approved Marine Pollution Emergency Response Plan

# 11.15 Personal protective equipment (PPE) usage map

	KULAKLIK (A)	BAKET (B)	SERT ŞAPKA (B)	işeldiveni(*) (C)	iş cözlücü (D)	EMNİYET AYAKKABISI (E)	İŞELBİSESİ (F)	REFLEKTIF VELEK (G)
KILLANLACAK ALAN	ô				7	A	Å	1
TESIS / TANK SAHASI	RISKE GÖRE (**)	EVET	RISKE GÖRE (**)	RÍSKE GÖRE (**)	EVET	EVET	EVET	RISKE GÖRE (**)
MALKABUL/DOLUM ADASI	RISKE GÖRE (**)	HAYR	RISKE GÖRE (**)	EVET	EVET	EVET	EVET	RÍSKE GÖRE (**)
POMPA ODASI	EVET	EVET	RISKE GÖRE (**)	EVET	5, 5960	EVET	EVET	RÍSKE GÖRE (**)
ATÖLYE	RISKE GÖRE (**)	HAYR	RISKE GÖRE (**)	RÍSKE GÖRE (**)	EVET	EVET	EVET	RISKE GÖRE (**)
APRON - ARAÇ DIŞI	EVET	HAYR	EVET	EVET	EVET	EVET	EVET	EVET

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.	
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-38	
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE					

## 11.16 Hazardous substance incidents notification form

Issue-number-					
Date					
Company			-		
Institution					
Institution		CONTACT			
Sender					
		INFORMATION			
as required					
	DODT FACILITY				
	PORT FACILITY	TIFICATION!"			
	"DANGEROUS LOAD EVENT NO	OTIFICATION"			
	DATE :				
1. When the accid	dent occurs,				
	t is known, how it occurred and the reason				
-	nere the accident occurred (coastal facility				
	rmation (name, flag, IMO number, owner, op		ip involved		
in the accident. a	and amount, captain's name and similar infor	mation),			
4. meteorologica	•				
	the dangerous substance, proper transport	name (based on the legislation	n specified		
	of dangerous substance) and amount,				
	langerous substance or sub-hazard division, i	if an			
	the dangerous substance, if any,				
	of the dangerous substance, such as marine p	ollutants, if any,			
_	tails of the dangerous substance,				
	cs and number of the package, cargo transpo	ort unit and container, it any, ii	ı which the		
_	ance is transported,				
	ender, carrier and receiver of dangerous good	ds			
	the damage/pollution caused,				
	ad and injured in the accident (if any),				
	8. How the accident was dealt with,				
	ganizations help is requested,				
	r neighboring facilities that may be affected	by the accident,			
: FORM PREPARE	D				
],					
Name/surname	:				
job :					
Sing :	Sing :				

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-39
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE				

11.17 Control Results Notification Form for Dangerous Goods Transport Units (CTUs) The form containing the CTU control, which is submitted to the presidencies by the administration in quarterly periods, is delivered.

Year/ Period		Number	Percentile				
Controlled Pac	kages						
Defective Pack	ages						
total							
domestically fi	illed						
filled in abroad							
flaws	flaws						
Documentatio	n,	-					
Dangerous car	go declaration						
Container/Veh	nicle Packaging Certificate						
Plating and ma	arking						
Container Secu	urity Agreement approval plate						
Serious structu	ıral defects						
Ground Tanke	rs Binding add-ons						
Portable tank	or land tanker (unsuitable or dam	aged)					
Labeling (For P	Labeling (For Packages)						
Packaging ( Inappropriate or damaged )							
load segregation							
Stacking / binding the inside of the package							



Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
	Date	No	Date	Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-40

#### 11.18 Hot Work Permission

PETLINE	FIRE WORK IN EXPLOSIVE AREAS	DATE:
Form No: PETZT-01		8

The fuel tank area, filling station, pump island, slope tank area and pier are within this scope.

#### 1. Gas Measurement

Quantity	Hour:	makume	signature	V.1	
2.Insulation and Gr	ounding				× - m-
		Ý		Yes	No
	working line with the fuel been cut of	72		Z-1-2X	3 (10)
Hind flange fitted?		Same		② →	2
	other metal objects and tanks been cu	toff?		2 1	2
is the grounding done cor	rectly and checked?	X35-27 s		9. 1	2
3. Other Precaution				Yes I	No
is vehicle access to the w	rking area out off?			2 - 1	Cross
Has the fire motor pump	ices started?			8 1	-
Are boses and nozzles co	meeted to the bydness?			8 1	-
is the welding equipment	located at a safe enough distance?			8 - 1	-
Have precautions been to	en against vapors that may come from	the surroundings?		3 1	}
When other committee tells	n as specified in the PSR?			27 1	

#### VALIDITY AND RENEWAL OF THE PERMIT

- The permit is only valid for 8 hours unless the following renewal is made.
   In order to be able to be renewed, it is checked that the questions on the front/above are up-to-date.
   Under all circumstances, this form can be used for a maximum of one week.

DATE	HOUR	GASMEASCREMENT	THEFINICAL SAFETY	BUSINESS	COMPANY
	8	5	- 3		
	8	1 3	1		
	*	*			*
	§ —		1		
	3				
	35	33	- 19		
	3	31			lo.
	31	3 3	- 3		0)
	8	1 1			
	*	4			-
	× —		- 1		
	33		5.5		
	01 2	31 331			
	83	9			
	17	1 1			645

This part is filled when the job is done:

Work safe and to the recipe made in accordance Contracting Company Officials

onforms to the requirement Operations Supervisor

Work safe and healthy as completed. Technical Safety

Vapoliaribis 17.01.2007 Resources Resoliaribis-



Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
	Date	No	Date	Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-41

PETLINE	FIRED WORK PERMIT			
ERMÍNAL.				
		DATE	T.	
		PERM.NUMBER	<u></u>	
his form It is the annex of	the general work permit no.			
lot work place:				
efinition of hot work :				
			0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	
		-		
W		Yes	No	
. The area where the study will be carried out is a at least 20 meters away?	ree from all kinds of facil/ natural gas sources.	P	P	
Any combustible material where the sparks fall		- 10	48	
Is the item available?				
Are all electrical connections and grounding of	the equipment being worked on?	36	36	
Has the inside of the pipeline to be worked on b	een completely		1	
cleaned and separated from the system with a ba		10.	25	
Does the welding equipment to be used have su				
back the tabus, manometer, hoses, welding moor and	cable! )	- 2	38	
Is there a sustable type and number of fire exting	quotien with the learn that wait do the work?			
O2 should not be used in closed volumes.)  Are the hands of the person who will close and		- 10	18	
			68	
RECAUTIONS			10	
ischarging	By Pelline	By Contractor	Notes	
learing	2		70	
sulation	3		1	
ind flanging	8		<b>3</b> 0	
dve safety	- 3		30	
urounding the field with tape	<u> </u>		30	
lanket	- 2		49	
rotective clothing			4	
dditional firefighting equipment			*	
coling	8		45	
you answered "No" to Question 1, please go	to the back page.			
Hot Work Can Be Done	Business Conditions Are Eligible	5050 WHI 600 S B 600 WH	e terms, all the rules to comply.	
TECHNICAL SAFETY	RUSINESS SUPERVISOR	COMPLEX	RESPONSIBLE	

PETLINE

Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.	
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-42	
DANGEROUIG GOODG GARRENY GUIDE					

Proper :	Shipping Name						
UN number if any and class ID groups in the Characteristic table							
	Dangerous liquid bulk cargoes (Petroleum and Petroleum Derivatives Marpol Annex-1)						
The Code	Dangerous liquid bulk cargoes (Chemical and similar IBC Code)						
to	Dangerous Liquid Bulk Cargoes ( Liquefied Gas IGC Code )						
which the	Packaged Dangerous goods ( IMDG Codes )						
load is	Dangerous solid Bulk Cargoes ( IMSBC Code )						
Natural							

# 11.19 – Dangerous Goods Handling Guide Additional Cargo Notification (when necessary)

Appendix: Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Dangerous Goods Safety Consultant Erdi YILMAZ

Coastal Facility Officer Turhan GÜREFEOĞLU

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-43
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE				

#### 11.20 Dangerous Goods Documents.

The Dangerous Goods Transport Document should contain the following information:

- Shipping name or correct technical name (trade names will not be accepted)
- Class and Division, if applicable. Class or Division risk can be included in the number of classes. The compatibility group will also be indicated within the class 1 goods and in the case of gas with secondary risk, more information will be added to indicate the risks
- United Nations number will be written after UN
- Packing group, if any
- Total quantity of dangerous goods per volume or mass as well as package number and types
- Flash point for substances with a flash point of 61 Co or less
- Additional risks not specified in the shipping name.
- Goods will be designated as "Marine Pollutant" where necessary
- Empty containers containing hazardous cargo residues will be written with status-indicating texts such as "Empty", "Uncleaned" or "Contains Residue" before or after the shipping name.
- For dangerous goods in limited quantity, the expression "Limited Dangerous Goods in Limited Quantity" will be added.
- Document signed on behalf of the sender stating that the goods are correctly classified, packaged, marked, labeled and suitable for transport



Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
	Date	No	Date	Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-44

PETLINE		PETLİNE PETROL ÜRÜNLI / TERMİNAL GÜVENLİK LİSTESİ SHIP/SHORE SAFETY CI	KONTROL	FORM NO: PETTT- REVIZ	
Tarih ve Zaman	/Date Time				

Tarih ve Zaman/Date Time					
Liman Rihtim-Port and Berth	PETLINE PLATFORM 1		_		
Tanker		Terminal	PETLİNE KÖRF	EZ TERMÍNA	Lİ
Transfer edilecek ürün Products to be transferred:					

	Part 1A. <u>Tanker</u> : Checks pre-arrival				
Item	Check	Status	Remarks		
1.	Varış öncesi bilgi alışverişi yapılır. Pre-arrival information is exchanged (6.5, 21.2)	□Yes			
2.	Uluslararası kıyı yangın bağlantısı mevcuttur International shore fire connection is available (5.5, 19.4,3.1)	□Yes			
3.	Transfer hortumları uygun yapıdadır. Transfer hoses are of suitable construction (18.2)	□Yes			
4.	Terminal bilgi kitapçığı gözden geçirildi Terminal information booklet reviewed (15.2.2)	□Yes			
5.	Yanaşma öncesi bilgi alışverişi yapılır Pre-berthing information is exchanged (21.3, 22.3)	□Yes			
6.	Basınç/vakumvalfleri ve/veya yüksek hızlı havalandırmalar çalışır durumda Pressure/vacuum valves and/or high velocity vents are operational (11.1.8)	□Yes			
7.	Sabit ve taşınabilir oksijen analizörleri çalışır durumda Fixed and portable oxygen analysers are operational (2.4)	□Yes			

Part 1B. <u>Tanker</u> : Checks pre-arrival if using an inert gas system					
Item	Check	Status	Remarks		
8.	Inert gaz sistem basıncı ve oksijen kaydedi cileri çalışır durumda Inert gas system pressure and oxygen recorders are operational (11.1.5.2. 11.1.11)	☐ Yes			
9.	Inert gaz sistemi ve ilgili ekipman çalışır durumda Inert gas system and associated equipment are operational (11.1.5.2, 11.1.11)	☐ Yes			
10.	Kargotankı atmosferlerinin oksijen içeriği %8'den az Cargotank atmospheres' oxygen content is less than 8% (11.1.3)	☐ Yes			
11.	Kargo tanki atmosferleri pozitif basınçta  Cargo tank atmospheres are at positive pressure (11.1.3)	☐ Yes			



Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
	Date	No	Date	Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-45

PETLINE

# PETLÎNE PETROL ÜRÜNLERÎ A.Ş GEMÎ/ TERMÎNAL, GÜVENLÎK KONTROL LÎSTESÎ SHIP/SHORE SAFETY CHECK LIST ForTankers -ISGOTT 6th Edition

FORM NO:PETTT-21 REVIZYON:0 2 TARIH: 25.07.2022

	Part 2. <u>Terminal</u> : Checks pre-arrival (To be filled by Terminal and forwarded to vessel)					
Item	Check	Status	Remarks			
12.	Varış öncesi bilgi alışverişi yapılır Pre-arrival information is exchanged (6.5, 21.2)	□Yes				
13.	Uluslararası kıyı yangın bağlantısı mevcuttur International shore fire connection is available (5.5, 19.4.3.1, 19.4.3.5)	□Yes				
14.	Transfer ekipmanı uygun yapıdadır Transfer equipment is of suitable construction (18.1,18.2)	□Yes				
15.	Tankere iletilen terminal bilgi kitapçığı Terminal information booklet transmitted to tanker (15.2.2)	□Yes				
16.	Yanaşma öncesi bilgi alışverişi yapılır Pre-berthing information is exchanged (21.3, 22.3)	□Yes				
17.	Usturmaçalar etkili Fendering is effective (22.4.11	□Yes				
18.	Bağlama düzeneği etkili Mooring arrangement is effective (22.2, 22.4.3)	□Yes				
19.	Tankere giriş ve çıkış güvenli Access to and from the tanker is safe (16.4)	□Yes				
20.	Frengi giderleri tikali Scuppers and savealis are plugged (23.7.4, 23.7.5)	□Yes				
21.	Kargo sistemi deniz bağlantıları ve gemiden tahliyeler emniyete alınmıştır. Cargo system sea connections and overboard discharges are secured (23.7.3)	□Yes				
22.	VHF ve UHF alıcı-vericileri düşük güç moduna ayarlandı VHF and UHF transceivers are set to low power mode (4.11.6, 4.13.2.2)	□Yes				
23.	Üst güvertede dışa açılanlar control edilir. External openings in superstructures are controlled (23.1)	□Yes				
24.	Pompa dairesi havalandırması etkili. Pumproom ventilation is effective (10.12.2)	□Yes				
25.	Orta frekans/yüksek frekans radyo antenleri izoleli. Mediumfrequency/high frequency radio antennae are isolated (4.11.4, 4.13,2.1)	□Yes				
26.	Yaşam mahali positif basınçta. Accommodation spaces are at positive pressure (23.2)	□Yes				
27.	Yangın kontrol planları hazır Fire control plans are readily available (9.11.2.5)	□Yes				



Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
	Date	No	Date	Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-46

	Part 4. <u>Terminal</u> : Che (To be filled by Terminal and			ssel)
Item	Check	Status		Remarks
28.	Usturmaçalar etkili. Fendering is effective (22.4.1)	□Yes		
29.	Tanker, terminal bağlama planına göre bağlandı. Tanker is moored according to the terminal mooring plan (22.2, 22.4.3)	□Yes		
30.	Tankere giriş ve çıkış güvenli. Access to and from the tanker is safe (16.4)	□Yes		
31.	Döküntü muhafazası ve hazneler güvenlidir. Spill containment and sumps are secure (18.4.2, 18.4.3, 23.7.4, 23.7.5)	□Yes		
32.	Tanker, kararlaştırılan bildirim süresinde hareket etmeye hazır  Tanker is ready to move at agreed notice period (9.11, 21.7.1.1, 22.5.4)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
33.	Etkin tanker ve terminal iletişimi kuruldu Effective tanker and terminal communications are established (21.1.1. 21.1.2)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
34.	Transfer ekipmanı güvenli durumda Transfer equipment is in safe condition (isolated, drained and de-pressurised) (18.4.1)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
35.	Operasyon denetimi ve vardiya yeterli Operation supervision and watchkeeping is adequate (7.9, 23.11)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
36.	Acil bir durumla başa çıkmak için yeterli personel var There are sufficient personnel to deal with an emergency (9.11.2.2, 23.11)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
37.	Sigara içme kısıtlamaları ve belirlenmiş sigara içme alanları oluşturuldu  Smoking restrictions and designated smoking areas are established (4.10, 23.10)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
38.	Çıplak ışık kısıtlamaları belirlendi Naked light restrictions are established (4.10.1)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
39.	Elektriklive elektronik cihazların kontrolü kabul edildi Control of electrical and electronic devices is agreed (4.11, 4.12)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
40.	Hem tankerden hem de terminalden acil kaçış yolları oluşturuldu Means of emergency escape from both tanker and terminal are established (20.5)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
41.	Yangın söndürme ekipmanı kullanıma hazır Firefighting equipment is ready for use (5, 19.4, 23.8)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
42.	Petrol sizintisi temizleme malzemesi mevcuttur Oil spill clean-up material is available (20.4)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
43.	Manifoldlar düzgün bağlanmış Manifolds are properly connected (23.6.1)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
44.	Numuneleme ve ölçüm protokolleri kabul edildi Sampling and gauging protocols are agreed (23.5.3.2, 23.7.7.5)	□ Yes	☐ Yes	
45.	Kargo, bunker ve balast elleçleme operasyonları için prosedürler kabul edildi Proceduresfor cargo, bunkers and ballast handling operations are agreed (21.4, 21.5, 21.6)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
46.	Kargo transferi yönetimi kontrolleri kabul edildi Cargo transfer management controls are agreed (12.1)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	1.
47.	Ham petrol yıkama dahil olmak üzere kargo tankı temizleme gereksinimleri kabul edildi Cargo tankı cleaning requirements, including crude oil washing, are agreed (12.3, 12.5, 21.4.1)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	See also parts 7B/7C as applicable



Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
	Date	No	Date	Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-47

48.	Kargotanki gazdan arındırma düzenlemeleri kabul edildi	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	See also part 7C
	Cargo tank gas freeing arrangements agreed (12.4)			
49.	Kabul edilen kargo ve bunker slop taşıma gereksinimleri Cargo and bunker slop handling requirements agreed	□ Yes	☐ Yes	See also part 7C
	(12.1,21.2, 21.4)			
50.	Aktarılan kargoların düzenli kontrolleri için rutin kararlaştırıldı Routine for regular checks on cargo transferred are	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
	agreed (23.7.2)			
51.	Acil durum sinyalleri ve kapatma prosedürleri kabul edildi	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
	Emergency signals and shutdown procedures are agreed (12.1.6.3, 18.5, 21.1.2)			
52.	Güvenlik veri sayfaları mevcuttur Safety data sheets are available (1.4.4, 20.1, 21.4)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
	Aktarılacak ürünlerin tehlikeli özellikleri tartışılır	'	•N	
53.	Hazardous properties of the products to be transferred are discussed (1.2, 1.4)	□ Yes	☐ Yes	
	Tanker/terminal arayüzünün elektrik yalıtımı etkili	[ [		
54.	Electrical insulation of the tanker/terminal interface is effective (12.9.5, 17.4, 18.2.14)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
	Tank havalandırma sistemi ve kapalı çalışma prosedürleri üzerinde anlaşmaya varıldı			
55.	Tank venting system and closed operation procedures are agreed (11.3.3.1.21.4, 21.5, 23.3.3)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
nere	Buhar dönüş hattı işletim parametreleri üzerinde anlaşmaya varıldı		522 SS00	
56.	Vapour return line operational parameters are agreed (11.5, 18.3, 23.7.7)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
57.	Geri doldurmayı önlemek için önlemler kabul edildi Measures to avoid back-filling are agreed (12.1.13.7)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
	Kullanılmayan kargo ve bunker bağlantılarının durumu tatmin edici		_	
58.	Status of unused cargo and bunker connections is satisfactory (23.7.1, 23.7.6)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
	Taşınabilir VHF ve UHF telsizleri kendinden	i I	Si .	
59.	güvenlidir	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
	Portable VHF and UHF radios are intrinsically safe (4.12.4, 21.1.1)			
	Terminalden kargo tankına nitrojen alma prosedürleri üzerinde anlaşmaya varıldı	(Balanas San	M	
60.	Procedures for receiving nitrogen from terminal to	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	



Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
	Date	No	Date	Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-48

PETLINE

PETLÎNE PETROL ÜRÜNLERÎ A.Ş GEMÎ/ TERMÎNAL GÜVENLÎK KONTROL LÎSTESÎ SHIP/SHORE SAFETY CHECK LIST FOrTankers «ISGOTT 6% Edition

FORM NO: PETT-21 REVIZYON:0 2 TARİH: 25.07.2022

#### Additional for chemical tankers - Checks Pre-Transfer

ltem	Check	Tanker Status	1.011111111	Remarks
61.	Üreticiden alınan inhibisyon sertifikası (gerekirse) Inhibition certificate received (if required) from manufacturer	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
62.	Uygun kişisel koruyucu ekipman tanımlanmış ve mevcut Appropriate personal protective equipment identified and available (4.8.1)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
63.	Kargo ile kişisel temasa karşı önlemler kabul edildi Countermeasures against personal contact with cargo are agreed (1.4)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
64.	Yük elleçleme hızı ve valf kapatma süreleri ve otomatik kapatma sistemleri ile ilişkisi kabul edilir Cargo handling rate and relationship with valve closure times and automatic shutdown systems is agreed (16.8, 21.4, 21.5, 21.6)	Yes	Yes	
65.	Kargo sistemi gösterge çalışması ve alarm ayar noktaları onaylandı Cargo system gauge operation and alarm set points are confirmed (12.1.6.6.1)	☐ Yes	□ Yes	
66.	Yeterli taşınabilir buhar algılama cihazları kullanımda Adequate portable vapour detection instruments are in use (2.4)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
67.	Yangınla mücadele araçları ve prosedürleri hakkında bilgi alışverişi yapılır Information on firefighting media and procedures is exchanged (5, 19)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
68.	Taşınan ürün için uygun olduğu onaylanan transfer hortumları  Transfer hoses confirmed suitable for the product being handled (18.2)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
69.	Kargo elleçleme işleminin yalnızca kalıcı olarak kurulmuş bir boru hattı sistemi ile yapıldığını onaylayın Confirm cargo handling is only by a permanent installed	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
70.	pipeline system Inertleştirme veya temizleme için terminalden nitrojen almak için prosedürler mevcuttur. Procedures are in place to receive nitrogen from the terminal for inerting or purging (12.1.14.8)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	



Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
	Date	No	Date	Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-49

**PETLINE** 

#### PETLÍNE PETROL ÜRÜNLERİ A.Ş GEMİ/ TERMİNAL GÜVENLİK KONTROL LİSTESİ SHIP/SHORE SAFETY CHECK LIST For Tankers -ISGOTT 6th Edition

FORM NO: PETT-21 REVIZYON:0 2 TARIH: 25.07.2022

#### Additional for gas tankers - Checks Pre-Transfer

It e	Check	Tanker Status	Terminal Status	Remarks
1.	Ureticiden alınan inhibisyon sertifikası (gerekirse) Inhibition certificate received (if required) from manufacturer	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
2.	Su püskürtme sistemi çalışır durumda Waterspray system is operational (5.3.1,19.4.3)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
73.	Uygun kişisel koruyucu ekipman belirlenir ve kullanılabilir Appropriate personal protective equipment is identified and available(4.8.1)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
74.	Uzaktan kumanda valfleri çalışır durumda Remote control valves are operational	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
75.	Kargo pompaları ve kompresörler çalışır durumda. Cargo pumps and compressors are operational.	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
76.	Maksimum çalışma basınçları tanker ve terminal arasında kararlaştırılır Maximum working pressures are agreed between tanker and terminal (21.4.21.5.21.6)	□ Yes	□ Yes	
7.	Yeniden sıvılaştırma veya kaynama kontrol ekipmanı çalışır durumda Reliquefaction or boil-off control equipment is operational	⊔ Yes	☐ Yes	
8.	Gaz algılama ekipmanı kargo için uygun şekilde ayarlanmıştır Gas detection equipment is appropriately set for the cargo(2.4)	□ Yes	☐ Yes	
9.	Kargo sistemi gösterge çalışması ve alarm ayar noktaları onaylandı Cargo system gauge operation and alarm set points are confirmed (12.1.6.6.1)	□ Yes	☐ Yes	
80.	Acil kapatma sistemi test edildi ve çalışıyor Emergency shutdown system are tested and operational (18.5)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
31.	Yük elleçleme hızı ve valf kapatma süreleri ve otomatik kapatma sistemleri ile ilişkisi kabul edilir Cargo handling rate and relationship with valve closure times and automatic shutdown systems is agreed (16.8,21.4,21.5,21.6)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
82.	Aktarılacak kargonun maksimum/minimum sıcaklıkları/basınçları kararlaştırılır Maximum/minimum temperatures/pressures of the cargo to be transferred are agreed (21.4,21.5,21.6)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
83.	Kargo tanki tahliye valfi ayarlari onaylandi Cargo tanki relief valve settings are confirmed (12.11.21.22.21.4)	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	



Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page	
	Date	No	Date	Nu.	
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-50	

	Part 6. ]	<u>Fanker and Terminal</u> : Agreements Pre-Transfer		
Part 5 Item	Agreement	Details	Tanker initials	Terminal initials
32.	Tanker manevra hazırlığı Tanker manoeuvring readiness	Manevrayatam olarak hazır olmak için ihbar süresi (max) Notoe period (maximum) for full readiness to manoeuvre: Devre dışı kalma süresi (izin veriliyorsa): Period of disablement (if permitted):		
33.	Güvenlik protokolleri: Security protocols:	Güvenlik seviyesi: Security level: Yerel gereksinimler: Local requirements:		
33.	Etkilitanker/terminal iletişimi Effective tanker/terminal communications	Birincil system: Primary system: Yedek system: Backup system:		
35.	Operasyonel denetim ve vardiya Operational supervision and watchkeeping	Tanker: Terminal :		
37. 38.	Ozel sigara içme alanları ve çıplak ışık kısıtlaması Dedicated smoking areas and naked lights restriction	Tanker: Terminal :		
45.	Maksimum rüzgar, akıntı ve deniz/şişme kriterleri veya diğer çevresel faktörler Maximumwind, current and seal'swell criteria or other environmental factors	Kargo transferi durur. Stop cargo transfer: Baglanti sökülür Disconnect: Iskeleden ayrılır Unberth: (Note: Company Recommended Environmental and Operational Limits are available in CTM Chapter— General Port Procedures / STS Transfer operations)		
45. 48.	Kargo, bunker ve balast elleçleme limitleri Limits for cargo, bunkers and ballast handling	Maksimum transfer Maximum transfer rates: Kapanma Topping-off rates: Maxmanifold basıncı:Maximum manifold pressure: Kargo sıcaklığı Cargo temperature: Diğer kısıtlamalar Other limitations:		
45. 48.	Basınç dalgalanma kontrolü Pressure surge control	Minimum number of cargo tanks open: Tank switching protocols: Minimum number of cargo tanks open: Tank switching protocols: Full load rate: Topping-off rate: Closing time of automatic valves:		
46.	Kargo transferi yönetim prosedürleri Cargo transfer management procedures	Eylem bildirim süreleri: Action notice periods: Aktarım durdurma protokolleri Transfer stop protocols:		
50.	Düzenli kontroller için rutin transfer edilen kargo kabul edildi Routinefor regular checks on cargo transferred are agreed	Rutin aktanlan miktar kontrolleri: Routine transferred quantity checks:		
51.	Acil durum sinyalleri Emergency signals	Tanker: Terminal		
55.	Tank havalandırma sistemi Tank venting system	Procedure:		
55.	Kapali operasyonlar Closed operations	Requirements:		
56.	Buhar dönüş hattı Vapour retum line	Operational parameters: Maximum flow rate:		
60.	Terminalden azot beslemesi Nitrogen supply from terminal	Almacak prosedürler Procedures to receive: Maximum pressure: Flow rate:		
83	Yalnızca gaz tankeri için: Kargotankı tahliye vanası ayarları	Tank1 : Tank2		

Particularly and the second states of figures in the laboration



Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
	Date	No	Date	Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-51

I				
P	ET	LI	N	E

#### PETLINE PETROL ÜRÜNLERİ A.Ş GEMİ/TERMİNAL GÜVENLİK KONTROL LİSTESİ SHIP/SHORE SAFETY CHECK LIST ForTankers 4SGOTT 6n Edition

FORM NO: PETT-21 REVIZYON:0 2 TARIH: 25.07.2022

		Part 6. ]	Tanker and Termin	al: Ag	reements	Pre-Transfer			
Part 5	Agreemen	reement			Details			Tanker initials	
	Forgas tanker only:	Forgas tanker only: Tank4 Cargo tank relief valve settings:							
xx	Istisnalar ve ekleme Exceptions and addit	Her iki tarafın da b Special issues that							
	Ship	/ Shore	Safety Checkl	ist – F	Pre-Trans	sfer Checks	,		1
Tarih 2	Zaman Date and Time						2		<b>-</b> − †
Liman			PLATFORM 1						$\neg$
Tanker					Terminal	PETLÍNE KÔ	RFEZ TERMÍN	VAL	$\neg$
	fer Edilecek Orün ets to be transferred:			- 1	<b>.</b>	76.			
		Part 7	A General tanker	chec	ks pre-tran	sfer			
Item		Check		Stat	us	Re	emarks		
84.	Taşınabilir damlama te yerleştirilmiş ve boş Portable drip trays are ( (23.7.5)		Sans 2 700 W 27	□Ye	s				
85.	Bireysel kargo tankı a kargo planı için sabitlı Indvidual cargo tank in secured for cargo plan		□Ye	rs .					
86.	Oksijen içeriği %5'ten fazla olmayan inert sağlayan inert gaz sistemi lnet gas system delivering inert gas with oxy content not more than 5% (11.1.3)		s with oxygen	□ Ye	rs				
87.	Kargo tankı yüksek se durumda Cargo tank high level ai (12.1.6.6.1)	eviye alarm	lan çalışır	□Ye	rs.				
88.	Tüm kargo, balastve t emniyete alınmıştır. All cargo, ballast and bi secured (23.3)		A STATE OF THE STATE OF	□ Ye	rs.				
Forta	nkers that will perfo	orm tank	cleaning alongs	ide an	d/or gas	freeing alon	gside		
	Part 70	C. <u>Tanker</u> :	checks prior to ta	ank cle	aning and	Vor gas freein	g		
Item		Check		Stat	us	Re	emarks		
91.	Tank temizleme işlem Permission for tank oles (21.2.3, 21.4, 25.4.3)			□ Ye	es				
92.	Gazdan arındırma operasyonları için izin on Permission for gas freeing operations is confim (12.4.3)			□ Ye	rs .				
93.	Tank temizleme prosedürleri kabul edildi		ed (12.3.2, 21.4,	□ Ye	rs				
94.	Kargotankı girişi gerekliyse, giriş prosedürleri terminal ile anlaşmaya varılmıştır. If cargo tank entry is required, procedures for entry have been agreed with the terminal (10.5)		□ Ye	rs					
95.	have been agreed with the terminal (10.5)  Stop karşılama tesisleri ve gereksinimleri onaylandı  Stop reception facilities and requirements are confirmed (12.1, 21.2, 21.4)			□ Ye	15				

Do not change the numbering of items in the checklist...



Document Nu.	Release Rev. Date No		Revision Date	Page Nu.	
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-52	

#### PETLINE

#### PETLINE PETROL ÜRÜNLERİ A.Ş GEMİ/TERMİNAL GÜVENLİK KONTROL LİSTESİ SHIP/SHORE SAFETY CHECK LIST ForTankers -ISGOTT 6n Edition

FORM NO: PETT-21 REVIZYON:0 2 TARIH: 25.07.2022

Declaration							
We the undersigned have checked the items in the applicable parts 1 to 7 as marked and signed below:							
	Tanker	Terminal					
Part 1A. Tanker: Checks pre-arrival		0					
Part 1B. Tanker: Checks pre-arrival if using an inert gas system		0					
Part 2. Terminal: checks pre-arrival							
Part 3. Tanker: checks after mooring		0					
Part 4. Terminal: checks after mooring							
Part 5A. Tanker and terminal: pre-transfer conference		0					
Part 5B. Tanker and terminal: bulk liquid chemicals. Checks pre-transfer	п	0					
Part 6. Tanker and terminal: agreements pre-transfer		0					
Part 7A. General tanker: checks pre-transfer		0					
Part 7C. Tanker: checks prior to tank cleaning and/or gas freeing							
Gemi, tamamlanmış Bölüm 2, 4 ve 9'un kopyalarını terminalden talep etmiştir, ancak terminalin dahili süreci nedeniyle kopyalar gemi ile paylaşılmamıştır. Vessel has requested for copies of completed Part 2, 4 and 9 from the terminal, however due to terminal's internal process, the copies were not shared with the vessel.	(Tick if applicable	ę					
ISGOTT un 25. bölümünde belirtilen kılavuza uygun olarak, yaptığımız girişlerin bitanker ile terminalin transfer operasyonunu üstlenmek için anlaştıklarından men Ayrıca, ISGOTT SSSCL'nin 8. ve 9. bölümlerinde belirtilen, tanker için saatten fazla olmayan aralıklarla yapılması gereken tekrarlaya ettik. Bildiğimiz kadarıyla herhangi bir öğenin durumu değişirse, diğer tarafı der In accordance with the guidance noted in chapter 25 of ISGOTT, we are satisfied that the best of our knowledge and that the tanker and terminal are in agreement to undert. We have also agreed to carry out the repetitive checks noted in parts 8 and 9 of the IS intervals of not more than hours (Shall not exceed 4 hours) for the tanker and terminal.  If, to our knowledge, the status of any item changes, we will immediately inform the other.	nnunuz. atten (4 saati geçme n kontrolleri gergi hal bilgilendirecegi the entries we have n ake the transfer opera GOTT SSSCL, which not more than	ryecek) ve terminal ekleştirmeyi kabul z. nade are correct to ation.					

Tanker			Terminal
Name		Name	
Rank	Chief Officer	Rank	Terminal Manager
Signature		Signature	
Date		Date	
Time		Time	



Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page	
	Date	No	Date	Nu.	
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-53	

PETLINE

#### GEMI/TERMINAL GÜVENLIK KONTROL LISTESI SHIP/SHORE SAFETY CHECK LIST For Tankers -ISGOTT 6n Edition

PETT-21 REVIZYON:0 2 TARIH: 25.07.2022

<b>D</b> -	petitiv	 	1

	Part 8. <u>Tanker</u> : repetitive checks during and after transfer										
Item Ref	Check	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Remarks			
Inten	val time:hrs										
8.	Inert gaz sistemi basıncı ve oksijen kaydı çalışır durumda Inert gas system pressure and oxygen recording operational	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes				
9.	Inert gaz sistemi ve ilgili tüm ekipmanlar çalışır durumda Inert gas system and all associated equipment are operational	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes				
11.	Kargotankı atmosferleri pozitif basınçta Cargotank atmospheres are at positive pressure	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes				
18.	Bağlama düzenlemesi etkilidir Mooring arrangement is effective	□ Yes	Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes				
19.	Tankere giriş ve çıkış güvenli Access to and from the tanker is safe	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes				
20.	Frengiler kapalı Scuppers and save-alls are plugged	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes				
23.	Ost güverte dış açıklıklar kontrol edilir External openings in superstructures are controlled	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes				
24.	Pompa odası havalandırması etkilidir Pumproom ventilation is effective	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes				
28.	Tanker, kararlaştırılan bildirim süresinde hareket etmeye hazır Tanker is ready to move at agreed notice period	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes				
29.	Usturmaçalar etkili Fendering is effective	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes				
33.	lletişim etkilidir Communications are effective	□ Yes	☐ m ve vardiya yeterli Supervision and watchkeeping is adequate	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes		
36.	Acil bir durumla başa çıkmak için yeterli personel mevcut Sufficient personnel are available to deal with an emergency	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes				



Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
	Date	No	Date	Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-54

PETLINE

#### PETLÎNE PETROL ÜRÜNLERÎ A.Ş GEMÎ / TERMÎNAL GÜVENLÎK KONTROL LÎSTESÎ SHIP/SHORE SAFETY CHECK LÎST For Tankers -ISGOTT 6n Edition

FORM NO: PETT-21 REVIZYON:0 2 TARIH: 25.07.2022

2	Part 8. <u>Tanker</u> : repetitive checks during and after transfer							
Item Ref	Check	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Remarks
37.	Sigara içme kısıtlamalarına ve belirlenmiş sigara içme alanlarına uyulur Smoking areas designated smoking areas are complied with	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	
38.	Açık alev kısıtlamalarına uyulur Naked light restrictions are complied with	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	
39.	Tehlikeli bölgelerdeki elektrikli cihaz ve ekipmanların kontrolüne uyulur. Control of electrical devices and equipment in hazardous zones is compiled with	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
40. 41. 42. 51.	Acil müdahale hazırlığı tatmin edicidir Emergency response preparedness is satisfactory	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	
54.	Tanker/terminal arayüzünün elektrik yalıtımı etkili Electrical insulation of the tanker/terminal interface is effective	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	
55.	Tank havalandırma sistemi ve kapalı çalışma prosedürleri kararlaştırıldığı gibidir Tank venting system and closed operation procedures are as agreed	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	
85.	Münferit kargo tankı inert gaz valfleri ayarları kararlaştırıldığı gibidir Individual cargo tank inert gas valves settings are as agreed	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	N/A
86.	Inert gaz dağıtımı %5'ten fazla olmayan oksijende korunur Inert gas delivery maintainedat not more than 5 % oxygen	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	N/A
87.	Kargo tankı yüksek seviye alarmları çalışır durumda Cargo tank high level alamıs are operational	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	
	Initials							



Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
	Date	No	Date	Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-55

PETLINE

# PETLINE PETROL ÜRÜNLERİ A.Ş GEMİ/TERMİNAL GÜVENLİK KONTROL LİSTESİ SHIP/SHORE SAFETY CHECK LIST FOrTankers 4SGOTT 66 Edition

FORM NO:PETT-21 REVIZYON:0 2 TARIH: 25.07.2022

	Part 8. <u>Tanker</u> : repetitive checks during and after transfer								
Item Ref	Check	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Remarks	
37.	Sigara içme kısıtlamalarına ve belirlenmiş sigara içme alanlarına uyulur Smoking restrictions and designated smoking areas	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes		
38.	are complied with Açık alev kısıtlamalarına uyulur Naked light restrictions are complied with	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes		
39.	Tehlikeli bölgelerdeki elektrikli cihaz ve ekipmanların kontrolüne uyulur. Control of electrical devices and equipment in hazardous zones is complied with	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	Yes		
40. 41. 42. 51.	Acil müdahale hazırlığı tatmin edicidir Emergency response preparedness is sabsfactory	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes		
54.	Tanker/terminal arayüzünün elektrik yalıtımı etkili Electrical insulation of the tanker/terminal interface is effective	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes		
55.	Tank havalandırma sistemi ve kapalı çalışma prosedürleri kararlaştırıldığı gibidir Tank venting system and closed operation procedures are as agreed	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes		
85.	Münferit kargo tanki inert gaz valfleri ayarları kararlaştırıldığı gibidir Individual cargo tank inert gas valves settings are as agreed	□Yes	□ Yes	□Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes		
86.	Inert gaz dağıtımı %5'ten fazla olmayan oksijende korunur Inert gas delivery maintained at not more than 5 % oxygen	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes		
87.	Kargo tank yüksek seviye alarmları çalışır durumda Cargo tank high level alarms are operational	□ Yes	] Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	Yes	☐ Yes		
	Initials								



Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
	Date	No	Date	Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-56

PETLINE

#### PETLINE PETROL ÜRÜNLERİ A.Ş GEMİ/TERMİNAL GÜVENLİK KONTROL LISTESİ SHIP/SHORE SAFETY CHECK LIST ForTankers -ISGOTT 6n Edition

| NLERİ A.Ş |K KONTROL | PETT-21 |REVIZYON:0 |ECK LIST | 2 TARİH: |b Edition | 25.07.2022

		erminal: r empleted						
Ite m	Check	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Remarks
Inter	val time: hrs							
18.	Bağlamadüzənlemesi etkilidir Mooring arrangement is effective	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	
19.	Tankere girls ve çıkış güvenil Access to and from the terminal is safe	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	
29.	Usturmaçalar etkill Fendering is effective	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
32.	Dökülime önleme ve hazneler güvenil Spili containment and sumps are secure	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	
33.	liebşim etkilidir Communications are effective	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
35.	Gözlem ve vardiya yeterli Supervision and watchkeeping is adequate	□ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
36.	Acil bir durumla başa çıkmak için yeterli personel mevcut Sufficient personnel are available to deal with an emergency	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	
37.	Sigara içme kısıtlamalarına ve belirlenmiş sigara içme alanlarına uyulur Smoking restrictions and designated smoking areas are complied with	□ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
38.	Açık alev kısıtlamalarına uyulur Naked light restrictions are complied with	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
39.	Tehlikeli bölgelerdeki elektrikli cihaz kontrolüne uyulur. Controlof electrical devloes and equipment in hazardous zones is compiled with	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
40.	Acil müdahale hazırlığı tatmin edicidir							
41.	Emergency response preparedness is satisfactory	□ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
47. 51.	sair a Barran and a							
54.	Tanker/terminal arayüzünün elektrik yalıtımı etkill Electrical insulation of the tanker/terminal interface is effective	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	
55.	Tank havalandırma eletemi ve kapalı çalışma prosedürleri karafaştırıldığı gibidir Tank venting system and dosed operation procedures are as agreed	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	
	Initials							



Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
	Date	No	Date	Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-57

PETLINE

#### PETLÍNE PETROL ÜRÜNLERİ A.Ş GEMİ/TERMİNAL GÜVENLİK KONTROL LİSTESİ SHIP/SHORE SAFETY CHECK LİST ForTankers -ISGOTT 6n Edition

FORM NO: PETT-21 REVIZYON:0 2 TARIH: 25.07.2022

	Pattern Committee of the Committee of th		epetitive by Termi												
lte m	Check	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Remarks							
Interv	val time:hrs														
18.	Bağlama düzenlemesi ebilildir Mooring arrangement is effective	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes								
19.	Tankere girls ve cikes güvenil Access to and from the terminal is safe	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes								
29.	Usturmaçalar etkill Fendering is effective	☐ Yes  Dökülme önleme ve hazneler güvenli Spil containment and sumps are secure	□ Yes  lietişim etkilidir Communications are effective	☐ Yes  Gözlem ve vardiya yeterli Supervision and watchkeeping is adequate	□ Yes	☐	Acil bir durumla başa çıkmak için yeteril personel mevcut Sufficient personnel are available to deal with an emergency	□ Yes  Sigara icme kısıtlamalarına ve belirlenmiş sigara içme alanlarına uyulur Smoking restrictions and designated smoking areas are compiled with	□ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	
38.	Açık alev kısıtlamalarına uyulur Naked light restrictions are compiled with	□ Yes	☐	Tehlikeli bölgelerdeki elektrikli cihaz kontrolüne uyutur. Control of electrical devloes and equipment in hazardous zones is complied with	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes					
40. 41. 47. 51.	Acil mūdahale hazirliği tatmin edicidir Emergency response preparedness is satisfactory	□ Yes  Tanker/terminal araytizinün elektrik yairbmi etxili Electrical insulation of the tanker/terminal interface is effective	□ Yes  Tank havalandırma sistemi ve kapalı çalışma prosedürleri kararlaştınldığı gibidir Tank venting system and dosed operation procedures are as agreed	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes						
	Initials														



Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page
	Date	No	Date	Nu.
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-58

PETLINE

#### PETLINE PETROL ÜRÜNLERİ A.Ş GEMİ/TERMİNAL GÜVENLİK KONTROL LISTESI SHIP/SHORE SAFETY CHECK LIST ForTankers -ISGOTT 6n Edition

FORM NO: PETT-21 REVIZYON:0 2 TARIH: 25.07.2022

	1	1	ľ	1	uring and	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		
Ref	Check	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Remarks
Inter	val time: hrs							
8.	Inert gaz sistemi basıncı ve oksijen kaydı çalışır durumda İnertgas system pressure and oxygen recording operational	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	
9.	Inert gaz sistemi ve ilgili tüm ekipmanlar çalışır durumda İnert gas system and all associated equipment are operational	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
11.	Kargo tankı atmosferleri pozitif basınçta Cargo tank atmospheres are at positive pressure	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	
18.	Bağlama düzenlemesi etkilidir Mooring arrangement is effective	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	Yes	
19.	Tankere giriş ve çıkış güvenli Access to and from the tanker is safe	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
20.	Frengiler kapalı Scuppers and save-alls are plugged	□ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
23.	Ost güverte dış açıklıklar kontrol edilir External openings in superstructures are controlled	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	
24.	Pompa odası havalandırması etkilidir Pumproom ventilation is effective	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	
28.	Tanker, kararlaştırıları bildirim süresinde hareket etmeye hazır Tanker is ready to move	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	
29.	at agreed notice period  Usturmaçalar etkili Fendering is effective	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
33.	lletişim etkilidir Communications are effective	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	
35.	Gözlem ve vardiya yeterli Supervision and watchkeeping is adequate	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	
	Acil bir durumla başa çıkmak için yeterli	=						

	Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.				
	20.04.2022 4 27.09.2022 10-5								
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE								

#### 11.22 Pipeline, Tank and Pump Cleaning

#### 1- Evacuation Works

- **a.** The liquid product remaining in the tank, line (by sweeping the line) and pump is discharged.
- **b.** Any residue from the product is discharged with the help of heating, water and steam.
- **c.** It is checked whether there is liquid and sedimentary product in the tank, line and pump.
- **d.** According to the control result, if there is still product and sediment, it enters the tank after aeration and manually discharges the remaining product with the supervisor using the necessary equipment.

#### 2-) Ventilating the Tank

- **e-** to Open the manhole and measurement covers of the tank where the product is discharged, and let it ventilate for an appropriate time.
- **f.** If time is limited, the tank is ventilated with the help of an ex-proof (electrical and gasproof) fan. By turning the drain valves on the evacuated line to the open position, the line is allowed to ventilate for the appropriate time.

#### 3-) Cleaning the Tank, Line or Pump with appropriate methods and materials

- **g.** The line, tank or pump should be cleaned using cold hot pressurized water, solutions/solvents, steam, appropriate apparatus at stages and times in accordance with the procedure.
- h. Cleaning is physically controlled.
- **I.** Cleaning steps are repeated as necessary.
- **j.** Cleaning is done by installing an ex-proof submersible pump or a diaphragm wilden pump working with compressed air for the discharge of cleaning liquids at the bottom of the tank.
- **k.** The cleaning liquids at the bottom of the tank are discharged with a submersible pump and a wilden (diaphragm) pump.
- **l.** It discharges the remaining cleaning liquids and water through the drain valves.
- **m.** For liquids that cannot be discharged, it discharges the liquid by separating the flanges of the line, if any, or by separating the blind flanges.

#### 4-) Drying the tank, line or pump

- **a.** It applies natural aeration processes to the line, pump or tank that has been cleaned and is free of cleaning fluids.
- **b.** It is dried by giving steam, if any, from the monitoring pipes of the line, which has been cleaned and purified from cleaning liquids, and the serpentine pipes of the tank.
- **c.** It is dried by wiping the remaining moisture and wetting in the tank with the help of a cloth.

# 5-) Informing the relevant department about maintenance and repair needs after cleaning

- **a.** Performs physical and functional controls after cleaning.
- **b.** Determines maintenance and repair needs according to controls.
- **c.** Notifies the relevant services for the necessary maintenance and controls.



Document Nu.	Release Date	Rev. No	Revision Date	Page Nu.		
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-60		
DANCEDOUS COODS SAFETY CHIDE						

#### 12 ABBREVIATIONS

VHF: Marine Band Radio CTU: Freight Transport Unit

IMDG: International Dangerous Goods Guide IMO: International Maritime Organization ILO: International Workers Organization

**UN**: United Nations

**PEAR**: Harmful to People, Environment, Property and Reputation

**UATF**: National Waste Transport Form

**AFAD**: Disaster and Emergency Management Presidency

SDS/ SDS: Material Safety Data Sheet

#### 13 PRESENTATION

This Guide is valid for the entry and presence of dangerous goods in port, both on board and on shore. It is intended to make it convenient for all ships to visit people within reach of their banner. It should not be applied to ships' stores and equipment, or to troop transports and warships.

It can be helpful to the persons and organizations that prepare the transportation vehicles in Turkey, that you can make all possible situations of the loads that can be loaded in the said sale possible only without creating a model for exceptional situations.

In use and use, which can avoid misunderstanding of definitions.

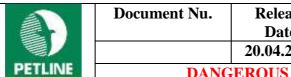
#### 14 DEFINITIONS

**Interface** means a dock, pier, breakwater, quay, wharf, marine terminal or similar structure (floating or not) to which a ship can be moored. This includes any facility or property other than the vessel used directly or indirectly for the loading or unloading of dangerous cargoes.

**Port Facility** means any person or institution that controls the operation of a port on a daily basis.

**Bulk means** cargoes intended to be transported in a tank permanently fixed on or inside the Ship or without a bulkhead for storage in the cargo area that is a structural part of a ship.

**Cargo companies** means a shipper (shipper), carrier, forwarder, groupage agent, packing center or any person, company or institution involved in any of the following activities: identification, containment, packaging, packaging, securing of dangerous cargoes, Receiving cargo in port, transporting it by sea



tiit Mu.	Release	Kev. Kevision		1 age				
	Date	No	Date	Nu.				
	20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-61				
DANGEROUG GOODG GAFEETY GUIDE								

and always have control over the cargo in relation to its labeling, placarding or documentation.

**Certificate** of Conformity means a document issued by or on behalf of the Administration in accordance with the relevant laws for the ship's structure and equipment, certifying that the ship's structure and equipment are suitable for the dangerous cargoes to be transported on the ship.

**Dangerous goods**, within the scope of the following documents, means any of the following cargoes, whether they are packaged, packaged or transported in bulk:

- oils covered by Annex I to MARPOL 73/78;
- Gases covered by the Laws for the structure and equipment of ships carrying Liquefied Gases in bulk;
- Toxic liquid substances/chemicals, including waste, covered by law for the construction and equipment of ships carrying MARPOL 73/78 Annex II and Bulk Hazardous Chemicals;
- Solid materials in bulk containing chemical hazards and solid hazardous materials in bulk (MHBs), including wastes covered by group B annexes in the safety practices for solid bulk cargoes (BC Code);
- Harmful substances in packaged form (covered by Annex III of MARPOL 73/78); and
- **Hazardous substances**, materials or substances (covered by the IMDG Code).

The term dangerous goods also includes any uncleaned packaging that has previously been transported dangerous cargo (tank-container casing, bulk compartment intermediate containers) if it has been filled with a substance that is not classified as dangerous or has been purged of gases to neutralize any dangerous goods and if the residues of the dangerous cargoes have not been sufficiently removed (IBCs), bulk packagings, portable tanks or tank vehicles).

**Certificate of Conformity** means a document issued by or on behalf of the Administration to a ship carrying dangerous goods in bulk in solid form or in packaged form under SOLAS regulation II-2/19.4, which proves that the structure and equipment comply with the requirements of the regulation.

**Flexible conduit** refers to flexible hose and end connections containing sealed end means used for the transfer of dangerous cargoes.

**Handling**, including interim holding operations such as the temporary storage of dangerous cargoes in the port area during their transport from the point of origin to the destination route for the purpose of changing the means and methods of transport and movement within the port, which forms part of the transport supply chain for cargoes, and from a ship, rail car, vehicle, freight It includes loading or unloading operations from a container or another transport vehicle, intermediate transport between ships or other modes of transport, or transfer within a ship or in a warehouse or terminal area. This term has been

	Document Nu.	Release	Rev.	Revision	Page	
		Date	No	Date	Nu.	
		20.04.2022	4	27.09.2022	10-62	
PETLINE	DANGEROUS GOODS SAFETY GUIDE					

expanded to include all operations related to dangerous goods in the port area. .

**Hot work** means any open fire and flame, power tools or hot rivets, grinding, welding, burning, cutting, welding or other repair work involving heat or causing sparks, which may become dangerous due to the presence or proximity of dangerous loads.

**Captain** means the person in command of a ship. Pilot is not included.

**Packing** refers to the packaging, loading and loading of dangerous cargoes to recipients, intermediate containers for bulk transport (IBCs), freight containers, tank containers, portable tanks, railroad wagons, bulk containers, vehicles, ship barges or other cargo transport units.

**Pipeline**: means all pipes, connections, valves and other auxiliary facilities, apparatus and equipment in a port related to or used for the loading of dangerous cargoes, but any pipe, apparatus or equipment of the ship

excluding the ends of the parts of the pipe, apparatus or equipment of the ship to which the flexible pipes are connected. shall not include the piece of equipment, the flexible pipe, the loading arm.

**The port area** means the land and sea area determined by the legislation.